

A SUMMARY OF LEGISLATION
TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED

by the

98th General Assembly

First Regular Session



2015

Prepared by the
Divisions of Research, Computer Information Systems
and Administration
of the
MISSOURI SENATE

SPONSOR: Schmitt

HANDLER: Cornejo

CCS/HCS/SS/SCS/SB 5 - This act modifies provisions relating to local government.

MUNICIPAL MINIMUM STANDARDS (Section 67.287)

This provision creates minimum standards for municipal governance and creates a remedy process for citizens who believe the minimum standards are not being met.

NOTIFICATION OF CREATION AND DISSOLUTION OF MUNICIPAL COURTS (Section 479.155)

This provision requires the presiding judge of the circuit court in which each municipal division is located to notify the clerk of the Supreme Court of the name and address of the municipal division by September 1, 2016. This provision also requires the presiding judge of the circuit court in which each municipal division is located to notify the clerk of the Supreme Court if a municipality elects to abolish the municipal division. This provision also requires the Missouri Supreme Court to develop rules regarding conflict of interest for any prosecutor, defense attorney, or judge that has a pending case before the municipal division of any circuit court.

CONDITIONS FOR MINOR TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS (Section 479.353)

These provisions create conditions for the prosecution of minor traffic violations including: limiting the fines imposed when combined with court costs to \$300, prohibiting sentencing to confinement for the underlying violation (except for certain classes of violation) or failure to pay a fine (except when a violation of terms of probation), and requiring criminal case court costs to be assessed unless the defendant is indigent or the case is dismissed.

INCOME TAX REFUND SETOFF TO PAY FINES (479.356)

This provision allows for a request for an income tax refund setoff for unpaid court costs, fines, fees, or other sums ordered by a municipal court in excess of twenty-five dollars.

MACK'S CREEK LAW (Section 479.359)

This provision replaces the restrictions on annual general operating revenue from traffic fines originally contained in section 302.341, which this act repeals. This provision requires the limit on annual general operating revenue from traffic fines to be reduced from 30% to 20% effective January 1, 2016, except for municipalities with a fiscal year beginning on any date other than January 1, in which case the reduction shall begin on the first day of the immediately following fiscal year. St. Louis County and municipalities within that county are restricted to 12.5% of annual general operating revenue from traffic fines.

FINANCIAL REPORT ADDENDUMS (Sections 479.359 and 479.360)

These provisions require all counties, cities, towns, and villages to submit an addendum with their annual financial report to the State Auditor with an accounting of annual general operating revenue, total revenues from fines, bond forfeitures, and court costs for traffic violations, and the percent of annual general operating revenue from traffic violations. This addendum shall be signed by a representative with knowledge of the subject matter as to the accuracy of the addendum contents, under oath and under penalty of perjury, and witnessed by a notary public. These provisions also require all counties, cities, towns, and villages to submit an addendum signed by its municipal judge certifying substantial compliance with certain municipal court procedures.

REVIEW OF ANNUAL GENERAL OPERATING REVENUE (Section 479.362)

These provisions require the State Auditor to report to the Director of Revenue whether or not the financial report addendums were timely filed and to forward all addendums to the Director of Revenue.

SPONSOR: Schmitt

HANDLER: Cornejo

These provisions also require the Director of Revenue to review the addendums filed by municipalities as required in section 479.359 and 479.360 to determine if any municipality failed to file the required addendums or remit excess revenues. Municipalities determined by the Director of Revenue to have failed to remit the excess amount of annual general operating revenue or file the required addendums may seek judicial review of the finding by the Director of Revenue under certain circumstances. Upon final determination made that a municipality failed to remit excess revenues or timely file the addendums, any matters pending in the municipal court shall be certified to the circuit court in which the municipal division is located and reassigned to other divisions within the circuit court and all revenues generated shall be considered excess revenues and the municipal court with original jurisdiction shall not be entitled to the revenues.

FAILURE TO TIMELY FILE OR REMIT EXCESS REVENUES (Section 479.368)

These provisions provide that any county, city, town, or village failing to timely file or remit excess revenues from traffic fines shall not receive any amount of moneys to which the county, city, town, or village would otherwise be entitled to receive from local sales tax revenues during the period of noncompliance for failure to file and the amount that the county, city, town, or village failed to remit to the Director of the Department of Revenue shall be distributed to the schools in the county. These provisions also provide that any county, city, town, or village failing to timely file or remit excess revenues from traffic fines shall not receive any amount of moneys to which the county, city, town, or village would otherwise be entitled to receive from county sales tax pool revenues during the period of noncompliance for failure to file and the amount that the county, city, town, or village failed to remit to the Director of the Department of Revenue shall be distributed to the schools in the county. These provisions also require an election automatically be held upon the question of disincorporation for any county, city, town, or village which has failed to remit excess revenues. The Director is required to notify the election authorities and the county governing body in which the city, town, or village is located of the election. The county governing body is required to give notice of the election for eight consecutive weeks prior to the election by publication. Upon the affirmative vote of sixty percent of those persons voting on the question, the county governing body is required to disincorporate the city, town, or village. For disincorporation of a county, the procedure shall comply with Article VI, Section 5 of the Constitution of Missouri.

SEVERABILITY

This provision provides that if any provision of this act or their application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.

MICHELA BIRK

SPONSOR: Munzlinger

HANDLER: Houghton

HCS/SS/SCS/SB 12 - This act modifies provisions relating to agriculture.

URBAN AGRICULTURAL ZONES (Section 262.900) - The act adds a definition for "mobile unit" and modifies the definition of "processing UAZ" to include produce. Under this act, any local sales tax revenues received from the sale of agricultural products sold by a mobile unit associated with a vending UAZ shall also be deposited into the Urban Agricultural Zone Fund. Fund moneys shall be split evenly between school districts providing certain curriculum and municipalities for UAZ improvements.

SPONSOR: Munzlinger

HANDLER: Houghton

Municipalities allocation of fund moneys shall be based upon the municipality's percentage of local sales tax revenues deposited into the fund.

This provision is substantially similar to SS/SCS/HCS/HB 1326 (2014) and SS/SCS/SB 850 (2014).

BEEF COMMODITY MERCHANDISING PROGRAM (Section 275.352) - Currently, state fees are not allowed to be collected by the beef commodity merchandising program in excess of a commensurate amount credited against a federal assessment of beef producers. This act establishes a referendum procedure for the beef commodity council to follow in order to collect state fees, which includes submitting a petition to the Director of the Department of Agriculture. Once the Director receives the petition, the Director shall perform certain tasks including determining the legal sufficiency of the petition, establishing a list of beef producers, holding a public hearing, publishing a notice to beef producers, providing forms for beef producers to register with the Department, approving or disapproving the petition, and holding a referendum. No referendum to change the amount of the fee may be held within 12 months of a referendum conducted for a similar purpose. Fees collected shall be remitted to the Missouri Beef Industry Council.

This provision is identical to HCS/HB 141 (2015), and is similar to HB 146 (2015), SB 138 (2015), SB 208 (2015), SB 591 (2014), HB 1496 (2014), SS/SCS/HCS/HB 1326 (2014), HCS/SB 506 (2014), and HCS/HB 1640 (2014).

MISSOURI LIVESTOCK MARKETING LAW (Section 277.040) - This act requires that all license fees collected by the Department of Agriculture under the Missouri Livestock Marketing Law not yield revenue greater than the costs of administering the Missouri Livestock Marketing Law during the ensuing year.

This provision is identical to HB 146 (2015), SB 137 (2015), SCS/HCS/HB 1326 (2014), HB 1640 (2014), HCS/SB 506 (2014), and HCS/SB 591 (2014).

CERTIFIED COMMERCIAL PESTICIDE APPLICATORS (Section 281.065) - Currently, a certified commercial pesticide applicator must furnish evidence of financial responsibility with the Director of the Department of Agriculture in order to receive a license. Currently, the amount of the surety bond or liability insurance required is \$25,000 for property damage and bodily injury. Under this act, the amount is modified to \$50,000 for each occurrence. Further, the applicator is not required to furnish such evidence for license renewal, unless upon request. If the Director so requests, the applicator shall furnish such evidence within 10 days of receiving the request. The Director shall be notified of cancellation or reduction of financial responsibility for any applicator or employer of the applicator. The applicator or applicator's employer shall also maintain evidence of financial responsibility at their business location. If the financial responsibility furnished becomes unsatisfactory, new financial responsibility instruments shall be immediately executed and maintained at the business location, or the applicator's license may be affected as set forth in this act.

This provision is identical to HB 100 (2015), HB 138 (2015), HB 146 (2015), and SB 132 (2015). This provision is substantially similar to HCS/HB 1952 (2014), SCS/HCS/HB 1326 (2014), HCS/SB 506 (2014), SCS/SB 888 (2014), and HCS/SB 591 (2014).

WEIGHT LIMITATIONS ON VEHICLES HAULING MILK & LIVESTOCK (Section 304.180) - This act adds livestock to the current milk exemption for weight limitations on highways, and applies such

SPONSOR: Munzlinger

HANDLER: Houghton

exemption to all highways with the exception of Interstates. This act also allows weight limitations to be exceeded by as much as 10% on highways for hauling grain and grain co-products during harvest.

This provision is identical to a provision in HCS/HB 388 (2015) and SCS/SB 131 (2015). This provision is similar to HCS/HB 388 (2015), HB 146 (2015), SS/SCS/HCS/HB 1326 (2014), HCS/SB 506 (2014), HB 1214 (2014), HCS/HBs 1235 & 1214 (2014), HCS/HB 1640 (2014), and SCS/HCS/HB 1937 (2014).

FUEL LABELING (Section 414.300) - This act requires the Department of Agriculture to promulgate rules regarding the labeling of motor fuel pumps.

This provision is similar to HCS/SB 506 (2014) and SS/SCS/HCS/HB 1326 (2014).

FOREIGN OWNERSHIP OF AGRICULTURAL LAND (Sections 442.571) - Currently, no sale of agricultural land shall occur unless approved by the Director of the Department of Agriculture. Instead, this act only requires that the sale of agricultural land be submitted to the Director if there is no completed IRS Form W-9 signed by the purchaser. Further, this act states that no security interest in agricultural land acquired in violation of certain sections shall be divested or invalidated by such violation.

This provision is identical to HB 29 (2015), HB 146 (2015), SS/SCS/HCS/HB 1326 (2014) and HCS/SB 506 (2014), and is substantially similar to HB 1918 (2014). This act is similar to HB 260 (2015), HB 698 (2015), and SB 292 (2015).

LIVESTOCK ACTIVITY WAIVER OF LIABILITY (Section 537.325) - Currently, equine activity sponsors and equine professionals are not liable for an injury or death of a participant resulting from the inherent risks of equine activities. This act extends this waiver of liability to livestock activity sponsors, livestock owners, livestock facilities, livestock auction markets, and any of their employees for any injury or death of a participant resulting from the inherent risks of livestock activities. This waiver of liability does not extend to all circumstances as set forth in this act.

Currently, equine activity sponsors are required to post a warning signs on or near stables, corrals, or arenas where equine activities are conducted. This act extends this warning sign requirement to places where livestock activities are conducted.

This provision is identical to HB 146 (2015), HB 467 (2015), SB 133 (2015), SB 209 (2015), HB 375 (2015), SB 671 (2014), SS/SCS/HCS/HB 1326 (2014), HCS/SB 506 (2014), SCS/HCS/HB 1937 (2014), HCS/SB 591 (2014), and is substantially similar to HB 1209 (2014), HCS/HB 1640 (2014).

This act is similar to HB 146 (2015), SS/SCS/HCS/HB 1326 (2014), and HCS/SB 506 (2014).

KAYLA CRIDER

SPONSOR: Kraus

HANDLER: Hoskins

SCS/SB 18 - This act requires the Department of Revenue to notify sellers if there has been a change in the interpretation of sales or use tax laws that modifies which items of personal property or services are taxable. Notification is only required if the modification is not one that a reasonable person would have expected based on prior laws or regulations. If the Department fails to notify a seller of the change, the

SPONSOR: Kraus

HANDLER: Hoskins

seller will not be liable for the additional taxes to be collected until the seller is notified. The waiver of liability shall not apply to sellers that had prior notice or who have previously remitted tax on the property or service which is the subject of the change in interpretation. Notification may be by mail, e-mail, or secure electronic means of direct communication. The Department is also required to update its website with information regarding modifications in sales or use tax law.

This act is similar to HB 299 (2015), HB 695 (2015), HB 1026 (2015), SB 662 (2014), and HB 2149 (2014). This act is similar to a provision in SB 15 (2015) and CCS/SCS/SB 612 (2014).

MIKE HAMMANN

SPONSOR: Kraus

HANDLER: Jones

SCS/SB 19 - Currently, in determining what portion of a corporation's income is taxable in Missouri, the business may use a method whereby the ratio of instate sales to total sales is multiplied by the net income. A method for determining whether sales of tangible property are to be considered instate is already established in current law. This act specifies a process for all other sales.

For sales of real property or rentals of tangible personal property, the portion of the property sold or rented that is located in this state will be considered an instate sale. For sales of service, the portion of the benefits delivered to an ultimate beneficiary in this state will be considered an instate sale.

For rentals or licenses of intangible property, the portion used in this state by the rentee or licensee will be considered an instate sale. Intangible property used for marketing will be considered used in this state if the good or service being marketed is purchased by a consumer in this state. Franchise fees or royalties for intangible property are considered used in this state if the franchise is located in this state.

For sales of intangible property, the portion of the sale used in this state will be considered an instate sale. If the sale is for the right to conduct business activity in a certain geographic area, the sale will be instate if the geographic area is in this state. If receipts for sales of intangible property are dependent on use or productivity, such sale shall be considered a lease or rental of intangible property. All sales of intangible property other than the right to conduct business in a specific area or sales with receipts contingent on productivity or use will be excluded from the sales factor when determining corporate income tax.

If it can not be determined or reasonably approximated that a sale occurs in this state, such sale shall be excluded from the sales factor for corporate income taxation.

This provision is similar to HB 321 (2015) and HB 2215 (2014). This provision is similar to a provision in CCS/HCS/SB 662 (2014), SCS/HCS/HB 1296 (2014), SS/SCS/HB 1865 (2014), CCS/HCS/SB 584 (2014), CCS/SCS/SB 612 (2014), HCS/SB 693 (2014), and HCS#2/SCS/SB 777 (2014).

MIKE HAMMANN

SPONSOR: Kraus

HANDLER: Jones

SB 20 - This act creates a state and local sales and use tax exemption for material, machinery, and

SPONSOR: Kraus

HANDLER: Jones

energy used by commercial laundries in treating or cleaning textiles. The facility must process at least 500 pounds per hour and 60,000 pounds per week to qualify for the exemption.

This act is identical to a provision contained in SCS/HCS/HB 299 (2015) and CCS/SCS/SB 612 (2014).

MIKE HAMMANN

SPONSOR: Sater

HANDLER: Franklin

CCS/HCS/SS#2/SCS/SB 24 - This act, known as the "Strengthening Missouri Families Act," modifies provisions of the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program and the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP).

FULL FAMILY IMMEDIATE SANCTION (Section 208.026)

This act requires the Department of Social Services to conduct an investigation and determine if a person is cooperating with a work activity requirement under the TANF program. If the person is non-compliant, a representative of the Department shall conduct a face-to-face meeting and explain the potential sanction of TANF benefits, as well as the requirements to cure such a sanction. The TANF recipient shall then have 6 weeks to comply with the work activity requirement, during which time no sanction of benefits shall occur. Failure to comply with the requirements within the 6 week period will result in a sanction consisting of a 50% reduction of benefits for a maximum of ten weeks. During that period of sanctions, the person shall remain on the caseload in sanction status and the Department will attempt to meet face-to-face to explain the sanction and the requirements to cure the sanction. To cure a sanction, the person shall perform work activities for a minimum average of 30 hours per week for one month. If the person does not cure the sanction, the case shall be closed. This act allows for the person to reapply for benefits by completing work activities for a minimum average of 30 hours per week within one month of the eligibility interview.

This provision is substantially similar to provisions in HB 654 (2015) and HCS/HB 654 (2015).

LIFE-TIME LIMITS, CASH DIVERSION, WORK REQUIREMENT, PROGRAM ORIENTATION, AND NEW SPOUSES (208.026 & 208.040)

The following changes shall be made to the TANF program:

- (1) Beginning January 1, 2016, the life-time limit for TANF shall be 45 months. This limit shall not apply to minor children and those families who have been granted a hardship exemption;
- (2) Beginning January 1, 2016, the Department shall implement a cash diversion program that grants eligible TANF recipients lump-sum cash grants for short-term needs, as well as job referrals or referrals to career centers, in lieu of signing up for the long-term monthly cash assistance program and upon a showing of good cause. This lump sum benefit shall not apply toward the life-time TANF benefits limit. Good cause may include loss of employment, excluding a voluntary quit or dismissal due to poor job performance; catastrophic illness; domestic violence; or other emergencies rendering a family member unable to care for the basic needs of the family. The lump-sum maximum limit shall be set at three times the family size allowance and for use once in a 12-month period and for only five instances in a lifetime;
- (3) The Department shall develop a standardized program orientation for TANF applicants that informs applicants of the program's rules and work requirements, as well as the consequences if the work requirements are not met. The Department shall not issue a case without receiving confirmation that TANF applicants have undergone an orientation and have signed a participation agreement;

SPONSOR: Sater

HANDLER: Franklin

(4) A new spouse's income and assets shall be disregarded for six consecutive months. This disregard shall be applied once in a recipient's lifetime; and

(5) Beginning January 1, 2016, parents or caretakers seeking benefits will be required to engage in work activities before becoming eligible, unless otherwise exempt from the work requirement.

These provisions are identical to provisions in HB 654 (2015) and similar to provisions in HB 624 (2015) and HCS/HB 624 (2015).

MARRIAGE, FATHERHOOD, AND ALTERNATIVES TO ABORTION SERVICES (208.067)

Each fiscal year, the Department shall set aside a minimum of 2% of TANF funds, consistent with federal law and subject to appropriations, to fund alternative to abortion services and public awareness programs, as well as a minimum of 2% of TANF funds for healthy marriage and responsible fatherhood promotion activities. These funds shall be used to supplement and not supplant current and future funding for these programs.

This provision is substantially similar to a provision in HCS/HB 654 (2015).

SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (208.244.1)

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program allows states with a certain level of unemployment to seek a waiver of the work requirement for assistance. Missouri currently has such a waiver. Beginning January 1, 2016, this act removes the waiver and reinstates the work requirements.

This provision is substantially similar to HB 640 (2015) and provisions in SCS/HCS/HB 796 (2015) and similar to HB 547 (2015), HCS/HB 547 (2015), and HB 1283 (2015).

APPLICATION OF SAVINGS (208.244.2)

Any savings resulting from the changes to TANF and SNAP under this act shall be used to provide child care assistance for single parents, education assistance, transportation assistance, and job training for individuals receiving benefits under the programs as allowable under law.

This provision is substantially similar to HB 640 (2015) and SCS/HCS/HB 796 (2015) and similar to provisions in HCS/HB 796 (2015), HB 796 (2015), and HCS/HB 547 (2015).

ANNUAL REPORT (208.244.3)

The Department of Social Services shall make an annual report to the Joint Committee on Government Accountability on the progress of implementation and include specified data. The Joint Committee shall meet at least once a year to review the report and make recommendations to the President Pro-Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House.

SARAH HASKINS

SPONSOR: Wallingford

HANDLER: Davis

HCS/SCS/SB's 34 & 105 - This act allows covered voters who have been discharged from military service, have returned from military deployment or activation, or have separated from employment outside of the United States after the voter registration deadline to register to vote in person until 5:00 p.m. on the Friday before an election. An election authority may accept an application for a military-overseas ballot if received no later than 5:00 p.m. on the Friday before an election if the authority

SPONSOR: Wallingford

HANDLER: Davis

determines that circumstances warrant such acceptance.

This provision is identical to a provision in HCS/HB 67 (2015) and similar to a provision in HB 362 (2015).

Under current law, certain military and overseas voters who are not registered to vote are only permitted to vote in elections for federal offices. This act allows covered voters to vote in elections for statewide offices, state legislative offices, or statewide initiatives, in addition to federal offices.

The act also permits persons who participate in the Address Confidentiality Program to vote by absentee ballot. The act further provides the procedure for applying for an absentee ballot when doing so for such a reason.

This provision is substantially similar to a provision in HCS/HB 67 (2015) and similar to a provision in HB 362 (2015).

This act contains an emergency clause.

SCOTT SVAGERA

SPONSOR: Dixon

HANDLER: Austin

SS/SB 58 - This act repeals a number of committees that have dissolved or expired as required by their authorizing statutes. The defunct committees are the Advisory Committee on Tobacco Securitization (section 8.597); Joint Committee on Corrections (21.400 to 21.465); Joint Committee on Capital Improvements and Leases Oversight (21.530 to 21.537); Joint Committee on Missouri's Energy Future (21.830); Joint Committee on the Missouri Criminal Code review of sexual offender registry (21.835); Joint Committee on Solid Waste Management District Operations (21.850); Joint Committee on Missouri's Promise (21.920); Missouri Investment Trust and its board (30.953 to 30.971); Joint Subcommittee on Recovery Accountability and Transparency (33.850); Committee on State-operated Wireless Communications Systems (37.250); Joint Committee on Real Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment (99.863); Joint Committee of General Assembly to review Economic Stimulus Act (99.971); Joint Committee of General Assembly to review Rural Economic Stimulus Act (99.1057); the SB 844 (2010) version of a section that created the Missouri Ethics Commission (105.955); the Children's Vision Commission (167.195); Newborn Hearing Screening Advisory Committee (191.934); the Chronic Kidney Disease Task Force (192.632); the State Commission on Regulatory Barriers to Affordable Housing (215.261 and 215.262); Joint Committee on Gaming and Wagering (313.001); and the Missouri Oral Chemotherapy Parity Interim Committee (338.321).

The act also repeals a joint legislative committee that was created to oversee the destruction of certain documents by the Commissioner of Administration (33.150) and the Division of Finance (361.120).

The membership of the Governmental Emergency Fund Committee is modified by designating the Commissioner of Administration as ex officio comptroller of the Committee and replacing the director of the Division of Facilities Management, Design and Construction with the director of the Department of Revenue as a consultant to the Committee (33.710).

Technical modifications are made to the Criminal Records and Justice Information Advisory

SPONSOR: Dixon

HANDLER: Austin

Committee (43.518) as well as removal of references to non-existent boards and commissions (see 160.530, 191.828, 320.092, and 348.439).

Currently, the State Mental Health Commission includes one member who is a physician recognized as an expert in the evaluation or habilitation of persons with disabilities. This act provides that such member shall be a physician, licensed clinical psychologist, or other licensed clinician recognized as an expert in the evaluation or treatment of persons with disabilities (630.010).

This act is similar to provisions in HCS/SS/SB 575 (2014) and SB 66 (2013).

JIM ERTLE

SPONSOR: Cunningham

HANDLER: Rhoads

CCS/HCS/SS/SCS/SB 67 - This act modifies provisions of law regarding the establishment of a county municipal court in Buchanan County, the appointment of a court marshal in circuits with a SORTS facility, municipal court reporting requirements, court surcharges, and landlord tenant proceedings.

BUCHANAN COUNTY MUNICIPAL COURT

The act provides that Buchanan County may prosecute violations of county orders in the circuit court or in a county municipal court if the creation of such court is approved by order of the county commission (67.320).

This provision is identical to provisions contained in HB 473 (2015) and SS/SCS/HB 799 (2015).

APPOINTMENT OF A CIRCUIT COURT MARSHAL

The act allows the presiding judge of any circuit containing a diagnostic and reception center operated by the Department of Corrections and a mental health facility operated by the Department of Mental Health which houses certain persons specified in the act to appoint a circuit court marshal (476.083).

This provision is identical to SB 532 (2015) and HB 1182 (2015) and to provisions contained in SS/SCS/HB 799 (2015) and HB 473 (2015).

MUNICIPAL COURT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

By September 1, 2015, the presiding judge of a circuit court in which a municipal division is located shall report to the clerk of the Supreme Court the name and address of the municipal division and any other information regarding the municipal division requested by the clerk on a standardized form developed by the clerk. The presiding judge of a circuit shall also notify the clerk if a municipal division is abolished or established in the circuit, and the presiding judge of the new municipal division shall also report information to the clerk of the Supreme Court (479.155).

This provision is identical to HB 473 (2015), HB 1199 (2015), and SB 327 (2015), and substantially similar to provisions contained in CCS/HCS/SS/SCS/SB 5 (2015) and SS/SCS/HB 799 (2015).

JASPER COUNTY JUDICIAL FUND

This act provides that cases filed in the Twenty-Ninth Judicial Circuit shall have an additional cost assessed. Civil cases shall be assessed a surcharge of ten dollars, misdemeanor criminal cases shall be assessed a surcharge of twenty-five dollars, and felony criminal cases shall be assessed a surcharge of fifty

SPONSOR: Cunningham

HANDLER: Rhoads

dollars. The judge may waive the assessment of the surcharge in cases where the defendant is determined to be indigent.

The money collected from such surcharge shall be placed in the Jasper County Judicial Fund and used to pay the costs associated with the purchase, lease, and operation of a county juvenile center and the county judicial facility in Jasper County (488.2244).

The provisions of this section will expire on August 28, 2025, and are identical to provisions contained in SS/SCS/HB 799 (2015) and SCS/HCS/HB 807 (2015) and similar to HB 1172 (2015).

HOWELL COUNTY COURT SURCHARGE

This act provides that a surcharge of up to ten dollars may be collected in all civil and criminal proceedings, excluding violations of traffic laws or ordinances, filed in Howell County. In criminal cases the surcharge must first be authorized by a county or municipal order, ordinance, or resolution.

The moneys collected from the surcharge must be used for the costs associated with the land assemblage, construction, maintenance and operation of any county or municipal judicial facility. The county or municipality shall maintain a separate account known as the "justice center fund" which is limited to the uses specified in the act (488.2257).

The provisions of this section will expire on August 28, 2025, and are identical to provisions contained in SS/SCS/HB 799 (2015) and SCS/HCS/HB 807 (2015) and similar to HB 183 (2015).

REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION DISTRICT SURCHARGE

The act states that a surcharge of one dollar shall be assessed in each civil and criminal court proceeding filed in any court located in certain regional juvenile detention districts. The moneys collected from the surcharge shall be kept in an account called the "regional juvenile detention district fund," and shall be used to pay for the costs associated with the repair, maintenance, and operation of regional juvenile detention district facilities (488.2258).

The provisions of this section will expire on August 28, 2025.

LANDLORD TENANT PROCEEDINGS

Currently, in unlawful detainer and forcible entry and detainer suits an execution of the judgment may be issued at any time after judgment, but the restoration of the property cannot occur until after the expiration of time allowed to file an appeal. This act provides that in these types of suits the judge shall not issue an execution of the judgment until ten days after the judgment. If an appeal is filed and the losing party posts an appeal bond, then the execution of the judgment shall be temporarily suspended while the appeal is pending (534.350).

The act moves the provision of law specifying that if it appears to the officer executing the judgment that the defendant is hindering or delaying the seizure of property then rents, profits, damages, and costs may be seized before the expiration of the time allowed for taking an appeal to a new section and repeals the current section of law (534.350).

Currently, in rent and possession suits an appeal shall stay execution of the judgment if the defendant gives bond within ten days "after it becomes due." The act specifies that the bond must be deposited with the court within ten days after an entry of judgment (535.110).

SPONSOR: Cunningham

HANDLER: Rhoads

These provisions are identical to HCS/HB 1006 (2015) and to provisions contained in HCS/SB 148 (2015), HCS/SB 364 (2015), and HCS/SCS/SB 340 (2015).

JESSI BAKER

***** SB 68 *****

SPONSOR: Romine

HANDLER: Hinson

SB 68 - Under current law, directors of industrial development corporations in first class counties must be duly qualified electors of and taxpayers in the county or municipality. This act provides that directors of any industrial development corporation formed by a municipality in St. Francois County may be taxpayers and registered voters in the county.

This provision is identical to HB 125 (2015) and a provision in the truly agreed to and finally passed but vetoed HB 1553 (2014).

MEGHAN LUECKE

***** SB 87 *****

SPONSOR: Emery

HANDLER: Bondon

SS/SCS/SB 87 - This act requires persons submitting petitions for an audit of a political subdivision to be a resident or real property owner within the political subdivision and return the signed petition within one year of requesting the petition from the State Auditor. Persons may rescind their signature on such a petition by delivering a sworn statement to that effect to the State Auditor within 10 days of the receipt of the signed petition by the State Auditor.

This act is identical to a provision in HCS/SCS/SB 315 (2015) and HCS/SCS/SB 326 (2015), substantially similar to the perfected version of HCS/HB 994 (2015), and similar to HB 924 (2014).

SCOTT SVAGERA

***** SB 93 *****

SPONSOR: Emery

HANDLER: Brattin

SCS/SB 93 - This act creates the "Campus Free Expression Act" to protect free expression on the campuses of public institutions of higher education.

This act designates the outdoor areas of campuses of public institutions of higher education to be traditional public forums. Public institutions of higher education may maintain and enforce reasonable time, place, and manner restrictions in service of a significant institutional interest only when such restrictions employ clear, published, content and viewpoint-neutral criteria, and provide for ample alternative means of expression.

Any person may freely engage in noncommercial expressive activity so long as the person's conduct is not unlawful and does not materially and substantially disrupt the institution's functioning. Examples of protected expressive activities are described in the act.

This act may be enforced in a court of competent jurisdiction by the attorney general or any person whose expressive rights were violated under this act. A person may recover compensatory damages,

SPONSOR: Emery

HANDLER: Brattin

reasonable court costs, and attorney fees. If a court finds a violation of this act, it must award no less than five hundred dollars for the initial violation, plus fifty dollars for each day the violation continues. A suit for violation of this section must be brought within one year of the day the cause of action accrues, as described in the act.

This act is similar to HB 408 (2015) and HB 436 (2015).

MICHAEL RUFF

***** SB 104 *****

SPONSOR: Kraus

HANDLER: Dugger

CCS#2/HCS/SB 104 - This act prohibits any person from being a candidate for elected public office if such person is delinquent in the payment of any state income taxes, personal property taxes, real property taxes on the place of residence, or any county or municipal taxes or user fees. The act further consolidates certain provisions relating to the qualifications of candidates for elective public office into one new section.

This provision is identical to a provision in SCS/HCS #2/HB 63 (2015) and HCS/HB 67 (2015).

This act also exempts candidates for special district offices, township offices in township organization counties, or city, town, or village offices from certain statutory requirements pertaining to political parties and the nomination of candidates.

This provision is identical to a provision in SS/SCS/HCS #2/HB 63 (2015) and HB 67 (2015) and similar to a provision in HB 573 (2015).

Currently, actions challenging the official ballot title or the fiscal note of an initiative or referendum are required to be finally adjudicated within 180 days of filing. This act provides that such actions must also be fully adjudicated more than fifty-six days prior to the election in which the measure shall appear or such action shall be extinguished.

This provision is identical to HB 65 (2015) similar to a provision in SB 568 (2015).

Currently, the Springfield School District is an urban school district that was previously exempted from school board member terms of six years in length. This act updates the description of the city of Springfield and provides that the exemption from the six-year school board member term only applies to an urban school district the majority of which is located in the City of Springfield.

The act repeals obsolete language relating to the election of school board members in the Springfield School District from the 1960 decennial census.

These provisions are identical to provisions in SS/SCS/HCS #2/HB 63 (2015) which was vetoed by the Governor and overridden by the General Assembly, SCS/HCS/HB 1127 (2015), HCS/SCS/SB 315 (2015), and HCS/SCS/SB 473 (2015).

Currently, the St. Joseph School District school board members serve a term of six years. This act establishes that, upon expiration of any term after August 28, 2015, the term of office will be for three years.

SPONSOR: Kraus

HANDLER: Dugger

This provision is identical to a provision in SCS/HCS/HB 1127 (2015), SCS/SB 1 (2015), SS/SCS/HCS #2/HB 63 (2015) which was vetoed by the Governor and overridden by the General Assembly, and HCS/SCS/SB 473 (2015) and substantially similar to a provision in HB 1029 (2015), HB 1030 (2015), HB 1035 (2015), and HB 1036 (2015).

This act provides that a candidate for school board in the St. Joseph School District file a declaration of candidacy with the board secretary and shall not be required to submit a petition.

This provision is identical to a provision in HB 1029 (2015), HB 1030 (2015), HB 1035 (2015), HB 1036 (2015), SCS/HCS/HB 1127 (2015), SCS/SB 1 (2015), and SS/SCS/HCS #2/HB 63 (2015) which was vetoed by the Governor and overridden by the General Assembly.

The act modifies provisions relating to the election of trustees of a community college district in a district that contains the City of St. Louis. Specifically, the Board shall consist of seven members, six of whom shall be elected to a six year term, and one member at-large who shall be appointed by the Coordinating Board for Higher Education. The act further sets forth the powers of the board and requirements for serving on the Board.

The act repeals a provision of law enacted by SS/SCS/HCS #2/HB 63 which prohibits a person from being a candidate for school board after serving as the district's superintendents.

This act contains a severability clause.

SCOTT SVAGERA

SPONSOR: Sater

HANDLER: Burlison

SCS/SB 107 - This act provides that certain professional boards and commissions, as specified in the act, which license professions may issue oral or written opinions addressing topics relating to the qualifications, functions, or duties of any profession licensed by such board or commission. The opinions are for educational purposes, are not binding on the licensee, and cannot be used as the basis for discipline against a licensee. A board or commission shall not address topics relating to the qualifications, functions, or duties of any profession licensed by a different board or commission.

This provision is similar to HCS/HB 422 (2015) and HCS/SS/SB 58 (2015), and identical to provisions contained in SCS/HCS/HB 709 (2015), HCS/SB 392 (2015), HCS/SS/SB 457 (2015), and HCS/SCS/SB 146 (2015).

The act also modifies provisions of law relating to the licensing of speech-language pathologists and audiologists.

The act provides that a speech-language pathology assistant must work under the direction of a speech-language pathologist who has been practicing for at least one year and is licensed by the state, employed by a federal agency, or licensed by the Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education.

An applicant for registration with the Board as a speech-language pathology assistant must submit to

SPONSOR: Sater

HANDLER: Burlison

the Board supervising speech-language pathologist information if employment is confirmed, and if not then such information must be provided after registration. An applicant must complete bachelor's level course work and clinical requirements in the field of speech-language pathology as established by the Board through rules and regulations.

The act repeals the requirement that a corporation engaged in the business of speech-language pathology or audiology who employs licensed persons must file a statement with the Board specifying that the corporation submits itself to the rules and regulations of the Board.

Current licensing requirements do not apply to a person who holds a valid certificate as a speech-language pathologist issued by the Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education. This act states that licensing requirements shall not apply to such persons who hold a current certificate issued by the Department prior to January 1, 2016. Licensing requirements shall also not apply to a person completing the required number of clinical hours required to obtain registration as a speech-language pathology assistant as long as the person is under the direct supervision of a licensed speech-language pathologist and has not completed more than the number of hours required.

The act repeals provisions of law which require an applicant for licensure as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist to present written evidence of completion of a clinical fellowship.

This act states that following administrative hearing proceedings and a finding that grounds for disciplinary action have been met the Board may restrict or limit the person's ability to practice for an indefinite period of time.

The act also states that no person who has served as a member of the Advisory Commission for Speech-Language Pathologists and Audiologist for two consecutive terms may be reappointed until a lapse of a least two years has occurred following the completion of the persons two consecutive terms.

These provisions are identical to provisions contained in HCS/SCS/SB 146 (2015) and similar to HB 288 (2015) and SB 885 (2014).

JESSI BAKER

***** SB 116 *****

SPONSOR: Kraus

HANDLER: Davis

SB 116 - This act creates an exemption from the proof of residency and domicile for purposes of school registration when the family of a student living in Missouri co-locates to live with other family members or in a military family support community because one or both of the student's parents is stationed out of state under certain military orders.

MICHAEL RUFF

***** SB 141 *****

SPONSOR: Parson

HANDLER: Austin

SB 141 - Under current law, the Crime Victims' Compensation fund can pay eligible victims up to \$200 per week for the loss of employment and for injury or death.

This act raises that amount to \$400 per week.

SPONSOR: Parson

HANDLER: Austin

In addition, this act provides that the Department of Public Safety may negotiate directly with providers of medical care and other services on behalf of the victim with respect to the costs of the medical or services.

This act is similar to HB 209 (2015) and identical to a provision of SCS/HCS/HB 807 (2015) and SB 792 (2014).

MEGHAN LUECKE

***** SB 142 *****

SPONSOR: Romine

HANDLER: Ross

SS#3/SCS/SB 142 - This act requires the Department of Natural Resources, when developing a state implementation plan, state plan, or non-point source management plan for submission to the Environmental Protection Agency, to prepare an implementation impact report in lieu of a regulatory impact report in collaboration with certain other state entities. The report shall contain certain criteria as set forth in this act, and shall be delivered to the Governor, Joint Committee on Government Accountability, President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives along with the proposed plan 45 calendar days prior to submission to the Environmental Protection Agency. The report and proposed plan shall also be posted on the Department's website home page. If such plan is revised prior to submission to the Environmental Protection Agency, such revised plan shall also be provided to such elected officials and posted on the Department's website. Under this act, the Department of Natural Resources is also required to hold one stakeholder meeting in developing a plan for Environmental Protection Agency submission that includes certain groups as set forth in this act.

This act allows, upon receiving the implementation impact report, the Joint Committee on Government Accountability to hold at least 2 public hearings to seek public comment on the plan and the report. The Joint Committee may also request that a representative from the Environmental Protection Agency attend at least one of the hearings. Nothing in this act shall confer authority on the Public Service Commission or the Department of Natural Resources jurisdiction over rural electric cooperatives or municipally-owned utilities, nor shall it effect the development of emission standards for certain carbon dioxide standards.

KAYLA CRIDER

***** SB 145 *****

SPONSOR: Pearce

HANDLER: Frederick

SS/SCS/SB 145 - This act requires health benefit plans delivered, issued for delivery, continued or renewed on or after January 1, 2017, in accordance with current law requirements for coverage of mental health disorders, to provide coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of eating disorders. The act further requires that the provided coverage include a broad array of specialist services as proscribed as necessary by the patient's treatment team. Coverage under this act is limited to medically necessary treatment and the treatment plan must include all elements necessary for a health benefit plan to pay claims. Under the act medical necessity determinations and care management for the treatment of eating disorders shall consider the overall medical and mental health needs of the individual with the eating disorder and shall not be based solely on weight. Coverage may be subject to other general exclusions and limitations of the contract or benefit plan not in conflict with the act.

SPONSOR: Pearce

HANDLER: Frederick

This act is similar to SCS/SB 769 (2014), HB 1493 (2014), SB 160 (2013), SB 634 (2012), SB 229 (2011), SB 744 (2010), SB 463 (2009), and HB 519 (2009).

MICHELA BIRK

***** SB 149 *****

SPONSOR: Parson

HANDLER: Austin

HCS/SS/SCS/SB 149 - This act provides state and local sales and use tax exemptions for all machinery, equipment, computers, electrical energy, gas, water and other utilities, including telecommunication and internet services, used in new data storage center facilities. The act also provides a state and local sales and use tax exemption for purchases of tangible personal property for the construction of a new data storage center facility. In order to receive the sales tax exemption provided for new data storage center facilities, an application must be made to the Department of Economic Development for certification. Such application must show that the project will result in at least \$25 million of new facility investment and create at least 10 new jobs with wages of at least 150 percent of the county average wage over a three year period.

The act also creates a state and local sales and use tax exemption for existing data storage center facilities for all machinery, equipment, computers, electrical energy, gas, water and other utilities, including telecommunication and internet services. In order to receive the sales tax exemption provided for existing data storage center facilities, an application must be made to the Department of Economic Development for certification. Such application must show that the project will result in at least \$5 million of new facility investment over a one year period and create at least 5 new jobs with wages of at least 150 percent of the county average wage over a two year period.

New data storage centers may receive incentives for a maximum project period of 15 years. Existing data storage centers may receive incentives for a maximum project period of 10 years.

The Department of Economic Development and the Department of Revenue are authorized to conduct random audits to ensure compliance with the requirements for state and local sales and use tax exemptions authorized under the act.

This act is similar to SB 343 (2015), HB 497 (2015), SB 633 (2014), HB 1444 (2014), HB 1502 (2014), SB 46 (2013), SB 394 (2013), HB 222 (2013). This act is similar to provisions contained in SB 57 (2015), HB 1498 (2014), HCS/HB 1501 (2014), HCS#2/SCS/SB 777 (2014), SS/SCS/SB 120 (2013), HCS/HB 698 (2013), HCS/SB 23 (2013), HCS/SS/SCS/SB 83 (2013), HCS/SB 112 (2013), SCS/SB 584 (2012), SB 8 (1st Ex. Session), SB 217 (2011), and SB 868 (2010).

MIKE HAMMANN

***** SB 156 *****

SPONSOR: Nasheed

HANDLER: Hubbard

HCS/SB 156 - This act designates the portion of State Highway 115 in St. Louis City from the intersection of Natural Bridge Avenue and Salisbury Street west to the intersection of State Highway 115 and Jennings Station Road as the "Theodore McNeal Highway".

This act designates the State Highway 19 bridge over the Meramec River in Crawford County between the cities of Cuba and Steelville as the "Betty Vickers Memorial Bridge".

SPONSOR: Nasheed

HANDLER: Hubbard

This act designates the portion of U.S. Highway 160 in Ripley County which is located within the city limits of Doniphan as the "Billy Yates Highway".

This act designates the portion of Business Highway 71 from the intersection of Interstate 29 traveling north for two miles in Andrew county as the "Randy Bever Memorial Highway".

This act designates the portion of U.S. Highway 160 from the bridge that crosses Bryant creek continuing two and one-half miles east of such bridge in Ozark county as the "Jerry Corp Memorial Highway".

This act designates the bridge on Highway CC over North Fork White River in Ozark County as the "Irwin C. Cudworth Memorial Bridge".

This act designates the portion of State Highway 10 from the western border of the city limits of Norborne in Carroll county to the eastern border of the city limits of Hardin in Ray county as the "Ray-Carroll County Veterans Memorial Highway".

This act designates the portion of Highway 54 from the Grand Glaize Bridge to Key Largo Road in Camden county as the "Veterans Memorial Expressway".

This act contains provisions identical to HB 1216 (2015), SB 318 (2015) and SS/SCS/HBs 522, 34, 133, 134, 810, 338 & 873 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

SPONSOR: Sifton

HANDLER: Gosen

HCS/SB 164 - This act modifies various provisions regarding the amount of assets that an insurer may invest in foreign securities, standards of valuation for insurance reserves, exemptions in bankruptcy proceedings, and qualified spousal trusts.

INSURANCE FOREIGN INVESTMENT LIMITS

This act raises the amount of assets that an insurer may invest in foreign securities, investments or deposits from five percent to twenty-percent. The act limits the aggregate investment by an insurer in a single foreign jurisdiction to ten percent of admitted assets for foreign jurisdictions with a sovereign debt rating of SVO 1 or 5% for any other foreign jurisdiction. This act includes a special investment cap of twenty-five percent for investment in Canadian investments. In the case of Canadian investments, an insurer that is authorized to do business in Canada or that has outstanding contracts on risks resident or located in Canada and denominated in Canadian currency have increased limits. This act also limits investments by an insurer of all kinds issued, assumed, accepted, insured, or guaranteed by a single person to 5% of the insurers admitted assets. The special investment cap for Canadian investments and limits on investments of all kinds issued, assumed, accepted, insured, or guaranteed by a single person do not apply to insurers organized under chapter 376.

These provisions are identical to SCS/SB 346 (2015) and HCS/HB 592 (2015) and to provisions contained in SCS/HB 276 (2015) and HCS/SB 282 (2015).

SPONSOR: Sifton

HANDLER: Gosen

STANDARD VALUATION LAW

This act establishes the Standard Valuation Law that requires Missouri insurers providing life, accident and health, annuity and pure endowment, or specified deposit policies to meet minimum standards of valuation for their financial reserves based on the valuation manual adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. The Director of the Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration must annually value or cause to be valued the reserves for all outstanding contracts of every company issued on or after the operative date of the valuation manual. The act contains exceptions for valuation requirements for policies issued prior to the date of the valuation manual and specified time limitations based on the effective date of policies and the provisions of the act. Every insurer regulated by the department director must annually submit the opinion of the appointed actuary showing compliance with the valuation manual to the department director. The criteria for the actuarial opinion is specified in the act.

The act specifies the criteria for the confidentiality of the information used in the valuation opinion submitted to the department director by insurers. This information is exempt from the provisions of the Open Meetings and Records Law, commonly known as the Sunshine Law, and may not be subject to subpoena and cannot be subject to discovery or be admissible in evidence in any private civil action. The department director is authorized to use the confidential information in the furtherance of any regulator or legal action brought against the company as part of his or her official duties. Specified confidential information may be subject to subpoena for the purpose of defending an action seeking damages from the appointed actuary or may otherwise be released with the written consent of the company. A company that is licensed and doing business in Missouri that has less than \$300 million of ordinary life premium may hold reserves based on the mortality tables and interest rates defined by the valuation manual for net premium reserves using the methodology as specified in the act as they apply to ordinary life insurance if they meet specified requirements.

These provisions are substantially similar to HCS/HB 70 (2015) and SCS/HB 276 (2015) and similar to HB 2182 (2014).

QUALIFIED SPOUSAL TRUSTS

Current law provides that property held by a husband and wife as tenants by the entirety, joint tenants, or other form of joint ownership with right of survivorship shall be deemed to be held as tenants by the entirety upon its transfer to a qualified spousal trust and shall retain immunity from the claims of the separate creditors of the settlors.

This act provides that regardless of how the property was titled prior to being transferred to a qualified spousal trust, all property held in a qualified spousal trust shall have the same immunity from the claims of the separate creditors of the settlors as if the property were held by the settlors as tenants by the entirety. Property held in a qualified spousal trust shall no longer receive immunity from creditors' claims upon the dissolution of marriage of the settlors. Additionally, in the case of the dissolution of the settlors' marriage the rights of the settlors in property shall not be affected because of the transfer of such property to a qualified spousal trust, unless expressly agreed to otherwise in writing.

The act defines "property" as used in the sections of law regarding qualified spousal trusts and states that property transferred to a qualified spousal trust is still subject to fraudulent conveyance laws.

Additionally, the transfer of an asset to a trustee of any type of trust or to the trust itself subjects that asset to the terms of such trust.

SPONSOR: Sifton

HANDLER: Gosen

These provisions are identical to SCS/SB 481 (2015), and to provisions contained in SCS/HB 276 (2015), SCS/HCS/HB 807 (2015), HCS/HB 1040 (2015), HCS/SB 148 (2015), and HCS/SCS/SB 340 (2015).

EXEMPTION OF FUNERAL EXPENSES IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS

This act provides that when a debtor is the beneficiary of a matured life insurance policy, the debtor may exempt from bankruptcy up to fifteen thousand dollars of such policy to be used for the expenses of funeral arrangements when the deceased is a parent, child, or spouse of the debtor.

This provision is identical to provisions contained in SCS/HB 276 (2015), HCS/SCS/SB 340, and SCS/HCS/HB 807 (2015).

JESSI BAKER

SPONSOR: Nasheed

HANDLER: Curtis

SB 166 - Currently any vehicle owner may apply for a special motor vehicle license plate inscribed with the words "I Have A Dream". This act changes the "I Have A Dream" license plate to the "Dare to Dream" license plate. All other provisions of the specialty license plate, including application and fee requirements, remain the same.

MICHELA BIRK

SPONSOR: Schmitt

HANDLER: Richardson

HCS/SS/SCS/SB 174 - This act creates the "Missouri Achieving a Better Life Experience Program." Under this act, a participant may make tax-deductible contributions to an account established for the purpose of financing the qualified disability expenses of a designated beneficiary. Designated beneficiaries are persons who are eligible individuals which are entitled to benefits based on disability or blindness under the Social Security Act and such blindness or disability occurred prior to turning 26. Persons who are certified as disabled also qualify as eligible individuals. "Eligible individual" and "designated beneficiary" are both defined by reference to federal law.

The act creates the Missouri ABLE Board which is charged with establishing and administering the ABLE program. The Board is given power and authority similar to that delegated to the Missouri Higher Education Savings Program Board.

The act permits the Board to enter into participation agreements with participants on behalf of designated beneficiaries which are similar to those participation agreements entered into under the Missouri Higher Education Savings Program.

The act permits participants to cancel a participation agreement at any time. However, the assets distributed upon cancellation will be subject to a penalty equal to or greater than ten percent of the earnings of the account if the distributions do not meet the requirements set forth in the act.

The act exempts from taxation the assets of any ABLE account and any income therefrom. Participants may deduct up to \$8,000 per participant (\$16,000 if married filing jointly) from their adjusted gross income. The maximum annual and aggregate contribution amounts that can be contributed to an

SPONSOR: Schmitt

HANDLER: Richardson

ABLE account shall be the same as the amount permitted by federal law.

The act requires the Director of Investment of the State Treasurer's Office to conduct a semiannual review of the program and report his or her findings to the Board.

SCOTT SVAGERA

***** SB 190 *****

SPONSOR: Curls

HANDLER: Berry

SCS/SB 190 - Currently, the Kansas City transportation sales tax will expire on December 31, 2015. This act extends the tax indefinitely.

This act is identical to HB 739 (2015) and HB 1082 (2015). This act is identical to a provision in HCS/HB 1154 (2015), HCS/SCS/SB 245 (2015), and HCS/SB 364 (2015). This act is similar to SB 940 (2014) and HB 2067 (2014).

MIKE HAMMANN

***** SB 194 *****

SPONSOR: Richard

HANDLER: Berry

SB 194 - Currently, certain employee owned businesses may qualify for a tax credit for building a new facility or expanding an existing facility. These business must commence or expand operations by January 1, 2020, to qualify for the tax credit. This act extends the date by which they must commence or expand operations by to January 1, 2025.

This act is identical to HB 468 (2015).

MIKE HAMMANN

***** SB 210 *****

SPONSOR: Schaefer

HANDLER: Flanigan

CCS/HCS/SCS/SB 210 - This act modifies provisions relating to healthcare.

HEALTHCARE PROVIDER REIMBURSEMENT ALLOWANCE TAXES (190.839, 198.439, 208.437, 338.550, & 633.401)

This act extends the sunsets from September 30, 2015 to September 30, 2016, for the Ground Ambulance, Nursing Facility, Medicaid Managed Care Organization, Hospital, Pharmacy, and Intermediate Care Facility for the Intellectually Disabled Reimbursement Allowance Taxes.

This provision is similar to SB 167 (2015), HB 760 (2015), and SB 294 (2015).

NOTIFICATION OF MO HealthNet AUDIT CHANGES (208.152)

Under this act, if the Missouri Medicaid Audit and Compliance Unit (MMAC) changes any interpretation or application of the requirements for reimbursement for MO HealthNet services from the interpretation or application previously applied in an audit of a MO HealthNet provider, the MMAC shall notify MO HealthNet providers of such change at least five days before the changes take effect. If the MMAC fails to notify a provider of such changes, then the provider shall be entitled to receive and retain reimbursement until proper notification is provided and shall not be liable for recoupment or other loss of

SPONSOR: Schaefer

HANDLER: Flanigan

any payment previously made prior to the five day notice period.

This provision is similar to SB 431 (2015) and HB 589 (2015). This provision is similar to a provision in HCS/HB 796 (2015).

DISPROPORTIONATE SHARE HOSPITAL PAYMENTS (208.482)

This act also prohibits MO HealthNet from recovering Disproportionate Share Hospital audit recoupments from any Tier I safety net hospital which used an intergovernmental transfer for its share of Disproportionate Share Hospital payments. This provision expires September 30, 2022.

This provision is similar to a provision in HCS/HB 760 (2015).

MIKE HAMMANN

SPONSOR: Romine

HANDLER: Fitzpatrick

SCS/SB 224 - This act requires a student to be a United States citizen or permanent resident in order to be eligible to receive reimbursements from the A+ Schools Program.

This act is substantially similar to HB 577 (2015).

MICHAEL RUFF

SPONSOR: Kehoe

HANDLER: Rhoads

HCS/SB 231 - This act modifies provisions relating to watercraft.

MOTOR FUEL FOR WATERCRAFT (Sections 142.815 and 144.030)

This act creates a motor fuel tax exemption for fuel delivered to a marina for use solely in watercraft. Such motor fuel shall also be exempt from sales tax.

This provision is identical to HB 132 (2015) and similar to HB 1475 (2014) and similar to a provision contained in SCS/HCS/HBs 1179 & 1765 (2014) and CCS/HCS/SB 584 (2014).

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS FOR WATERCRAFT (Section 306.100)

This act requires every class 2 recreational motorboat operating upon the waters of this state to carry two B1 type fire extinguishers, one B2 fire extinguisher, or a fixed fire extinguishing system and one B1 type fire extinguisher.

This provision is identical to HB 269 (2015).

RECREATIONAL WATER USE LAWS BROCHURE (Section 306.910)

This act requires the Water Patrol Division of the state Highway Patrol to develop a brochure regarding recreational water use laws and distribute it to recreational water equipment rental facilities and all county commissioners in the state.

This provision is substantially similar to HB 827 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

***** SB 239 *****

SPONSOR: Brown

HANDLER: Burlison

SS/SB 239 - Currently, Missouri follows the common law of England as of 1607, unless the General Assembly abrogates from the common law statutorily. This act excludes from the English common law claims arising out of the rendering of or failure to render health care services by a health care provider.

The act also creates a statutory cause of action for damages against health care providers for personal injury or death arising out of the rendering of or failure to render health care services. In such action against a health care provider for damages a plaintiff shall not recover more than \$400,000 in noneconomic damages for personal injury, no more than \$700,000 in noneconomic damages for a catastrophic personal injury, as defined in the act, and no more than \$700,000 in noneconomic damages for death. These limitations shall increase by 1.7% each year, and the value calculated by the Director of the Department of Insurance.

When a jury does return a verdict awarding noneconomic damages exceeding \$400,000, and upon a post-trial motion, the trial court shall determine whether the limitations as provided in the act shall apply.

The act provides that if a court declares any part of the act unconstitutional then the act and the sections it amends in their entirety shall have no legal effect as of the date of such judgment.

This act is identical to SCS/HB 118 (2015) and similar to SB 589 (2014), HB 1173 (2014), SB 105 (2013), and HB 112(2013).

JESSI BAKER

***** SB 244 *****

SPONSOR: Schmitt

HANDLER: Barnes

HCS/SB 244 - This act permits certain individuals to report the occurrence or suspected occurrence of financial exploitation of qualified adults. The act defines qualified adult as a person who is either 60 years of age or older or has a disability as defined under current law and is between the ages of 18 and 59.

The act permits certain individuals to notify an immediate family member, legal guardian, conservator, co-trustee, successor trustee, or agent under power of attorney of the qualified adult if they are of the belief that the qualified adult is, or may become, a victim of financial exploitation.

The act permits certain individuals to refuse to make a disbursement from the account of a qualified adult or an account on which a qualified adult is a beneficiary or beneficial owner if the individual reasonably believes the request will result in financial exploitation. If the individual refuses disbursement, he or she must make a reasonable effort to notify all parties authorized to transact business on the account of such refusal within two business days. The individual must further notify the Department of Health and Senior Services and the Commissioner of Securities within three business days.

The act grants immunity from civil liability when complying with the provisions of this act with reasonable care and good faith.

This act is substantially similar to HCS/HB's 636 and 645 (2015).

SCOTT SVAGERA

***** SB 254 *****

CCS#2/HCS/SB 254 - This act modifies provisions relating to motor vehicles.

LICENSE PLATE MOUNTING (Section 301.130)

This act allows trailer and motorcycle license plates to be mounted horizontally or vertically on the left rear of the motor vehicle.

The provisions in this section are identical to provisions contained in SS/SCS/SB 278 (2015).

DISABLED PLACARDS AND LICENSE PLATES (Section 301.142)

This act adds physical therapists and assistant physicians to the list of authorized health care practitioners who may issue a statement for his or her patient to receive a disabled placard or license plate.

The provisions in this section are identical to provisions contained in SCS/HCS/HB 1002 (2015).

ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE FOR TITLE TRANSFER (Sections 301.196)

This act changes the requirements for notice of transfer of interest in a motor vehicle to the Department of Revenue to allow for the electronic signature of the transferor and allows such notice to be effective even in the case of including minor errors that are not materially misleading.

The provisions in this section are identical to provisions in SCS/HCS/HB 1002 (2015) and SS/SCS/SB 278 (2015).

KOREA DEFENSE SERVICE MEDAL LICENSE PLATES (Section 301.474)

This act creates a special motor vehicle license plate for any person who has been awarded the military service award known as the "Korea Defense Service Medal". Such special license plate shall read "KOREA DEFENSE SERVICE MEDAL" and bear an image of the Korea Defense Service Medal. Any person applying for the special license plate must pay a fifteen dollar fee in addition to the regular registration fees and furnish such proof as a recipient of the Korea Defense Service Medal as the Director of Revenue may require. There shall be no additional fee charged for the personalization of the special license plate and no limit on the number of special license plates issued so long as each set of license plates issued is issued for vehicles owned solely or jointly by the qualified applicant.

The provisions in this section are identical to HB 229 (2015).

WORLD WAR I MEMORIAL TRUST FUND (Section 301.3097)

This act changes the necessary contribution to obtain a "God Bless America" license plate from the World War II memorial fund to the World War I memorial trust fund.

INTOXICATION RELATED OFFENSES (Sections 302.010, 302.060, 302.525, 302.574, 577.010, 577.012, 577.013, and 577.014)

This act allows the Department of Revenue to extend the period a motorist is required to maintain the ignition interlock device on his or her vehicle by three months if the ignition interlock device detects an attempt to tamper with the device or detects an alcohol concentration above the set point within the last three months of the required installation period. The time must be extended until he or she has gone three months without any violations. Under current law, except for a first time DWI offense, alcohol related driving offenses require a certain period of suspension before an individual is eligible for limited or restricted driving privileges. This act expands the list of offenses that allows an individual to receive limited driving privileges provided the he or she has an ignition interlock device installed. This act also

SPONSOR: Kraus

HANDLER: Davis

removes the mandatory suspension period for alcohol related offenses but requires that an individual must have an ignition interlock device installed on his or her vehicle. This act also removes the requirement that DWI courts cannot grant limited driving privileges to a participant for the first 45 days of participation. This act authorizes the court to order a defendant to submit to continuous alcohol monitoring or verifiable breath alcohol testing performed a minimum of four times per day in any DWI, driving with an excessive blood alcohol content, boating while intoxicated, and boating with an excessive blood alcohol case.

The provisions under this heading are effective January 1, 2017.

The provisions in these sections are nearly identical to HCS/HB 1176 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

***** SB 272 *****

SPONSOR: Riddle

HANDLER: Rowden

SB 272 - This act adds Boone county to the municipal commercial zone previously defined for the city of Columbia. This act also extends that zone north on U.S. Highway 63 to State Route NN and west and south along route NN to State Route 124. This act further extends the municipal commercial zone to include State Route 124 from State Route NN to U.S. Highway 63.

MICHELA BIRK

***** SB 317 *****

SPONSOR: Brown

HANDLER: Wiemann

SB 317 - This act allows the Governor to convey properties located in Pulaski County, Christian County, St. Charles County, and St. Louis County to the State Highways and Transportation Commission.

MEGHAN LUECKE

***** SB 318 *****

SPONSOR: Cunningham

HANDLER: Cookson

SB 318 - This act designates the portion of U.S. Highway 160 in Ripley County which is located within the city limits of Doniphan as the "Billy Yates Highway".

This act designates the portion of Business Highway 71 from the Interstate 29 intersection traveling north for two miles in Andrew County as the "Randy Bever Memorial Highway".

This act designates the portion of Highway 10 from the western border of the city limits of Norborne in Carroll County to the eastern border of the city limits of Hardin in Ray County as the "Ray-Carroll County Veterans Memorial Highway".

This act contains provisions identical to provisions in HCS/SB 156 (2015) and SS/SCS/HBs 522, 34, 133, 134, 810, 338, & 873 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

***** SB 321 *****

SPONSOR: Hegeman

HANDLER: Lant

SCS/SB 321 - Current law allows a person, including a child, who has been subject to domestic violence by a family or household member or any person who has been the victim of stalking to be granted an order of protection. This act also allows the courts to grant protective orders to victims of sexual assault.

Under the current definitions' section that applies to provisions relating to orders of protection, sexual assault is defined as causing or attempting to cause another to engage involuntarily in any sexual act by force, threat of force, or duress. This act adds causing or attempting to cause another person to engage involuntarily in a sexual act without that person's consent to the definition.

Current law defines stalking as when a person purposely and repeatedly engages in an unwanted course of conduct that reasonably causes alarm to another person. Course of conduct is defined as a pattern of conduct composed of repeated acts over a period of time, however short, that serves no legitimate purpose. Repeated is defined as two or more incidents evidencing a continuity of purpose.

Under this act, stalking is when a person purposely engages in an unwanted course of conduct that causes alarm to another person or a person who resides together in the same household with the person seeking the protective order. Also, the reference to repeated acts in the definition of course of conduct is replaced with two or more acts.

In addition, a definition for what repeated means with regard to the stalking definition is repealed.

MEGHAN LUECKE

***** SB 334 *****

SPONSOR: Nasheed

HANDLER: Cookson

SB 334 - This act repeals provisions that limited state teachers colleges from conferring postgraduate degrees except those necessary to the training of teachers or degrees other than those in education and arts and sciences. (Section 174.030)

This act broadens the degree programs that Harris-Stowe State University may offer. Currently, Harris-Stowe is only authorized to offer undergraduate degree programs with an emphasis on selected applied professional disciplines. This act authorizes Harris-Stowe to offer baccalaureate degree programs and graduate degree programs, upon approval of the Coordinating Board for Higher Education. (Section 174.310)

Sections 174.030 and 174.310 are substantially similar to HB 653 (2015).

Currently, membership on the Northwest Missouri State University's board of regents is based in part on residency in the university's historic statutory service region. This act specifies that the following additional counties will be considered part of the historic service region for the sole purpose of the composition of the board of regents: Andrew, Clinton, and DeKalb. (Section 174.332)

MICHAEL RUFF

***** SB 336 *****

SPONSOR: Kraus

HANDLER: Higdon

SPONSOR: Kraus

HANDLER: Higdon

HCS/SCS/SB 336 - This act specifies that for employees that earn tips, the amount of income that the employer should withhold for tax purposes shall be based on the greater of the total tips reported to the employer on the employee's written statement or the amount of tips remitted to the employee by the employer. Shared tips will be attributed to the employee who actually receives the tips. The amount that should be withheld is limited to the amount of the employee's wages in control of the employer.

This provision is similar to a provision in SCS/HCS/HBs 517 & 754 (2015).

MIKE HAMMANN

SPONSOR: Pearce

HANDLER: McGaugh

SCS/SB 340 - This act changes an intersectional reference to the statute which provides the time period that a will must be presented before a person can file a petition in the probate division for the administration of an estate to determine the heirs when administration of the estate has not commenced and no written will of the decedent presented.

This act is identical to provisions contained in SCS/HCS/HB 807 (2015).

JESSI BAKER

SPONSOR: Riddle

HANDLER: Franklin

HCS/SCS/SB 341 - This act addresses several areas relating to the protection of vulnerable persons, including: (1) independent performance reviews by the Office of the Child Advocate; (2) notice of the toll-free child abuse and neglect hotline number; (3) notice of non-immunized children in day care, pre-schools, and nursery schools; (4) juveniles with problem sexual behavior; (5) safe sleep recommendations; (6) the Children's Services Fund; and (7) prohibiting contact with victims of sexual assault through protective orders.

OFFICE OF THE CHILD ADVOCATE (Section 37.719)

This act grants the Office of the Child Advocate the authority to conduct an independent review of any entity within a county that has experienced 3 or more review requests within a calendar year. These entities can include the Children's Division, the Juvenile Office, or guardian ad litem. The Office may make any necessary inquiries and review any relevant information and records necessary to conduct the review and may make recommendations for changes in the entity's policies and procedures based upon the results of the review. The Office shall submit any findings and recommendations to the Children's Division and the Office of State Courts Administrator.

This provision is identical to provisions in HCS/HB 734 (2015) and HCS/HB 1074 (2015) and is substantially similar to provisions in SCS/HCS/HB 734 (2015) and HB 1074 (2015).

NOTICE OF THE TOLL-FREE CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT HOTLINE NUMBER (Section 160.975)

This act requires all public and charter schools to post, in a clearly visible location in a public area of the school, a sign in English and Spanish containing the toll-free child abuse and neglect hotline number established by the Children's Division. This number shall also be posted in all student restrooms. The Children's Division shall develop an acronym to help children remember the hotline number.

SPONSOR: Riddle

HANDLER: Franklin

NOTICE OF NON-IMMUNIZATION (Section 210.003)

This act requires all public, private, and parochial day care centers, preschools, and nursery schools to notify parents or guardians, upon request, of whether there are children currently enrolled in or attending the facility for whom an immunization exemption has been filed.

This provision is identical to provisions in SCS/HCS/HB 976 (2015), HCS/HB 976 (2015), and HCS/SS/SCS/SB 354 (2015) and substantially similar to SB 533 (2015) and provisions in HCS/SB 533 (2015).

JUVENILES WITH PROBLEM SEXUAL BEHAVIOR (Section 210.148)

This act provides that when the Children's Division receives a report concerning a juvenile with problem sexual behavior, the division shall immediately communicate the report to the appropriate local office, which will then use a family assessment and services approach to respond to the report. For the purposes of family assessments performed under this act, the alleged abuse does not have to be committed by a person responsible for the care, custody, and control of the child.

Nothing in this act prevents the local office from commencing an investigation if, during the family assessment and services approach, the local office determines that an investigation is warranted. Such an investigation may include requesting assistance from the appropriate law enforcement agency. A juvenile with problem sexual behavior is defined as any person, under fourteen years of age, who has allegedly committed sexual abuse against another child.

This provision is identical to provisions in SS/SCS/HB 556 (2015), SCS/HB 556 (2015), SCS/HCS/HB 734 (2015), and SCS/HCS/HB 976 (2015) and is substantially similar to HB 713 (2015) and provisions in HCS/HB 976 (2015).

SAFE SLEEP RECOMMENDATIONS (Sections 210.221 and 210.223)

This act grants the Department of Health and Senior Services the power to approve training concerning the safe sleep recommendations of the American Academy of Pediatrics. All licensed child care facilities that provide care for children under one year of age shall implement and maintain a written safe sleep policy in accordance with those recommendations and all employees and volunteers shall complete the approved training every 3 years. When, in the opinion of the infant's licensed health care provider, the infant requires alternative sleep positions or special sleeping arrangements that differ from those set forth by the most recent sleep recommendations of the American Academy of Pediatrics, the infant's health care provider shall provide written and signed instructions detailing the alternative sleep positions or special sleeping arrangements and the facility shall follow these instructions.

These provisions are identical to SCS/SB 427 (2015) and provisions in HCS/SB 533 (2015) and are substantially similar to HB 707 (2015), SB 427 (2015), and provisions in SCS/HCS/HB 976 (2015).

CHILDREN'S SERVICES FUND (Section 210.861)

Under current law, an individual who has been elected treasurer by the board of directors of a community Children's Services Fund shall, prior to taking office, furnish a surety bond that meets specified requirements. This act adds the option of furnishing comparable insurance coverage for theft, misappropriation, mismanagement, or other acts that otherwise meet the specified requirements for a surety bond under these provisions. The state legislature shall not mandate the board to expend funds without a majority vote of

SPONSOR: Riddle

HANDLER: Franklin

the county or city not within a county, excluding St. Louis County.

This act also prohibits any county or city not within a county, excluding St. Louis County, where voters have approved the levy of a tax under these provisions from adding services in addition to those currently permitted by the provisions of the bill at the time the levy is approved by voters unless the voters approve the additional services.

These provisions are substantially similar to HB 1045 (2015), HCS/HB 976 (2015), and SCS/HCS/HB 976 (2015).

PROTECTION ORDERS PROHIBITING CONTACT WITH VICTIMS OF SEXUAL OFFENSES
(Sections 455.010, 455.020, 455.032, 455.040, 455.045, 455.050, 455.080, 455.085, 455.503, 455.505, 455.513, 455.520, 455.523, and 455.538)

Current law allows a person, including a child, who has been subject to domestic violence by a family or household member or any person who has been the victim of stalking to be granted an order of protection. This act also allows the courts to grant protective orders to victims of sexual assault.

Under the current definitions section that applies to provisions relating to orders of protection, sexual assault is defined as causing or attempting to cause another to engage involuntarily in any sexual act by force, threat of force, or duress. This act adds causing or attempting to cause another person to engage involuntarily in a sexual act without that person's consent to the definition.

Current law defines stalking as when a person purposely and repeatedly engages in an unwanted course of conduct that reasonably causes alarm to another person. Course of conduct is defined as a pattern of conduct composed of repeated acts over a period of time, however short, that serves no legitimate purpose. Repeated is defined as two or more incidents evidencing a continuity of purpose.

Under this act, stalking is defined as when a person purposely engages in an unwanted course of conduct that causes alarm to another person or a person who resides together in the same household with the person seeking the protective order. Also, the reference to repeated acts in the definition of course of conduct is replaced with two or more acts.

In addition, a definition for what repeated means with regard to the stalking definition is repealed.

These provisions are identical to SCS/SB 321 (2015) and SS/SCS/HB 556 (2015) and substantially similar to SCS/HB 556 (2015).

SARAH HASKINS

SPONSOR: Wasson

HANDLER: Dugger

SCS/SB 345 - Currently, the fee amount that a lender may charge on a loan for 30 days or longer that is not an open-end credit loan is 10% of the principal amount loaned, not to exceed \$75. This act changes that to be 10% of the principal amount loaned, not to exceed \$100.

This provision is identical to HB 64 (2015).

SPONSOR: Wasson

HANDLER: Dugger

This act requires the Mortgage Broker Licensing examination to be designated as the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System Uniform State Test for Mortgage Loan Originator Licensing.

This provision is identical to HCS/HB 926 (2015) and similar to SB 488 (2015).

Currently, in order to obtain a license to issue checks in this state, an individual must submit an application accompanied by an investigation fee of \$100. Furthermore, prior to receiving such license, and annually thereafter, an individual must pay a fee of \$100. This act changes each of those fees to \$300.

The Director of Finance is currently permitted to charge a fee not exceeding \$100 for amending and reissuing an existing license. This act changes that to a fee not to exceed \$300.

Current law states that the annual licensing fee for an individual to engage in the business of a financial institution shall be \$300 for each place of business of the individual. This act changes that fee to \$500 per place of business.

In order to engage in the business of a premium finance company, individuals currently must pay an annual registration fee of \$300. Further, any revised statement of a registration form shall be accompanied by a \$100 fee. This act changes those fees to \$500 and \$300, respectively.

Currently, the licensing fee for individuals to engage in the business of a sales finance company is \$300 for each place of business operated by the individual. This act changes that to a \$500 fee.

Lenders of small loans are currently required to apply for a certificate of registration accompanied by a \$300 fee. This act changes that fee to \$500.

Credit service organizations filing a registration statement with the Director of Finance may be charged a fee not exceeding \$100 by the Director. This act changes that to a fee not exceeding \$300.

Currently, lenders of unsecured loans of \$500 or less must obtain a license from the Director of Finance and pay an annual license fee of \$300 per location. This act changes that to a \$500 fee per location.

These provisions are substantially similar to HCS/HB 587 (2015) which was Truly Agreed To and Finally Passed.

SCOTT SVAGERA

SPONSOR: Sater

HANDLER: Franklin

SS/SCS/SB 354 - This act requires the Department of Health and Senior Services to provide coverage, through state and federal appropriations, for the full cost of amino acid-based elemental formulas for children under 19 years with a medical diagnosis of specified allergies, syndromes, or disorders.

This act is identical to provisions in SCS/HB 556 (2015) and similar to provisions in HCS/HB 665 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

***** SB 366 *****

SPONSOR: Schmitt

HANDLER: Alferman

SS/SB 366 - The act exempts from state income taxation refunds of qualified higher education expenses received by beneficiaries in connection with withdrawal from an eligible education institution when the refund is contributed to a qualified tuition savings program within 60 days of withdrawal.

Furthermore, the act permits participants in the MOST program to elect to contribute all or part of their income tax refund to his or her MOST account via direct deposit. Such election must be made on a form provided by the Department of Revenue and may not be revoked. This provision is substantially similar to SB 420 (2015).

SCOTT SVAGERA

***** SB 373 *****

SPONSOR: Libla

HANDLER: McDaniel

SS/SB 373 - This act creates the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Control Fund. Under this act, 70 percent of the fees collected for liquor licenses and permits are directed to the fund. Money in the fund may only be used by the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Control for the administration of the liquor control laws and laws prohibiting the sale of tobacco to minors, and any duties relating to licensing, training, technical assistance, and regulations.

These provisions are identical to provisions of SCS/HB 279 (2015) and HCS/SB 148 (2015) and are similar to HB 842 (2015).

MEGHAN LUECKE

***** SB 392 *****

SPONSOR: Wieland

HANDLER: Gosen

SB 392 - Currently there are two categories of persons within a fraternal benefit society that are not deemed an agent of the fraternal benefit society requiring insurance agent licensure: 1) any regular salaried officer, employee or secretary who devotes substantially all services to activities other than the solicitation of insurance contracts; and 2) any member representative of societies that insure members against death, dismemberment, or disability from accident only and that receive no commission or other consideration. The second category of persons exempt from insurance agent licensure has been changed to be any member representative of any fraternal benefit society who devotes less than fifty percent of his or her time to the solicitation and procurement of insurance contracts. A member representative is deemed to devote fifty percent of his or her time to the solicitation and procurement of insurance contracts if they solicited and procured insurance contracts in excess of fifty thousand dollars or contracts on more than twenty-five individuals.

This act is identical to HB 1197 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

***** SB 405 *****

SPONSOR: Hegeman

HANDLER: Andrews

SB 405 - Under current law, county collectors must collect a specified amount of fees for collecting local taxes. In counties where the total amount levied in a year is between \$350,000 and \$2 million, the fee is 2.5 percent on the first \$350,000 collected and 1 percent on the rest. In counties where the total

SPONSOR: Hegeman

HANDLER: Andrews

amount levied exceeds \$2 million, the fee is 1 percent on all amounts collected.

This act raises the outer threshold amount for a county to be eligible to collect the 2.5 percent on the first \$350,000 to \$3 million.

This provision is identical to a provision of the truly agreed to and finally passed SCS/HCS/HB 613 (2015), HCS/HB 1154 (2015), HB 1269 (2015), HCS/SCS/SB 245 (2015), and the truly agreed to and finally passed HCS/SS/SCS/SB 87 (2015).

MEGHAN LUECKE

***** SB 426 *****

SPONSOR: Parson

HANDLER: Franklin

SB 426 - This act requires specified residential facilities, mental health programs, and mental health facilities to disclose information and confidential records to Department of Mental Health-designated community mental health liaisons for the purpose of care and service coordination. Additionally, confidential records and files maintained by any court in civil commitment proceedings shall be made available to community mental health liaisons. The court may impose appropriate restrictions or require a showing of good cause before releasing such records.

This act is identical to HB 922 (2015).

SARAH HASKINS

***** SB 435 *****

SPONSOR: Walsh

HANDLER: Fitzwater

SCS/SB 435 - This act allows the Governor to convey the state's interest in specified property owned by the state in St. Louis County to the county.

The instrument of conveyance must include a statement recognizing the special relationship between the state and St. Louis County with regard to the use of the property and specifying that the state and county must continue to cooperate regarding the use of the property.

MEGHAN LUECKE

***** SB 445 *****

SPONSOR: Romine

HANDLER: Miller

CCS/HCS/SCS/SB 445 - This act modifies provisions relating to environmental protection.

AUDITS (Sections 29.380 & 260.325) - Currently, the State Auditor shall conduct audits of solid waste management districts and may request reimbursement for such audits. Under this act, the State Auditor may conduct audits and may request reimbursement for such audits with the reimbursement deposited in the Petition Audit Revolving Trust Fund. If the Auditor does request such reimbursement, the solid waste management districts shall reimburse the Auditor for such audits. Such reimbursement shall be limited to 2% of the solid waste management district's annual allocation.

This act also modifies the frequency of financial audits for solid waste management districts. Currently, districts receiving more than \$200,000 annually are required to have an annual audit while

SPONSOR: Romine

HANDLER: Miller

districts receiving less than \$200,000 are required to have an audit every 2 years. The Department of Natural Resources is required to audit district grants every 3 years. Under this act, districts receiving more than \$800,000 annually are required to have an annual audit, while districts receiving \$800,000 or less but more than \$250,000 are required to have an audit every 2 years. All other districts shall be monitored every 2 years by the Department of Natural Resources, and they may be required to arrange an independent audit. Further, the Department shall audit district grants every 5 years, or as deemed necessary based upon district grantee performance.

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PROJECTS (Sections 260.200 & 260.335) - This act defines the term "solid waste management projects" and changes certain references to "projects" to "solid waste management projects".

TEXTILES (Section 260.250) - Currently, solid waste management districts are required to address the recycling, reuse and handling of certain products. This act adds textiles to this requirement.

EXECUTIVE BOARDS (Sections 260.320 & 260.324) - Currently, Solid Waste Management District Executive Boards are required to encourage small businesses to engage and compete in the delivery of recycling and solid waste management services. Under this act, an executive board shall not perform solid waste management projects that compete with a qualified private enterprise.

No person shall be disqualified from receiving a grant for providing solid waste management and recycling services if they have a familial relationship with any member of the Solid Waste Management District Executive Board. However, their grant application must be approved by a vote of 2/3 of the board and such executive board member shall abstain from voting on the grant application or such member shall forfeit membership on the Solid Waste Management District Executive Board and Council.

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PLANS (Sections 260.225 & 260.325) -

The Department of Natural Resources is required to prepare model solid waste management plans. This act requires that the plans provide for economical recycling and waste management through regional and district cooperation.

Currently, any county within a region that is not a member of a district is required to submit a solid waste management plan to the Department of Natural Resources. This act repeals this requirement.

ALLOCATION OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FUND MONEYS & GRANTS (Sections 260.330 & 260.335) - Currently, the moratorium on increasing the sanitary landfill tipping fee, the demolition landfill tipping fee, and the transfer station tipping fee is set to expire in 2017. This act extends the moratorium to 2027.

This act lists criteria that solid waste management districts may use in establishing district grant priority. Any allocated district moneys remaining at the fiscal year due to inadequate grant applications shall be reallocated for grant applications in subsequent years and projects other than district operations. Any district moneys remaining after 5 years shall revert to the Solid Waste Management Fund.

Currently, the Department of Natural Resources is not required to approve or deny grant applications in a specified number of days. This act sets forth a timeline for which DNR is required to either approve or deny an application.

SPONSOR: Romine

HANDLER: Miller

SOLID WASTE ADVISORY BOARD (Section 260.345) - Currently, the Solid Waste Advisory Board is composed of the chairman of the executive board of each solid waste management district. Under this act, the Board shall be composed of the chairman of the executive board of each solid waste management district, or his or her designee. Currently, 5 additional members are appointed to the Board by the Director of the Department of Natural Resources. This act changes the appointing authority from the Director of the Department to the Program Director of the Solid Waste Management Program.

This act modifies the duties of the Solid Waste Advisory Board by requiring that the Board submit an annual report to the Department of Natural Resources on a number of subjects, including unfunded solid waste management projects. This act also requires the Board to prepare an annual report to committees in the General Assembly regarding solid waste.

Under this act, the Solid Waste Advisory Board is required to hold regular meetings on a quarterly basis. A special meeting of the Board may occur under certain conditions. In addition, this act modifies the conditions under which the Board may conduct business.

These provisions are identical to provisions contained in HB 92 (2015), SCS/HB 923 (2015), SCS/HCS/HB 1058 (2015), and CCS#2/HCS/SCS/SB 152 (2015).

AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING (Section 643.650) - This act requires owners of a coal-fired electric generating source in a National Ambient Air Quality Standards nonattainment area designated as of April 1, 2015, to develop an ambient air quality monitoring or modeling network to characterize the sulfur dioxide air quality surrounding the source. The network shall operate for at least 12 consecutive quarters. This act requires the owner of such source to notify the Department of Natural Resources of the manner in which it intends to characterize the air quality around the source, and if the owner elects to use monitoring the owner shall be consulted by the Department and the location of such monitoring network shall be approved by the Department.

Under this act, the Department of Natural Resources shall not submit its recommendation on the designation process to the Environmental Protection Agency on the manner of air quality data collection that is inconsistent with monitoring or modeling elections. Additionally, the Department of Natural Resources shall not propose to the Air Conservation Commission any sulfur dioxide emission limitation unless such limitation has been agreed to by both the Department and the owner of the affected source. Nothing in this act shall prohibit the Department from entering into an agreement with an owner of an electric generating source to limit or reduce sulfur dioxide emissions.

This provision is identical to a provision contained in CCS#2/HCS/SCS/SB 152 (2015), and is substantially similar to the perfected HCS/HB 1084 (2015).

This act is identical to CCS#2/HCS/SCS/SB 152 (2015).

KAYLA CRIDER

SPONSOR: Kehoe

HANDLER: Berry

HCS/SCS/SB 456 - This act modifies provisions relating to the ownership of motor vehicles.

TRANSFERRED LICENSE PLATES (Section 301.140.1) - Currently, the operation of a motor vehicle

SPONSOR: Kehoe

HANDLER: Berry

with transferred license plates is lawful for 30 days. Under this act, it is lawful for 90 days if the dealer is selling the vehicle without yet having obtained a certificate of ownership.

TEMPORARY PERMITS (Section 301.140.4) - Currently, the Director of the Department of Revenue or a motor vehicle dealer may issue a temporary permit authorizing the operation of a motor vehicle or trailer by a buyer for not more than 30 days. Under this act, the temporary permit authorizes operation for not more than 90 days if the dealer is selling the vehicle without yet having obtained a certificate of ownership.

CERTIFICATE OF OWNERSHIP (Section 301.190) - Currently, a person acquiring a motor vehicle is required to apply for a certificate of ownership within 30 days of acquiring the vehicle. Under this act, the person is not required to apply for a certificate of ownership within 30 days if they have acquired the vehicle from a motor vehicle dealer prior to the dealer having a certificate of ownership, under which they have 30 days after receiving title from the dealer to apply for a certificate of ownership.

MOTOR VEHICLE DEALER TITLE REQUIREMENTS FOR USED MOTOR VEHICLES (Section 301.213) - Currently, motor vehicle dealers are authorized to purchase or accept in trade any motor vehicle for which there has been issued a certificate of title. This act modifies this to any vehicle for which there has been issued a certificate of ownership. Once the vehicle has been delivered to the dealer, the prior owners' insurable interest in such vehicle ceases. This act specifies that such dealers provide to the Department of Revenue a surety bond or irrevocable letter of credit in an amount not less than \$100,000 in lieu of the \$25,000 bond otherwise required for licensure as a motor vehicle dealer.

If a dealer receives certain items, they may sell such vehicle prior to receiving and assigning to the purchaser a certificate of ownership. In order to do so, they have to have prepared and delivered to the purchaser an application for title for the vehicle in the purchaser's name, and have entered into a written agreement for the subsequent assignment and delivery of the certificate of ownership within 60 days after delivery of the motor vehicle to the purchaser. The agreement shall require the purchaser to provide to the dealer proof of financial responsibility and proof of insurance. The dealer shall maintain a copy of the agreement, and shall deliver a form to the Department of Revenue showing that the purchaser has purchased the vehicle without contemporaneous delivery of the title. If these requirements are met, among others, they shall constitute evidence of an ownership interest in the vehicle.

Currently, following a sale in which a certificate of ownership has not been assigned from the owner to the dealer, the dealer shall apply for a duplicate or replacement certificate of ownership within 5 business days. This act modifies this requirement to 10 business days. Upon receiving a duplicate certificate of ownership, the dealer shall deliver it to the purchaser of the vehicle within 5 days.

If the dealer fails or is unable to deliver a certificate of ownership to the purchaser, and the purchaser of the vehicle is damaged, the dealer is liable for actual damages, plus court costs and attorney fees. If a seller misrepresents to a dealer that they are the owner of the vehicle, and certain parties are damaged as a result, the seller shall be liable to the party for both actual and punitive damages, plus court costs and attorney fees. When a lienholder is damaged as a result of a licensed dealer's acts, errors, omissions, or violation of this act, the dealer shall also be liable for actual damages, plus court costs and attorney fees. The Department of Revenue may use a dealer's repeated or intentional violation of this act as a cause to refuse to issue or renew any license. The hearing process shall be the same as currently established for suspended or revoked licenses.

SPONSOR: Kehoe

HANDLER: Berry

MOTOR VEHICLE DEALER LICENSES (Section 301.562) - This act expands the sections under which licenses are granted that are subject to the terms of this section and provides an alternative agreement process for the Department of Revenue to ensure compliance of a motor vehicle dealer license holder with specific sections.

ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES (Section 301.644) - Under this act, electronic signatures may be used on certain documents, without a notary requirement, when an insurance company has paid a total loss on a motor vehicle and is changing ownership of the vehicle from the owner to the insurance company.

This act contains provisions similar to SCS/HCS/HB 1002 (2015), HB 651(2015), and HCS/HB 2139 (2014).

KAYLA CRIDER

***** SB 463 *****

SPONSOR: Dixon

HANDLER: Hoskins

SB 463 - Currently, the Residential Treatment Agency Tax Credit is set to expire on December 31, 2015, and the Developmental Disability Care Provider Tax Credit is set to expire on December 31, 2016. This act extends both programs indefinitely.

These provisions are similar to HB 996 (2015). These provisions are similar to provisions in HCS/SS/SCS/SB 174 (2015).

MIKE HAMMANN

***** SB 474 *****

SPONSOR: Wallingford

HANDLER: Davis

SB 474 - Under current law the "Heroes Way Interchange Designation Program" allows for designations of interstate or state-numbered highway interchanges for members of the United States Armed Forces killed in action while performing active military duty with the Armed Forces in Afghanistan or Iraq on or after September 11, 2001. This act expands the program to allow for designations of bridges and segments of highway on the state highway system. This act also expands the program to allow for designations of any member of the United States Armed Forces killed in action while performing active military duty.

This act is identical to provisions contained in SS/SCS/HBs 522, 34, 133, 134, 810, 338, & 873 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

***** SB 497 *****

SPONSOR: Hegeman

HANDLER: Korman

SB 497 - This act modifies provisions relating to special purpose districts.

DISSOLUTION OF SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICTS - 67.950 & 67.955

Current law provides that a special purpose district may be dissolved upon a majority vote of the district. The election may be called upon the filing of a petition signed by at least 8 percent of the voters of the district or upon the motion of a majority of the members of the governing body.

SPONSOR: Hegeman

HANDLER: Korman

This act requires the petition to be filed with the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the district is located or, if the district is in more than one county, the circuit court clerk of the county having the largest acreage within the district. It also requires additional information to be included with the petition, including a description of the boundaries, an allegation that the operation of the district is not in the best interests of the inhabitants of the district, and a detailed plan for the payment of the district's debt. The petitioners must also pay \$50.

Under this act, if the governing board of the district determines the dissolution is not in the public interest, the district must oppose the petition.

This act provides a hearing process for the petition of dissolution and contains notice requirements.

The district and voters and landowners of the district may file exceptions to the dissolution no less than five days before the hearing date. The court consider the exceptions and evidence in support of the petition. Unless the petitioners prove that all debts of the district can be paid in full upon dissolution, the petition must be dismissed.

If the court finds it not in the public interest to dissolve the district, the court must dismiss the petition. If the court finds it is in the public interest, the court must enter a decree providing for the submission of the question of dissolution to the voters.

If the voters approve the question by a majority, then the court must order the district dissolved. The court must provide for the disposition of the district's property.

This provision is similar to a provision of HCS/SCS/SB 245 (2015), HCS/SCS/SB 326 (2015), and HCS/HB 1154 (2015).

WATER SERVICE - 393.015

Currently, any sewer provider may contract with a water corporation to terminate water service to any customer premises for nonpayment of a sewer bill. Under this act, a sewer provider may also contract with any municipal water service or water district for termination of water service for nonpayment of a sewer bill.

This provision is identical to HB 824 (2015).

FINDING OF AFFORDABILITY - 644.145

Currently, the Department of Natural Resources is required to perform a finding of affordability when issuing permits under the Missouri Clean Water Law for discharges from certain publicly owned treatment works. This act also requires that such finding of affordability be performed when issuing permits for discharges from water or sewer treatment works.

Currently, the definitions of "affordability" and "finding of affordability" are measured by whether an individual customer or household with an income equal to the lower of the median household income can pay the utility bill without undue hardship. Under this act, the measurement would be whether such household with an income equal to or lower than the median household income can pay such bill without hardship and without making unreasonable sacrifices in the individual or household's lifestyle.

SPONSOR: Hegeman

HANDLER: Korman

This provision is identical to a provision of the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/HB 92 (2015), HCS/SS/SB 476 (2015), and HCS/HB 1058 (2015).

COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT VOTES - SECTION 1

This act provides that no person shall cast more than one ballot in any election for the board of directors of a community improvement district.

MEGHAN LUECKE

***** SB 500 *****

SPONSOR: Riddle

SB 500 - Currently, sellers of jams, jellies, and honey whose annual sales are \$30,000 or less per domicile are exempt from the requirement to maintain separate facilities for the manufacture of such items. This act removes jams and jellies from this provision and increases the annual sales level required to maintain separate facilities for the bottling of honey to \$50,000.

Currently, sellers of honey are exempt from all remaining health standards and regulations for the manufacture of honey if they meet certain requirements. Under this act, sellers of honey are exempt from health standards and regulations for the bottling of honey if they meet certain requirements, including that the honey be bottled in the domicile of the person harvesting the honey. Currently, to be exempt from such health standards the seller is required to display a placard in a prominent location during the sale of honey that states "This product has not been inspected by the Department of Health and Senior Services". Under this act, this placard requirement is repealed. Additionally under this act, the requirement that the honey be labeled that it has not been inspected by the Department of Health and Senior Services is repealed.

This act is identical to the perfected HB 1093 (2015).

KAYLA CRIDER

***** SB 524 *****

SPONSOR: Cunningham

HANDLER: Shull

SB 524 - This act prohibits any contractual fee charged by a bank, trust company, association, or credit union for overdrawing the balance of a deposit account from being deemed as interest.

This act is identical to HB 1064 (2015).

SCOTT SVAGERA

***** SB 539 *****

SPONSOR: Brown

HANDLER: Franklin

SCS/SB 539 - This act allows the county commission, or a county officer designated by the county commission, to take or process applications for passports, or their renewal, if the court clerk in the circuit in which the county is located does not offer such services. Fees charged for the service are retained by the county office that provides the service.

This provision is similar to a provision of HCS/SB 364 (2015) and HCS/SB 148 (2015).

MEGHAN LUECKE

***** SCR 1 *****

SPONSOR: Nasheed

HANDLER: Zerr

SCR 1 - This resolution designates January as Sex Trafficking Awareness Month in Missouri.
MEGHAN LUECKE

***** SCR 2 *****

SPONSOR: Nasheed

HANDLER: English

SCR 2 - This resolution designates the month of November as Pica Awareness Month in Missouri.
SARAH HASKINS

***** SCR 4 *****

SPONSOR: Walsh

HANDLER: Zerr

SCR 4 - This resolution recognizes every September 26th as Mesothelioma Awareness Day in Missouri.

This resolution is identical to SCR 20 (2014) and SCR 3 (2013).
JIM ERTLE

***** HB 1 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

SCS/HB 1 - Public Debt

.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 66,092,400	\$ 59,199,900
FEDERAL	0	0
OTHER	2,748,834	2,748,834
.		
TOTAL	\$ 68,841,234	\$ 61,948,734

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 59,199,900	\$ 59,199,900
FEDERAL	0	0
OTHER	2,748,834	2,748,834
.		
TOTAL	\$ 61,948,734	\$ 61,948,734

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 2 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

CCS/SCS/HCS/HB 2 - Elementary and Secondary Education

.	Governor	House
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***** HB 2 *****

(Cont'd)

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

GR	\$3,191,490,014	\$3,213,286,264
FEDERAL	1,087,047,244	1,087,047,244
OTHER	1,476,835,593	1,476,835,593
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$5,755,372,851</u>	<u>\$5,777,169,101</u>

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$3,222,781,613	\$3,220,532,590
FEDERAL	1,086,848,297	1,087,047,244
OTHER	1,481,824,719	1,481,835,593
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$5,791,454,629</u>	<u>\$5,789,415,427</u>

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 3 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

CCS/SCS/HCS/HB 3 - Higher Education

.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 913,438,908	\$ 922,488,908
FEDERAL	3,659,999	3,659,999
OTHER	341,510,659	341,510,659
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$1,258,609,566</u>	<u>\$1,267,659,566</u>

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 915,097,865	\$ 933,638,908
FEDERAL	3,653,749	3,659,999
OTHER	310,461,639	329,520,659
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$1,265,213,253</u>	<u>\$1,266,819,566</u>

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 4 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

CCS/SCS/HCS/HB 4 - Revenue & Transportation

.	REVENUE	
.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 84,946,836	\$ 85,834,330
FEDERAL	4,106,285	4,106,285
OTHER	417,605,599	417,591,145
.		

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

TOTAL	\$ 506,658,720	\$ 507,531,760
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.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 87,828,602	\$ 88,434,330
FEDERAL	4,096,887	4,106,285
OTHER	417,541,998	417,591,145
.		
TOTAL	\$ 509,467,487	\$ 510,131,760

.	TRANSPORTATION	
.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 10,094,129	\$ 13,844,129
FEDERAL	117,374,861	117,374,861
OTHER	2,025,293,824	2,025,293,824
.		
TOTAL	\$2,152,762,814	\$2,156,512,814

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 21,294,129	\$ 19,544,129
FEDERAL	117,354,964	117,374,861
OTHER	2,022,803,741	2,025,293,824
.		
TOTAL	\$2,161,452,834	\$2,162,212,814

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

CCS/SCS/HCS/HB 5 - Office of Administration

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATION

.	Governor	House
GR	\$187,791,825	\$172,884,606
FEDERAL	81,028,934	80,828,934
OTHER	48,308,179	48,308,179
.		
TOTAL	\$317,128,938	\$302,021,719

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$190,298,644	\$174,641,743
FEDERAL	82,178,314	80,848,933
OTHER	49,564,349	47,828,178
.		

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

TOTAL	\$322,041,307	\$303,318,854
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EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

.	Governor	House
GR	\$552,252,548	\$ 551,065,393
FEDERAL	203,254,397	203,254,397
OTHER	178,237,485	178,237,485
.		
TOTAL	\$933,744,430	\$ 932,557,275

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$552,246,544	\$ 552,246,544
FEDERAL	203,254,397	203,254,397
OTHER	178,237,485	178,237,485
.		
TOTAL	\$933,738,426	\$ 933,738,426

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

CCS/SCS/HCS/HB 6 - Agriculture, Natural Resources & Conservation

.	AGRICULTURE	
.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 10,417,725	\$ 10,867,725
FEDERAL	4,227,223	4,227,223
OTHER	23,332,718	25,754,145
.		
TOTAL	\$ 37,977,666	\$ 40,849,093

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 11,009,144	\$ 11,429,947
FEDERAL	4,166,715	4,227,223
OTHER	26,608,459	26,674,661
.		
TOTAL	\$ 41,784,318	\$ 42,331,831

.	NATURAL RESOURCES	
.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 10,829,503	\$ 10,440,327
FEDERAL	49,996,693	49,996,693

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

OTHER	569,300,397	499,293,858
.		
TOTAL	\$630,126,593	\$559,730,878

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 10,798,222	\$ 10,829,503
FEDERAL	49,928,123	49,996,693
OTHER	494,058,517	499,654,886
.		
TOTAL	\$554,784,862	\$560,481,082

CONSERVATION

.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 0	\$ 0
FEDERAL	0	0
OTHER	163,505,752	148,505,752
.		
TOTAL	\$163,505,752	\$148,505,752

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 0	\$ 0
FEDERAL	0	0
OTHER	158,505,752	149,505,752
.		
TOTAL	\$158,505,752	\$149,505,752

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

CCS/SCS/HCS/HB 7 - Economic Development, Insurance & Labor and Industrial Relations

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 60,172,627	\$ 80,591,050
FEDERAL	216,008,884	216,006,397
OTHER	66,340,941	66,332,133
.		
TOTAL	\$342,522,452	\$362,929,580

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 81,730,868	\$ 80,948,436
FEDERAL	213,035,659	213,180,393

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

OTHER	68,174,852	68,332,133
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$362,941,379</u>	<u>\$362,460,962</u>

INSURANCE

.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 0	\$ 0
FEDERAL	1,783,233	1,783,233
OTHER	38,300,455	38,296,708
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$ 40,083,688</u>	<u>\$ 40,079,941</u>

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 0	\$ 0
FEDERAL	1,781,137	1,783,233
OTHER	38,280,477	38,885,687
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$ 40,061,614</u>	<u>\$ 40,668,920</u>

LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 2,370,678	\$ 2,055,497
FEDERAL	56,438,358	56,438,358
OTHER	126,032,218	125,419,453
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$184,841,254</u>	<u>\$183,913,308</u>

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 2,248,149	\$ 2,248,549
FEDERAL	56,267,087	56,438,358
OTHER	132,522,349	132,302,452
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$191,037,585</u>	<u>190,989,359</u>

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

CCS/SCS/HCS/HB 8 - Public Safety

.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 65,936,541	\$ 70,061,258
FEDERAL	210,712,068	210,708,180
OTHER	405,560,473	405,024,700

***** HB 8 *****

(Cont'd)

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

.		
TOTAL	\$682,209,082	\$685,794,138

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 69,597,612	\$ 69,471,854
FEDERAL	259,319,934	259,512,068
OTHER	405,429,531	405,698,166
.		
TOTAL	\$734,347,077	\$734,682,088

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 9 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

CCS/SCS/HCS/HB 9 - Corrections

.	Governor	House
GR	\$661,756,199	\$662,330,072
FEDERAL	5,120,976	5,120,976
OTHER	43,757,083	43,757,083
.		
TOTAL	\$710,634,258	\$711,208,131

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$662,431,693	\$661,290,269
FEDERAL	5,115,117	5,120,976
OTHER	43,756,583	43,757,083
.		
TOTAL	\$711,303,393	\$710,168,328

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 10 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

CCS/SCS/HCS/HB 10 - Mental Health & Health

.	MENTAL HEALTH
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.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 726,215,413	\$ 744,793,296
FEDERAL	1,029,648,246	1,034,234,036
OTHER	58,227,405	54,316,825
.		
TOTAL	\$1,814,091,064	\$1,833,344,157

***** HB 10 *****

(Cont'd)

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 702,327,314	\$ 730,121,321
FEDERAL	1,044,151,011	1,036,234,036
OTHER	75,012,971	70,165,791
.		
TOTAL	\$1,821,491,296	\$1,836,521,148

HEALTH

.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 329,598,285	\$ 336,231,578
FEDERAL	899,435,613	899,963,208
OTHER	20,280,064	20,278,836
.		
TOTAL	\$1,249,313,962	\$1,256,473,622

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 54,270,746	\$ 330,849,608
FEDERAL	391,750,154	897,128,596
OTHER	20,224,010	25,263,551
.		
TOTAL	\$ 466,244,910	\$1,253,241,755

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 11 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

CCS/SCS/HCS/HB 11 - Social Services

.	Governor	House
GR	\$1,579,027,568	\$1,589,393,783
FEDERAL	4,677,467,738	4,694,848,967
OTHER	2,510,205,540	2,531,518,365
.		
TOTAL	\$8,766,700,846	\$8,815,761,115

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$1,730,014,700	\$1,532,392,881
FEDERAL	5,202,381,493	4,567,772,498
OTHER	2,556,339,158	2,509,021,896
.		
TOTAL	\$9,488,735,351	\$8,609,187,275

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 12 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

CCS/SCS/HCS/HB 12 - Elected Officials, Judiciary, Public Defender & General Assembly

.	ELECTED OFFICIALS	
.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 47,029,249	\$ 50,063,999
FEDERAL	20,909,729	20,909,729
OTHER	50,863,738	50,770,240
.		
TOTAL	\$118,802,716	\$121,743,968

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 50,841,181	\$ 51,071,181
FEDERAL	21,884,729	21,684,729
OTHER	50,863,738	50,800,240
.		
TOTAL	\$123,589,648	\$123,556,150

.	JUDICIARY	
.	Governor	House
GR	\$183,281,326	\$182,244,555
FEDERAL	10,649,034	10,649,034
OTHER	14,379,370	14,379,370
.		
TOTAL	\$208,309,730	\$207,272,959

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$183,645,461	\$183,058,930
FEDERAL	10,692,756	10,692,756
OTHER	14,379,370	14,379,370
.		
TOTAL	\$208,717,587	\$208,131,056

.	PUBLIC DEFENDER	
.	Governor	House
GR	\$36,422,010	\$36,322,010
FEDERAL	125,000	125,000
OTHER	2,983,293	2,983,293
.		
TOTAL	\$39,530,303	\$39,430,303

***** HB 12 *****

(Cont'd)

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$40,149,068	\$36,422,010
FEDERAL	125,000	125,000
OTHER	2,983,293	2,983,293
.		
TOTAL	\$43,257,361	\$39,530,303

.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

.	Governor	House
GR	\$35,181,476	\$ 35,181,476
FEDERAL	0	0
OTHER	294,005	294,005
.		
TOTAL	\$35,475,481	\$ 35,475,481

.

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$35,438,373	\$ 35,438,373
FEDERAL	0	0
OTHER	294,005	294,005
.		
TOTAL	\$35,732,378	\$ 35,732,378

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 13 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

CCS/SCS/HCS/HB 13 - Statewide Leasing

.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 71,014,354	\$ 67,509,448
FEDERAL	18,531,107	18,531,107
OTHER	13,446,298	13,446,298
.		
TOTAL	\$102,991,759	\$ 99,486,853

.

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 71,178,354	\$ 71,014,354
FEDERAL	18,531,107	18,531,107
OTHER	13,446,298	13,446,298
.		
TOTAL	\$103,155,759	\$102,991,759

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 14 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

HCS/HB 14 - Supplemental Appropriations

.	Governor	House
GR	\$120,046,498	\$120,046,498
FEDERAL	89,303,140	89,303,140
OTHER	41,065,520	41,065,520
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$250,415,158</u>	<u>\$250,415,158</u>

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$120,046,498	\$120,046,498
FEDERAL	89,303,140	89,046,498
OTHER	41,065,520	41,065,520
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$250,415,158</u>	<u>\$250,415,158</u>

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 16 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

HCS/HB 16 - Supplemental Appropriations

.	Governor	House
GR	\$	\$ 8,555,580
FEDERAL		
OTHER		124,291,299
.		
TOTAL	<u>n/a</u>	<u>\$132,846,879</u>

.	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 8,555,580	\$ 8,555,580
FEDERAL		
OTHER	124,291,299	124,291,299
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$132,846,879</u>	<u>\$132,846,879</u>

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 17 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

SS/SCS/HCS/HB 17 - Appropriates money for capital improvement and other purposes as provided in Article IV, Section 28.

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 18 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

***** HB 18 *** (Cont'd)**

SCS/HCS/HB 18 - Capitol Improvements

.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 74,250,000	\$ 74,450,000
FEDERAL	22,350,000	22,350,000
OTHER	65,167,748	64,967,748
.		
TOTAL	<u>161,767,748</u>	<u>\$161,767,748</u>
.		
	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 74,450,000	\$ 74,450,000
FEDERAL	22,350,000	22,350,000
OTHER	64,967,748	64,967,748
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$161,767,748</u>	<u>\$161,767,748</u>

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 19 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Schaefer

SCS/HCS/HB 19 - New Construction/Capitol Improvements

.	Governor	House
GR	\$ 0	\$ 45,700,000
FEDERAL	0	0
OTHER	0	312,319,084
.		
TOTAL	<u>0</u>	<u>\$358,019,084</u>
.		
	Senate	Final
GR	\$ 19,375,000	\$ 19,375,000
FEDERAL	0	0
OTHER	357,319,084	357,319,084
.		
TOTAL	<u>\$376,694,084</u>	<u>\$376,694,084</u>

ADAM KOENIGSFELD

***** HB 41 *****

SPONSOR: Wood

HANDLER: Kehoe

SCS/HB 41 - This act repeals obsolete portions of the elementary and secondary education foundation formula relating to the seven year phase-in of the formula changes in 2005 or provisions that were only applicable in one particular fiscal year.

MICHAEL RUFF

***** HB 42 *****

SPONSOR: Wood

HANDLER: Pearce

SPONSOR: Wood

HANDLER: Pearce

CCS/SCS/HCS/HB 42 - This act modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education.

GRADUATION RATE DEFINITION: This act changes the definition of "graduation rate" to be the graduation rate determined by the annual performance report required by the Missouri School Improvement Program.

This provision is identical to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and in SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014). (Section 160.011)

CHARTER SCHOOLS - SECTION 160.400: This act modifies where charter schools may operate. This act repeals the current restrictions on when charter schools may operate in provisionally accredited districts. Instead, charter schools may operate in any provisionally accredited district at any time. It removes the restrictions on which sponsoring entities may sponsor charters in a provisionally accredited district.

Charter schools may operate in any district that has most of all of its land area located in Jackson County, except for any district that is fully accredited but has a resident pupil enrollment of less than three thousand. Charter schools may operate in any school district that has most or all of its land area located in St. Louis County.

This act repeals the requirement that a two-year private vocational or technical school be a member of the North Central Association to be a charter school sponsor.

This act requires that the contract between a sponsor and a charter school contain performance consequences aligned with annual performance report evaluations of public schools.

A sponsor's policies and procedures must require charter schools to meet current state academic performance standards as well as other standards agreed upon by the sponsor and the charter school in the performance contract.

When a sponsor notifies a charter school of closure, the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education must withhold funds to assure all obligations of the charter school are met. The state, charter school's sponsor, or resident district are not liable for any outstanding liability or obligations of the charter school.

SECTION 160.403: This act exempts the Missouri Charter Public School Commission from the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education's application and approval process for entities eligible to be sponsors.

SECTION 160.405: A charter must include a time frame for implementation between a charter school and the sponsor as to when a sponsor will intervene in a charter school.

Currently, the State Board of Education must approve a charter by December first of the year prior to the proposed opening date of the charter school. Instead, the State Board of Education is required to approve a charter by January 31 prior to the school year that is the proposed opening date of the charter school.

Under current law, when a sponsor approves a charter and submits the application to the State Board

SPONSOR: Wood

HANDLER: Pearce

of Education, it must include a statement of finding that the application meets statutory requirements. This act requires the sponsor to prepare the statement of finding.

The State Board of Education must approve or deny a charter application within sixty days of its receipt. Any charter application received on or before November 15 of the year prior to the proposed opening of the charter school must be considered by the State Board within sixty days. If the State Board denies a charter application, it must do so in writing and identify the specific failures of the application to meet statutory requirements. The written denial must be provided to the sponsor within ten business days.

This act allows charter schools to provide early childhood education if specified in the charter.

Currently, a sponsor may place a charter school on probationary status for no more than twelve months. This act increases the amount of time a charter school may be on probationary status to twenty-four months.

A charter school that has an annual performance report consistent with a classification of accredited for three of the last four years and is fiscally viable may have an expedited renewal process as defined by rule of the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education.

The Department of Elementary and Secondary Education must calculate an annual performance report for each charter school and must publish it in the same manner as they are calculated and published for districts and attendance centers.

The Department of Elementary and Secondary Education must create a committee to investigate facility access and affordability for charter schools. This committee must report its findings to the General Assembly by December 31, 2015.

SECTION 160.408: This act allows high-quality charter schools, as defined in the act, to be provided expedited opportunities to replicate and expand into unaccredited districts, the St. Louis City School District, the Kansas City School District, any school district that has most or all of its land area located in St. Louis County, and any school district that has most or all of its land area located in Jackson County (except for any fully accredited district that has a resident pupil enrollment of less than three thousand). A high-quality charter school must receive eighty percent or more on its annual performance report in three of the previous four school years, maintain a graduation rate of at least eighty percent for three of the last four school years, be in material compliance with its performance contract and the charter school laws, and be organizationally and fiscally viable.

The term of such a charter will be five years and may be renewed for terms up to ten years.

SECTION 160.410: Charter schools will enroll nonresident pupils who are Missouri residents and whose parents are employed at the charter school. Approved charter schools, as defined in the act, will enroll nonresident pupils from unaccredited schools in the same or an adjoining county who were enrolled in and attended an unaccredited school for at least one semester immediately prior to requesting the transfer and who are unable to transfer to an accredited school in their district of residence.

A charter school's admissions system, if capacity is insufficient to enroll all pupils who apply, must not discriminate based on the parents' ability to pay fees or tuition.

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This act changes how students are counted in the performance of the charter school on the statewide assessments. The charter school must include students in the charter school present on the last Wednesday in September through the administration of the Missouri Assessment Program test without transferring out of the school and reenrolling.

SECTION 160.415: A charter school's weighted average daily attendance must be adjusted to include any nonresident pupil who is a Missouri resident who attends the charter school and whose parent is employed at it.

A charter school may receive tuition payments for nonresident students who transfer to it from an unaccredited school.

SECTION 160.417: This act changes the phrase "number of school days and hours required" to "the minimum amount of school time required."

SECTION 160.425: The Commission may employ staff as needed to carry out its duties. Commission employees will be considered state employees for purposes of retirement and health plans.

This act creates the "Missouri Charter Public School Commission Revolving Fund" in the state treasury.

These provisions are substantially similar to provisions contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015), HB 1550 (2015) and are similar to provisions contained in CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014) and SB 637 (2014).

SECTION 163.036: When a local school board sponsors a charter school, it may only submit an estimate of the district's weighted average daily attendance for the current year. The school board will be prohibited from using a weighted average daily attendance count from any preceding year for purposes of determining state aid.

This section is identical to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014) and is identical to SB 547 (2014) and SB 390 (2013).

SCHOOL DISTRICT ACCREDITATION: Before the State Board of Education classifies a school district as unaccredited or reclassifies an accredited district as provisionally accredited, if there is no State Board member who is a resident of the congressional district in which the affected district is located, the State Board must notify the Governor of its intent to change the classification. The Governor must make the appointment within thirty days of the notification.

This section is identical to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014). (Section 161.084)

When the State Board of Education assigns classification designations to school districts, it must use one of the following designations: unaccredited, provisionally accredited, accredited, and accredited with distinction.

The State Board of Education must develop and implement a process to provide assistance teams to borderline districts, as determined by the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education, and to

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underperforming districts upon assignment of such classification or determination by the Department. Teams must have at least ten members, including two active classroom teachers in the district, two principals, and one parent of a student in the district. The Department staff member assigned to the region may be included in the team activities but must not be formally assigned to the team. Teams must provide an analysis of the assessment data, classroom practices, and the communication processes within buildings, in the district, and the community, and also provide prescriptions for improvement based on the district's and community's needs. The team must provide recommendations by June 30, 2016. Assignment of teams must be prioritized so that districts with lower APR scores are addressed first. Suggestions are mandatory for underperforming districts but not for borderline districts. If an underperforming district disagrees with any suggestion of the assistance team, the district must propose a different method of accomplishing what the team has suggested.

This section is identical to a provision in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70, (2015), CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014) and is similar to SB 64 (2015), SB 856 (2014) and a provision in SB 993 (2014), and HB 1856 (2014). (Section 161.087)

ATTENDANCE CENTER ACCREDITATION: This act requires the State Board of Education to classify individual attendance centers within a school district. The State Board must adopt a policy to classify individual attendance centers based on a three-year average of their annual performance report scores for the following school districts: unaccredited districts within forty-five days; provisionally accredited districts within ninety days; and the St. Louis City School District, urban school districts, and any school district that has most or all of its land area located in Jackson County or St. Louis County by January 1, 2016. These classifications will become effective immediately

By January 1, 2016, the State Board of Education must develop, through administrative rule, a system of classification that accredits individual attendance centers within a district separately from the district as a whole. The State Board of Education must assign each attendance center a classification. Attendance centers must be assigned one of the following classification designations: unaccredited, provisionally accredited, accredited, or accredited with distinction. Attendance centers that do not offer classes above the second grade will not be given a classification. Upon adoption of this new system, the State Board may change any classification it previously assigned to an attendance center.

The State Board of Education may consider the classification designation of an attendance center in its accreditation classification system to exempt attendance centers with classification numbers outside the range of numbers assigned to high schools, middle schools, junior high schools, or elementary schools. Public separate special education schools within a special school district and within a school district are exempted from these accreditation requirements. However, a special school district must report all scores on its annual performance report to the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education for all of its schools. Juvenile detention centers within a special school district are exempt from these accreditation standards.

This act waives the statutory two year delayed effective date for school accreditation rules for this system.

This section is similar to a provision contained in CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014) and SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015). (Section 161.238)

SCHOOL TRANSFER AND IMPROVEMENT TASK FORCE: This act creates the "School Transfer

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and Improvement Task Force" within the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education. The task force will study the following: means to address failing schools, including a school improvement district; developing options for school transfer finance formulas; best practices for how to design and finance public virtual and blended schools; best practices and possible pilot projects to assist transient students; options for comprehensive school quality indicators leading to student success; options for school quality review models based on successful review models currently in use; options for locally-created assessment and accountability systems; and best practices in parent and community engagement. The task force will consist of the following members:

- (1) Three members of the Senate, appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, of whom not more than two shall be of the same party;
- (2) One member from an education policy research organization in Missouri, appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate;
- (3) Three members of the House of Representatives, appointed by the Speaker, of whom not more than two shall be of the same party;
- (4) One member from a statewide business association, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
- (5) The Commissioner of Education, or his or her designee;
- (6) One member from an education organization consisting exclusively of elected officials, appointed by the Commissioner of Education;
- (7) The Lieutenant Governor, or his or her designee.

The task force must make recommendations by February 1, 2016 to the General Assembly. The task force will expire on April 30, 2016.

This provision is identical to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014). (Section 161.1000)

DYSLEXIA SPECIALIST: This act requires the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education to employ a dyslexia specialist. The dyslexia specialist will assist the department with developing and administering professional development programs no later than the 2016-2017 school year.

This section is identical to a provision contained in CCS#2/HCS/SCS/SB 172 (2015). (Section 161.1005)

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION INTERVENTION POWERS: This act allows the State Board of Education to lapse the corporate organization of all or part of an unaccredited school district. If the State Board appoints a special administrative board for the operation of a part of an unaccredited school district, the State Board of Education must determine an equitable apportionment of state and federal aid for the part of the district. In addition, the school district must provide local revenue in proportion to the weighted average daily attendance of the part governed by the special administrative board.

The State Board of Education may appoint members of the elected board to a special administrative board but members of the elected board must not comprise more than forty-nine percent of the special administrative board's composition.

Nothing in this provision of law must be construed to permit either the State Board of Education or a special administrative board to raise, in any way not specifically allowed by law, the tax levy of the district or any part of the district without a vote of the people.

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This act provides that when the State Board of Education determines another form of governance for an unaccredited district, that other form of governance will be subject to the following provisions of law: it will retain the authority granted to a board of education; it will expire at the end of the third year of its appointment unless reauthorized; it will not be deemed to be the state or a state agency; and it will not be considered a successor entity for purposes of employment contracts, unemployment compensation or any other purpose.

If the State Board of Education reasonably believes that a school district is unlikely to provide for the minimum school term required by section 163.021 because of financial difficulty, the State Board may, prior to the start of the school term, allow continued governance by the existing district school board under terms and conditions established by the state board of education. As an alternative, the State Board may lapse the corporate organization of the district and implement one of the options available to the State Board to intervene in an unaccredited district. However, this provision will not apply to any district solely on the basis of financial difficulty resulting from paying tuition and providing transportation for transfer students.

These provisions are substantially similar to provisions contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014). (Section 162.081)

VIRTUAL EDUCATION: Currently, when a resident student completes a virtual course offered by his or her school district, the student's attendance upon course completion is calculated as ninety-four percent of the hours of attendance for such class delivered in a non-virtual program. This act provides that when a student is a candidate for A+ tuition reimbursements, the school must attribute no less than ninety-five percent of attendance to the student's completion of the virtual course.

This provision is identical to HB 1895 (2014) and a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014). (Section 162.1250)

A parent or guardian may enroll his or her child in a virtual school, as defined in the act, of the parent's choice if the child was enrolled in, and has attended, for at least one semester immediately prior to enrolling in the virtual school any of the following: an unaccredited school in any district; an attendance center in an unaccredited district; an attendance center in a provisionally accredited district; an attendance center in a district that has most or all of its land area located in Jackson County; an attendance center in a district that has most or all of its land area located in St. Louis County; or an attendance center in the St. Louis City School District. The virtual school must meet certain technology requirements, use Missouri certified teachers, and meet certain curricular requirements. If the student's unaccredited school becomes provisionally accredited or accredited, the student may remain enrolled in the virtual school through the completion of high school. (Section 162.1250)

TRANSIENT STUDENT RATIO & STUDENT ASSESSMENT SCORES: This act requires the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education to annually calculate a transient student ratio for each attendance center, each school district, and charter school. The transient student ratio must be published on the Department's website and in the school accountability report card for each district and attendance center. The Department must also publish on its website an aggregate transient student ratio for the state. A transient student is defined as a student who withdraws from one attendance center and enrolls in any other attendance center two or more times within two school years.

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Each school district and charter school must report annually to the Department any information and data necessary for the Department to calculate transient student ratios.

This act establishes how the student assessment scores and other performance data for students who have not been enrolled in a district or charter school for the previous full school term will be used when calculating the district's or charter school's performance for purposes of the Missouri School Improvement Program or scores on the annual performance report. In the first year of attendance in a district or charter or school, a transient student's scores on statewide assessment will not be included but growth scores will be weighted at one hundred percent. In the second year of attendance in a district or charter or school, a transient student's scores on statewide assessment will be weighted at thirty percent and growth scores will be weighted at one hundred percent. In the third year of attendance in a district or charter or school, a transient student's scores on statewide assessment will be weighted at seventy percent and growth scores will be weighted at one hundred percent. In the fourth, and any subsequent, year of attendance in a district or charter or school, a transient student's scores on statewide assessment will be weighted at one hundred percent and growth scores will be weighted at one hundred percent.

These provisions are similar to provisions contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015), CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014), and SB 765 (2014). (Sections 162.1303 & 162.1305)

PARENT NOTIFICATION OF UNACCREDITED STATUS: When a district or attendance center becomes unaccredited, the district must promptly notify the parent or guardian of students enrolled in the district of the loss of accreditation within seven business days. The notice must also include an explanation of the option for a student in an unaccredited school to transfer and any services for which the student may be eligible. This notice must be posted in district attendance centers and must be sent to district taxpayers and each political subdivision located in the boundaries of the school district.

This section is identical to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and is substantially similar to a provision contained in CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014). (Section 162.1310)

HOME VISITS: The school board of any district that operates an underperforming school must adopt a policy regarding the availability of home visits by school personnel. The school board's policy may offer to the parent or guardian of a student enrolled in any such school the opportunity to have at least one annual home visit and must offer an opportunity for a meeting at the school or a mutually agreeable site.

This section is substantially similar to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014). (Section 162.1313)

SCHOOL FUNDING: This act modifies how the calculation of school district current operating expenditures is used to determine the state adequacy target. When the state adequacy target is recalculated, any increase in state funding attributable to an individual district will be capped at two hundred percent of the aggregate percentage increase in state funding for all of the performance districts. (Section 163.011)

Current law allows a school district that operates an early childhood education program that meets certain criteria to receive state funding through the foundation formula for students between the ages of three and five who are eligible for free and reduced lunch. Currently, the total number of pupils included in average daily attendance for early childhood purposes cannot exceed four percent of the total number of

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pupils eligible for free and reduced lunch between the ages of three and eighteen. This amendment changes this parameter to between the ages of five and eighteen. (Section 163.018)

This act specifies that charter schools become eligible to receive state funding for early childhood at the same time as the district in which they are located becomes eligible. (Section 163.018)

Under a provision of law that will become effective July 1, 2015, if the amount of funding appropriated for the foundation formula is not sufficient to fully fund all school districts, the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education must adjust the state adequacy target to accommodate the appropriation level. Payments to hold-harmless districts are prohibited from being reduced. This act delays the effective date of these provisions until July 1, 2016.

This section is similar to SB 424 (2015). (Section 163.031)

MOVIP: Currently, the parent or guardian of a child residing in a lapsed school district or in a district that has scored either unaccredited or provisionally accredited on two consecutive annual performance reports may enroll the child in the Missouri public virtual school. This act repeals the requirement that the district have scored unaccredited or provisionally accredited on two consecutive APRs. (Section 167.121)

USE OF CERTAIN DATA FROM NEGLECTED CHILDREN AND DELINQUENT CHILDREN IN THE AGGREGATE DATA OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT: This act restricts the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education from creating a report or publication related to the Missouri School Improvement Program that includes the data of any children in facilities serving neglected children or delinquent children in a district's aggregate scores.

This section is identical to a section in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and is similar to SB 566 (2014), SB 427 (2013) and SB 737 (2012). (Section 167.127)

K-8 SCHOOL DISTRICTS: Currently, the school board of a school district that does not maintain an accredited school is required to pay the tuition and transportation of resident pupils who attend an accredited school in another district of the same or an adjoining county. This provision of law currently applies to both unaccredited school districts and K-8 school districts that do not offer high school grades. This act repeals the provisions applicable to unaccredited school districts so that the statute only applies to K-8 school districts. (Section 167.131)

TUITION RATES FOR TRANSFER STUDENTS: A school district or approved charter school that receives transfer students from an unaccredited district may negotiate with the unaccredited district to accept a reduced tuition rate. If the receiving district or school chooses to accept a reduced tuition rate and does not limit the number of students accepted at a reduced rate, it will receive students through the education authority based solely on the parent request and available seats. The calculation for the reduced tuition rate is described in the act.

This act creates the Supplemental Tuition Fund in the state treasury. If the school board of a receiving district or the governing board of a charter school chooses to charge the reduced rate of tuition and does not limit the number of students accepted at the reduced rate, ten percent of the tuition rate will be paid from the Supplemental Tuition Fund. (Section 167.132)

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STUDENT PROMOTION: All underperforming districts in St. Louis County are prohibited from promoting any student from the fifth grade to the sixth grade or from the eighth grade to the ninth grade who two years or more below grade level as measured by quantifiable student performance data designated by the local district. However, this provision does not apply to any student with an individualized education program or any student with a Section 504 Plan.

This section is similar to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014). (Section 167.642)

SCHOOL DISTRICT IMPROVEMENT MEASURES: Any unaccredited district must offer free tutoring and supplemental education services to underperforming and struggling students. Districts may use funds from the newly created School District Improvement Fund to the extent funds are available. An unaccredited district may satisfy the free tutoring services requirement by entering into a contract with a public library for online tutoring services. In addition, an underperforming district may do any of the following: implement a new curriculum, as described in the act; retain an outside expert to advise the district or school on regaining accreditation; enter into a contract with an education management organization with a proven record of success to operate a school or schools within the district; enter into a collaborative relationship with an accredited district in which teachers from both districts exchange positions for two school weeks; or implement any other change suggested by the State Board of Education, expert, contractor, or assistance team.

Any underperforming district may offer an attendance recovery program designed exclusively to allow students to recapture attendance hours lost due to absences. Attendance recovery hours may be included in the calculation of a district's attendance rate for purposes of the Missouri school improvement program accreditation scoring.

This section is identical to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and is substantially similar to a section in CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014). (Sections 167.685 & 167.688)

READING, PERSONALIZED LEARNING PLANS, STUDENT RETENTION: This act requires, beginning July 1, 2016, all public schools in the St. Louis City School District and Kansas City School District, including charter schools, to use a response-to-intervention tiered approach to reading instruction for students determined by their school to be struggling readers. At a minimum, the reading levels of students in kindergarten through tenth grade must be assessed at the beginning and middle of the school year. Students who score below district benchmarks must be provided with intensive, systemic reading instruction.

Beginning on January 1, 2016, and each January thereafter, each public school in the St. Louis City School District and Kansas City School District, including charter schools, must prepare a personalized learning plan for any kindergarten or first grade student whose most recent school-wide reading assessment result shows the student is below grade level. Certain exceptions exist from this requirement for students with an IEP or a Section 504 Plan. For any student with a personalized learning plan, the student's main teacher must consult with the student's parent or guardian about the plan and must have consent to implement it. If a student is still performing below grade level through the end of the first grade year, the school must refer him or her for assessment to determine if an IEP is necessary. If an IEP is not necessary, the personalized learning plan must remain in place until the student is at grade level.

Any student who is not reading at the second grade level in the St. Louis City School District and the

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Kansas City School District by the end of second grade may be promoted to third grade only if: the school provides additional reading instruction during the summer and demonstrates the student is ready for third grade at the end of summer school; if the school provides a "looping" classroom in which the student remains with the same teacher for multiple years and the student is not reading at the third grade level by the end of third grade, the student must be retained; or the student's parents or guardians may sign a notice that they prefer to have the student promoted except that the school will have final determination to retain.

The St. Louis City School District, the Kansas City School District, and each charter school located in them must provide in the annual school accountability report card the numbers and percentages by grade of any students at grade level who have been promoted but who have been determined as reading below grade level.

School districts and charter schools subject to this requirement may provide for a student promotion and retention program and a reading instruction program that are equivalent to those which are described in this section with the oversight and approval of the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education.

This section is identical to a provision in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and is substantially similar to a provision contained in CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014) and is substantially similar to HB 2214 (2010). (Section 167.730)

STUDENT TRANSFERS: For school year 2015-2016, students who participated in the transfer program that originated on July 1, 2013 will be allowed to participate under the same terms that governed the transfers in school year 2013-2014, except for the tuition amount. For school year 2015-2016, any student who transferred from an unaccredited district to an accredited district in the same or an adjoining county in school year 2013-2014 or school year 2014-2015 but did not attend a public school in the unaccredited district for the semester prior to the transfer, unless the student was entering kindergarten or first grade, will no longer be eligible to transfer in school year 2015-2016.

For school year 2015-2016 if an unaccredited district becomes provisionally accredited or accredited, a resident student who transferred will be permitted to continue enrollment in the receiving district through the completion of middle school, junior high school, or high school. However, a transfer student must reside in the boundaries of the unaccredited district. A student who returns to the district of residence is ineligible to transfer. A student who transferred prior to January 1, 2015 will have the option to enroll in a virtual school, an approved charter school, or an accredited public school in the district of residence. (Section 167.825)

Any student enrolled in and attending an unaccredited school in an unaccredited district for at least one semester may transfer to an accredited school in his or her district of residence that offers the student's grade level of enrollment. However, student transfers within the district of residence cannot result in a class size and assigned enrollment in a receiving school that exceeds the standard level for class size and assigned enrollment under the Missouri School Improvement Program resource standards. The school board of each district that operates an unaccredited school must determine the capacity at each of the district's accredited schools. The district's school board is responsible for coordinating the transfers within the district. Students enrolled in and attending an attendance center only offering kindergarten through grade two are neither eligible to transfer to another school nor under one of the transfer options described below. (Section 167.826)

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Any student who has first attempted and is unable to transfer to an accredited school within his or her district of residence due to a lack of capacity at accredited schools in the district of residence may apply by March 1 to the appropriate education authority to transfer under one of the following education options: an accredited school in another district in the same or an adjoining county or an approved charter school in another district in the same or an adjoining county, as described in the act. (Section 167.826)

Any student enrolled in and attending an unaccredited school for at least one semester in any of the following school districts may transfer to an accredited school in the district of residence: an urban school district, the St. Louis City School District, any school district that has most or all of its land area located in St. Louis County, and any school district that has most or all of its land area located in Jackson County. When the State Board of Education has adopted and implemented its attendance center-level accreditation system, students who are unable to transfer to an accredited school in their district of residence may apply to the local education authority to transfer to an accredited school in another district in the same or an adjoining county or to an approved charter school.

A student who is eligible to begin kindergarten or first grade at an unaccredited school may apply to the appropriate education authority for a transfer if he or she resides in the attendance area of the unaccredited school on March 1 preceding the school year of first attendance. A student who does not apply by March 1 is required to enroll and attend for one semester to become eligible. Any transfer student who does not maintain residence in the attendance area of the attendance center will lose transfer eligibility. In addition, a student who withdraws from the transfer will also lose transfer eligibility. (Section 167.826)

Unaccredited districts, unaccredited schools, provisionally accredited districts, and provisionally accredited schools cannot receive transfer students except that a student who chooses to attend a provisionally accredited school in his or her district of residence may do so. A charter school that has existed for less than three years may receive students. A charter school that has a three-year average score of seventy percent or higher on its annual performance report. In addition, no attendance center with a three-year average score of seventy percent or lower on its annual performance report is eligible to receive transfer students, except for any student who was granted a transfer prior to the effective date of this act. (Section 167.826)

Districts and charter schools that receive student transfers are not required to do any of the following (unless they choose to do so): exceed the class size and assignment enrollment standards of a district-approved policy on class size; hire additional classroom teachers; or construct additional classrooms. (Section 167.826)

Each receiving district and charter school has the right to establish a policy for desirable class size and student-teacher ratios based on objective means and will not be required to accept any transfer students that would violate its policy. A policy may allow for estimated growth in the resident student population. A charter school may use the class size, student-teacher ratios, and growth projections for student enrollment in its charter and charter application. A district or charter school that adopts a policy must do so by January 1. If a transfer student is denied admission based on a lack of space under a policy, the student may appeal to the State Board of Education. The State Board may limit the policy if it finds the policy is unduly restrictive to student transfers. The State Board's decision is final. (Section 167.826)

Receiving districts and receiving approved charter schools must adopt a tuition rate policy by February first annually. Sending districts must pay tuition to receiving districts and receiving charter

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schools in two increments: one increment at the start of the school year and a second increment at the start of the second semester. (Section 167.826)

If an unaccredited school becomes provisionally accredited or accredited, any resident student who transferred under one of the transfer options will be permitted to continue his or her educational program through the completion of middle school, junior high, or high school, as described in the act. (Section 167.826)

For the specified districts that operate an unaccredited school, the education authority for the county in which the district is located must designate at least one accredited district to which the district must provide transportation for transfer students. However, for the 2015-2016 school year and until the education authorities are operational, the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education must designate at least one accredited district to which a district operating an unaccredited school must provide transportation for transfer students. For the 2015-2016 school year, transportation costs for the Normandy Schools Collaborative will be paid from the newly created Student Transfer Transportation Fund. Beginning in the 2016-2017 school year, when determining transportation arrangements, neither the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education nor any education authority may contract with or collaborate with any established regional association or cooperative of school districts located in St. Louis County or St. Louis City. (Section 167.826)

When costs associated with the provision of special education and related services to a student with a disability exceed the tuition amount, the transfer student's district of residence is responsible for paying the excess costs to the receiving district. When the receiving district is a component district of a special school district, the transfer student's district of residence must contract with the special school district for the entirety of the costs to provide special education and related services, excluding transportation. The special school district may contract with a district operating an unaccredited school for the provision of transportation. A special school district must continue to provide special education and related services, with the exception of transportation, to a student with a disability transferring from a district operating an unaccredited school within the same or a different component district. (Section 167.826)

When the St. Louis City School District operates an unaccredited school, it is responsible for the provision of special education and related services, including transportation to students with disabilities. A special school district may contract with the St. Louis City School District, as described in the act. (Section 167.826)

Regardless of whether transportation is identified as a related service, a receiving district that is not part of a special school district is not responsible for providing transportation. A district operating an unaccredited school may contract with a receiving district that is not part of a special school district for transportation. When districts other than St. Louis City operate unaccredited schools, they may contract with a receiving district that is not part of a special school district for the reimbursement of special education services. (Section 167.826)

By August 1, 2015, and by January 1 annually, each district that is eligible to receive transfer students must report to the appropriate regional education authority the number of its available enrollment slots in accredited schools by grade level. Each district operating an unaccredited school must report the number of available enrollment slots in the district's accredited schools. Each approved charter school that is eligible to receive transfer students must report the number of available enrollment slots. (Section 167.827)

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Each education authority with a district operating an unaccredited school in its geographic area, as described in the act, must make information and assistance available to parents who intend to transfer their child. Parents who intend to transfer their child must send initial notification to the appropriate education authority by March first. The education authority will assign transfer students, as space allows. When assigning students to charter schools, the education authority must coordinate with each charter school and its admissions process if capacity is insufficient to enroll all students who submit a timely application. An approved charter school is not required to receive any transfer students that would require it to institute a lottery procedure for determining the admission of resident students. The education authority will give first priority to students who live in the same household with family members within the first or second degree of consanguinity or affinity who have already transferred and apply to transfer to the same accredited school. If insufficient grade-appropriate enrollment slots are available for a student to transfer, that student will receive first priority the following school year. The authority is only able to disrupt student and parent choice for transfers if a receiving district's or receiving approved charter school's available slots are requested by more students than there are slots available. The authority must consider the following factors in assigning schools: the student's or parent's choice of the receiving school (most important); the best interests of the student; and distance and travel time. The authority must not consider student academic performance; student free and reduced lunch status; or athletics. (Section 167.827)

An education authority may deny a transfer to a student, who in the most recent school year, has been suspended from school two or more times or has been suspended for an act of school violence, as described in the act. (Section 167.827)

The test scores of transfer students attending schools in districts other than their district of residence will be phased in over a four year period, as described in the act. (Section 167.827)

If an education authority is unable to coordinate transfers because of insufficient funding or because the Governor has not appointed a number of members sufficient to constitute a quorum, the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education will perform its duties. However, beginning in the 2016-2017 school year, the Department and the education authorities are prohibited from contracting or collaborating with any established regional association or cooperative of school districts located in St. Louis City or St. Louis County.

These provisions are similar to provisions contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and in CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014).

REGIONAL EDUCATION AUTHORITIES: This act creates three separate regional education authorities to coordinate student transfers: one for the St. Louis region, a second authority for the Kansas City area, and a third authority for the rest of the state. Each authority will consist of five members who must be residents of their covered area, as described in the act, appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, who will serve for a term of six years. The Education Authority must coordinate and collaborate with local districts and local governments for the student transfers. Parents who want to transfer their child must notify the appropriate regional education authority by March 1. The education authority will assign students to districts using an admissions process, as described in the act.

These provisions are similar to provisions contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and are similar to provisions contained in CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014). (Sections 167.830 to 167.845)

SPONSOR: Wood

HANDLER: Pearce

DEFINITIONS: Definitions governing the student transfer portions of this act are provided. (Section 167.848)

COMPILATION OF TRANSFER STUDENT PERFORMANCE DATA: The Department of Elementary and Secondary Education must compile and maintain student performance data scores of all transfer students and students enrolled in a district other than the district of residence. This data must be available on the Missouri comprehensive data system but no personally identifiable data must be accessible there. (Section 167.890)

ONLINE TUTORING SERVICES THROUGH A PUBLIC LIBRARY: A school district may enter into a contract with a public library to provide online tutoring services through a third party vendor or a non-profit organization for the district's students. Tutoring services must be conducted through compatible computers to participating students who have a library card, both within and without the public library facility.

Online tutoring services may include assistance with homework, collaboration and study tools in various school subjects, access to writing assistance productivity software, and test preparation tools.

A contract may allow dedicated access to assistance during specified hours of the day and specified days of the week. A contract may allow students to submit questions to tutors or join online study groups.

Online tutoring services must be designed and implemented to protect student privacy, prohibit voice communication between the parties, and prohibit face-to-face visual communication. In addition, employees of third party vendors or nonprofit organizations with which a public library has contracted for the tutoring services are prohibited from soliciting personally identifiable information from participating students.

Any entity offering tutoring services must maintain an archive of all communications between students and tutors for two years.

This section is substantially similar to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014) and SB 993 (2014). (Section 170.215)

PARENT PORTALS: This act creates the Parent Portal Fund in the state treasury. Moneys in the fund may be used to provide financial assistance to districts to establish and maintain a parent portal so parents may have access to educational information and access to student data via mobile technology.

This section is identical to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014). (Section 170.320)

SCHOOL LEARNING TIME: The school board of any unaccredited district, provisionally accredited district, or district with a three year average annual performance report score consistent with a classification of unaccredited or provisionally accredited, may, by a majority vote, increase the length of the school day and also increase the number of instruction hours above the statutory minimum. This act creates the Extended Learning Time Fund in the state treasury. Moneys in the fund will be used for schools that extend the length of the school day or hours of instruction.

SPONSOR: Wood

HANDLER: Pearce

This section is identical to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014). (Section 171.031)

SCHOOL BUILDINGS: Each district that owns a building that is not occupied must prepare and send a public notice to each district taxpayer of the status of each district-owned building that is not occupied. The notice must include the address of each building and the annual cost of maintaining it. The district must post this information on its website. A district's building will be deemed "occupied" if it is used for the education of children between the ages of four and twenty-one for at least three hours a day for a school term.

This section is identical to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015). (Section 177.015)

This act requires the St. Louis City School District, the Kansas City School District, and districts in St. Louis County at any time they are underperforming, to obtain an outside appraisal for any buildings they own that are vacant and unused for classroom instruction. A district is deemed underperforming when it is unaccredited, provisionally accredited, or has a three-year average annual performance report score that is consistent with a classification of unaccredited or provisionally accredited.

Each of these districts must allow multiple opportunities for prospective purchasers to tour the buildings. A district may reserve thirty percent of its vacant and unused buildings as franchise buildings. Buildings must be publicly listed for sale between September 1, 2015 and October 1, 2015. Any buildings that are not sold during this time will be sold at auction, as described in the act. If the buildings are not sold, a district may receive moneys from the Reclamation and Demolition to fund to demolish them. The provisions of this section are severable from the rest of this act.

This section is identical to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015). (Section 1)

CHILDREN'S SERVICES FUND: In St. Louis County, if there is an unaccredited or provisionally accredited school district, up to five percent of each fiscal year's revenues in the Children's Services Fund must be devoted to a grant program to deliver services to schools in those districts. The Children's Community Services Fund board of directors must undertake a needs assessment for any such school district within ninety days. The needs assessment must be used as a basis for contracting of services. The board of directors must appoint one of its members to a direct school service coordinating committee. Additional members of the direct service coordinating committee. The committee must provide recommendations and oversight to the program of contracted services. The use of funds is subject to an audit. This provision will terminate after fiscal year 2017.

This section is identical to a provision contained in SCS/SBs 1, 22, 49 & 70 (2015) and is substantially similar to a provision contained in CCS/HCS/SCS/SBs 493 et al. (2014) and is similar to HB 2299 (2014). (Section 210.861)

LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE ON DYSLEXIA: This act creates the Legislative Task Force on Dyslexia. The task force will make recommendations for a statewide system for identification, intervention, and delivery of supports for students with dyslexia. (Section 633.420)

SEVERABILITY: This act contains language specifying that all provisions of this act are severable. (Section 2)

SPONSOR: Wood

HANDLER: Pearce

This act contains an emergency clause.

MICHAEL RUFF

SPONSOR: Gosen

HANDLER: Parson

SCS/HCS/HB 50 - This act modifies provisions relating to the business of insurance.

INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANIES

This act modifies the scheme regulating insurance holding companies. It adds a definition for "enterprise risk" and expands the definition of "person" to include a limited liability company and exempts venture partnerships focused on tangible personal property from the definition of "person". Currently, notice to the insurer and a filed statement to the director are required only of a person acquiring a controlling interest in a domestic insurer. This act requires that a person seeking to divest a controlling interest in a domestic insurer also provide notice to the insurer and a filed statement to the director.

This act also requires a person acquiring a controlling interest in a domestic insurer to file an agreement to file annual reports with the director and an acknowledgment that all subsidiaries must provide information on request for the director to evaluate enterprise risk to the insurer. The public hearing, when required to approve the merger or acquisition, may be a consolidated hearing if approval is required by more than one State Insurance Commissioner. The director must also make a determination within 60 days of notice of change of control of a domestic insurer if the person acquiring control must restore or maintain the levels of capital of the insurer in accordance with the laws of Missouri. The acquisitions requiring approval by the director are also no longer exempt from the requirements, violations and penalties found in current law.

This act also expands the information required for registration of insurers to include financial statements of the insurance holding company and its affiliates upon request of the director, statements that the insurer's board of directors oversees corporate governance, and any other information required by the director by regulation. A person may be relieved of duty to register or report only if a disclaimer of affiliation is either approved by the director or deemed approved if the director does not take action on the disclaimer within 30 days of receipt of a complete disclaimer. In addition to the previously required registration and reporting requirements, the ultimate controlling person in an insurance holding company system subject to registration must file with the director an annual enterprise risk report for the insurance holding company system. Failure to file the enterprise risk statement will also be a violation of this act.

This act requires that the accounts and records of material transactions between affiliates contain accounting information to support the reasonableness of charges or fees to the respective parties. Agreements for cost sharing services and management will be controlled by rules and regulations issued by the director. Affiliates cannot enter into additional agreement types without notice to and approval of the director including: reinsurance pooling agreements, tax allocation agreements, guarantees when made by the domestic insurer with some exceptions, and some direct and indirect acquisitions in a person that controls the insurer or an affiliate of the insurer. The required notice to the director for modified affiliate agreements must include the reasons for the change and the financial impact on the insurer. Additionally the director must be notified if a domestic insurer investment causes the insurer to acquire a 10% interest in a corporation's voting securities.

SPONSOR: Gosen

HANDLER: Parson

This act also expands the powers of the director to examine any registered insurer to ascertain financial condition and enterprise risk. The director may also order an insurer to produce information not in the possession of the insurer if the insurer can obtain the information pursuant to contractual, statutory, or other means. The director may assess a penalty of \$1,000 per day for delay in producing the information if the insurer does not provide the director with a detailed explanation for the inability to obtain the information that the director finds to have merit. The director is also given the power to examine affiliates of an insurer under oath and issue subpoenas if an insurer fails to comply with an order.

This act gives the director the power to initiate the establishment of, and participate in a supervisory college to regulate registered insurers that are part of an international insurance holding company system. Insurers subject to this requirement are liable for the reasonable expenses of the director to participate in the supervisory college.

This act also expands the regulations of the confidentiality and privilege for information and documents provided to the director and shared with other regulatory agencies or the National Association of Insurance Commissioners in the performance of the director's duties upon written agreement that the other regulatory agencies or the National Association of Insurance Commissioners will maintain the confidentiality and privilege. The information and documents cannot be subject to discovery or subpoena in any private civil action and the director cannot be permitted or forced to testify in private civil actions.

This act also provides an independent basis for the director to disapprove dividends or distributions if a violation of the chapter prevents a full understanding of the enterprise risk to the insurer.

This act exempts any insurance holding company or its affiliates from several provisions relating to enterprise risk reporting if the insurance company affiliates of such insurance holding company had total premiums of less than one hundred fifty million dollars in the preceding year and such insurance holding company certifies in writing to the Director of the Department of Insurance that more than twenty-five percent of the employees of its non-insurance affiliates are engaged in agricultural operations.

This section is substantially similar to SB 537 (2014) and nearly identical to HCS/SB 205 (2015).

OWN RISK AND SOLVENCY ASSESSMENT

This act enacts the provisions of the model legislation of the own risk and solvency assessments ("ORSA") legislation developed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners ("NAIC"). The purpose of the model legislation is to allow large- and medium-sized insurers to develop their own model of current and future financial risk and allow regulators to determine how insurers will react to financial stress.

Beginning January 1, 2016, insurers must file an ORSA summary report with the Director of the Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration ("director") at the request of director but no more than once each year. The ORSA summary report shall be prepared consistent with the current version of the ORSA guidance manual developed and adopted by the NAIC. Insurers may be exempt from the requirements of the act if they meet certain criteria or are granted a waiver by the director per the terms of the act.

All documents, materials, or other information, including the ORSA summary report, disclosed to the director under these provisions are recognized by this state as being proprietary and to contain trade secrets and must be confidential by law and privileged and not subject to disclosure under Chapter 610,

SPONSOR: Gosen

HANDLER: Parson

RSMo, the Open Meetings and Records Law, commonly known as the Sunshine Law; be subject to subpoena; or be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil action. In order to assist in the performance of regulatory duties, the director may share, upon request, ORSA related information with other state, federal, and international financial regulatory agencies, the NAIC, and third-party consultants designated by the director provided that the recipient has the legal authority to and agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the information. The director must not make the documents, materials, or other information public without the prior written consent of the insurer. Any insurer failing without just cause to timely file a required ORSA summary report commits a level two violation with respect to each day's delay.

This section is nearly identical to HB 1183 (2014), HCS/SB 205 (2015), and SB 206 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

SPONSOR: Dugger

HANDLER: Wasson

SS/SCS/HCS#2/HB 63 - This act prohibits any person from being a candidate for school board member in any district if the person was previously employed by the district as the superintendent.

This provision was repealed by CCS #2/HCS/SB 104 (2015).

Currently, the Springfield School District is an urban school district that was previously exempted from school board member terms of six years in length. This act updates the description of the city of Springfield and provides that the exemption from the six-year school board member term only applies to an urban school district the majority of which is located in the City of Springfield.

The act repeals obsolete language relating to the election of school board members in the Springfield School District from the 1960 decennial census.

These provisions are identical to provisions in CCS #2/HCS/SB 104 (2015), SCS/HCS/HB 1127 (2015), HCS/SCS/SB 315 (2015), and HCS/SCS/SB 473 (2015).

Currently, the St. Joseph School District school board members serve a term of six years. This act establishes that, upon expiration of any term after August 28, 2015, the term of office will be for three years.

This provision is identical to a provision in SCS/HCS/HB 1127 (2015), SCS/SB 1 (2015), CCS #2/HCS/SB 104 (2015), and HCS/SCS/SB 473 (2015) and substantially similar to a provision in HB 1029 (2015), HB 1030 (2015), HB 1035 (2015), HB 1036 (2015).

This act provides that a candidate for school board in the St. Joseph School District shall file a declaration of candidacy with the board secretary and shall not be required to submit a petition.

This provision is identical to a provision in HB 1029 (2015), HB 1030 (2015), HB 1035 (2015), HB 1036 (2015), SCS/HCS/HB 1127 (2015), SCS/SB 1 (2015), and CCS #2/HCS/SB 104 (2015).

The act further exempts candidates for special district offices, township offices in township organization counties, or city, town, or village offices from certain statutory requirements pertaining to

SPONSOR: Dugger

HANDLER: Wasson

political parties and the nomination of candidates.

This provision is identical to a provision in CCS #2/HCS/SB 104 (2015) and HB 67 (2015) and similar to a provision in HB 573 (2015).

This act contains an emergency clause.

SCOTT SVAGERA

SPONSOR: Walton Gray

HANDLER: Walsh

HB 88 - This act designates July 3rd of each year as Organ Donor Recognition Day.

JIM ERTLE

SPONSOR: Miller

HANDLER: Kehoe

SS/HB 92 - This act modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources.

STATE OIL AND GAS COUNCIL (Sections 259.010-259.030, 259.070) - Currently, the State Oil and Gas Council is composed of 8 members with 1 being from the Division of Geology and Land Survey. This act replaces this member with the State Geologist. This act also removes the requirement that one of the public members on the Council be a resident of a third or fourth class county. Additionally, this act removes the Division of Geology and Land Survey from the advisory committee to the Council and replaces it with the Department of Natural Resources.

Currently, the State Oil and Gas Council has certain authority, including entering property for inspecting oil and gas wells and initiating investigations by the Attorney General. This act also confers this authority to the Department of Natural Resources. Conversely, the State Oil and Gas Council is currently authorized to inspect or investigate property believed to be subject to regulation. This act transfers this authority from the Council to the Department of Natural Resources.

OIL AND GAS RESOURCES FUND & OIL AND GAS REMEDIAL FUND (Sections 259.052 & 259.190) - This act creates the Oil and Gas Resources Fund consisting of appropriated moneys as well as permit application fees, operating fees, closure fees, late fees, severance fees, and gifts. Such money shall be use to administer provisions of law relating to oil and gas.

Currently, the Oil and Gas Remedial Fund may be used to pay the expenses incurred by the State Oil and Gas Council. This act repeals this provision.

SURETY BONDS (Section 259.100) - Currently, applicants seeking a permit for noncommercial gas wells are required to file a bond or other instrument of credit. This act removes the allowance to file any other instrument of credit.

PERMITS (Section 259.080) - This act requires that a permit be obtained from the State Geologist prior to commencing injection activities for enhanced recovery of oil or gas or for the disposal of fluid.

FEE STRUCTURE (Section 259.080) - Currently, the State Oil and Gas Council does not charge a fee for

SPONSOR: Miller

HANDLER: Kehoe

obtaining a permit for drilling operations. Under this act, the State Oil and Gas Council may authorize the Department of Natural Resources to file an order of rulemaking amending the fee structure for permit application fees, operating fees, closure fees, late fees, and extraction or severance fees after certain procedures are followed as set forth in this act. Such authority to revise the fee structure in this manner shall expire in 2025. If any applicant fails to pay the appropriate fee, a penalty may be assessed and relief may be sought by the Department of Natural Resources in the appropriate circuit court.

SPACING UNITS (Section 259.100) - Currently, orders regarding spacing units are entered by the State Geologist. This act instead requires that the Department of Natural Resources enter the order.

Currently, spacing units set by the Council do not apply to noncommercial gas wells. This act removes this exemption.

PENALTIES (Section 259.210) - Currently, the State Oil and Gas Council is required to bring suit against any person appearing to violate provisions of law relating to oil and gas. Under this act, the Department of Natural Resources or the Council may request that the Attorney General bring such suit.

AUDITS (Sections 29.380 & 260.325) - Currently, the State Auditor shall conduct audits of solid waste management districts and may request reimbursement for such audits. Under this act, the State Auditor may conduct audits and may request reimbursement for such audits with the reimbursement deposited in the Petition Audit Revolving Trust Fund. If the Auditor does request such reimbursement, the solid waste management districts shall reimburse the Auditor for such audits. Such reimbursement shall be limited to 2% of the solid waste management district's annual allocation.

This act also modifies the frequency of financial audits for solid waste management districts. Currently, districts receiving more than \$200,000 annually are required to have an annual audit while districts receiving less than \$200,000 are required to have an audit every 2 years. The Department of Natural Resources is required to audit district grants every 3 years. Under this act, districts receiving more than \$800,000 annually are required to have an annual audit, while districts receiving \$800,000 or less but more than \$250,000 are required to have an audit every 2 years. All other districts shall be monitored every 2 years by the Department of Natural Resources, and they may be required to arrange an independent audit. Further, the Department shall audit district grants every 5 years, or as deemed necessary based upon district grantee performance.

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PROJECTS (Sections 260.200 & 260.335) - This act defines the term "solid waste management projects" and changes certain references to "projects" to "solid waste management projects".

TEXTILES (Section 260.250) - Currently, solid waste management districts are required to address the recycling, reuse and handling of certain products. This act adds textiles to this requirement.

EXECUTIVE BOARDS (Sections 260.320 & 260.324) - Currently, Solid Waste Management District Executive Boards are required to encourage small businesses to engage and compete in the delivery of recycling and solid waste management services. Under this act, an executive board shall not perform solid waste management projects that compete with a qualified private enterprise.

No person shall be disqualified from receiving a grant for providing solid waste management and recycling services if they have a familial relationship with any member of the Solid Waste Management

SPONSOR: Miller

HANDLER: Kehoe

District Executive Board. However, their grant application must be approved by a vote of 2/3 of the board and such executive board member shall abstain from voting on the grant application or such member shall forfeit membership on the Solid Waste Management District Executive Board and Council.

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PLANS (Sections 260.225 & 260.325) -

The Department of Natural Resources is required to prepare model solid waste management plans. This act requires that the plans provide for economical recycling and waste management through regional and district cooperation.

Currently, any county within a region that is not a member of a district is required to submit a solid waste management plan to the Department of Natural Resources. This act repeals this requirement.

ALLOCATION OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FUND MONEYS & GRANTS (Sections 260.330 & 260.335) - Currently, the moratorium on increasing the sanitary landfill tipping fee, the demolition landfill tipping fee, and the transfer station tipping fee is set to expire in 2017. This act extends the moratorium to 2027.

This act lists criteria that solid waste management districts may use in establishing district grant priority. Any allocated district moneys remaining at the fiscal year due to inadequate grant applications shall be reallocated for grant applications in subsequent years and projects other than district operations. Any district moneys remaining after 5 years shall revert to the Solid Waste Management Fund.

Currently, the Department of Natural Resources is not required to approve or deny grant applications in a specified number of days. This act sets forth a timeline for which DNR is required to either approve or deny an application.

SOLID WASTE ADVISORY BOARD (Section 260.345) - Currently, the Solid Waste Advisory Board is composed of the chairman of the executive board of each solid waste management district. Under this act, the Board shall be composed of the chairman of the executive board of each solid waste management district, or his or her designee. Currently, 5 additional members are appointed to the Board by the Director of the Department of Natural Resources. This act changes the appointing authority from the Director of the Department to the Program Director of the Solid Waste Management Program.

This act modifies the duties of the Solid Waste Advisory Board by requiring that the Board submit an annual report to the Department of Natural Resources on a number of subjects, including unfunded solid waste management projects. This act also requires the Board to prepare an annual report to committees in the General Assembly regarding solid waste.

Under this act, the Solid Waste Advisory Board is required to hold regular meetings on a quarterly basis. A special meeting of the Board may occur under certain conditions. In addition, this act modifies the conditions under which the Board may conduct business.

The provisions of this act relating specifically to solid waste are substantially similar to the perfected SCS/SB 152 (2015).

WATERS OF THE STATE (Sections 260.500 & 644.016) - This act modifies the definition of "waters of the state" by adding that such waters include all waters that are within the jurisdiction of this state and removing the words "and includes waters of the United States lying within the state" in relation to the

SPONSOR: Miller

HANDLER: Kehoe

provisions of law relating to hazardous substance cleanup and the Missouri Clean Water Law.

These provisions are identical to a provision contained in HCS/SS/SB 476 (2015), and is similar to SB 285 (2015).

SULFUR DIOXIDE AMBIENT AIR QUALITY (Section 643.650) - This act requires owners of a coal-fired electric generating source in a National Ambient Air Quality Standards nonattainment area to develop an ambient air quality monitoring or modeling network to characterize the sulfur dioxide air quality surrounding the source. The network shall operate for at least 12 consecutive quarters. This act requires the owner of such source to notify the Department of Natural Resources of the manner in which it intends to characterize the air quality around the source, and if the owner elects to use monitoring the owner shall be consulted by the Department and the location of such monitoring network shall be approved by the Department.

Under this act, the Department of Natural Resources shall not submit its recommendation on the designation process to the Environmental Protection Agency on the manner of air quality data collection that is inconsistent with monitoring or modeling elections. Additionally, the Department of Natural Resource shall not propose to the Air Conservation Commission any sulfur dioxide emission limitation unless such limitation has been agreed to by both the Department and the owner of the affected source. Nothing in this act shall prohibit the Department from entering into an agreement with an owner of an electric generating source to limit or reduce sulfur dioxide emissions.

This provision is identical to the perfected SCS/SB 445 (2015), and is substantially similar to HB 1084 (2015).

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER LAW POLICY STATEMENT (Section 644.011) - This act modifies the policy statement of the Missouri Clean Water Law by stating that it is the policy of this state to strive to meet the objectives of the Missouri Clean Water Law while maintaining maximum employment and full industrial development of this state. This act also states that the Clean Water Commission shall seek the accomplishment of the objectives of the Missouri Clean Water Law by all practical and economically feasible methods.

This provision is identical to SB 358 (2015).

FINDING OF AFFORDABILITY (Section 644.145) - Currently, the Department of Natural Resources is required to perform a finding of affordability when issuing permits under the Missouri Clean Water Law for discharges from certain publicly owned treatment works. This act also requires that such finding of affordability be performed when issuing permits for discharges from water or sewer treatment works.

Currently, the definitions of "affordability" and "finding of affordability" are measured by whether an individual customer or household with an income equal to the lower of the median household income can pay the utility bill without undue hardship. Under this act, the measurement would be whether such household with an income equal to or lower than the median household income can pay such bill without hardship and without making unreasonable sacrifices in the individual or household's lifestyle.

This provision is identical to HCS/HB 1058 (2015).

DNR PERMIT DECISION APPEAL PROCEDURES (Sections 260.235, 260.395, 444.600, 444.773,

SPONSOR: Miller

HANDLER: Kehoe

444.980, 621.250, 640.115, 643.075, 643.078, 644.051, 644.056) - Currently, when certain permits or licenses are issued, renewed, denied, suspended, or revoked by the Department of Natural Resources, the decision is often appealable to the commission with appropriate jurisdiction within the Department, including the Hazardous Waste Management Commission, the Safe Drinking Water Commission, the Air Conservation Commission, the Clean Water Commission, and the Missouri Mining Commission. Under this act, when certain permits or licenses are issued, renewed, denied, suspended, or revoked by the Department, the applicant, or in some cases any aggrieved party, may appeal such decision by filing a petition with the Administrative Hearing Commission within 30 days. The Administrative Hearing Commission may consider certain factors regarding permit decisions for mining as set forth in this act. Under this act, the Administrative Hearing Commission would then issue a recommended decision to the commission with appropriate jurisdiction within the Department regarding the permit or license. The commission with appropriate jurisdiction shall then issue the final decision, and such decision shall be subject to judicial review except the Administrative Hearing Commission shall issue the final decision for all permits relating to solid waste.

Currently, the Director of the Department of Natural Resources is required to order an abatement, file an abatement complaint with the Clean Water Commission, or file a complaint to revoke a permit when a violation of the Missouri Clean Water Law has failed to be corrected. Under this act, the Director may not revoke a permit but may request legal action by the Attorney General.

These provisions are substantially similar to SB 225 (2015).

This act is similar to SCS/SB 968 (2014) and the perfected SS/SB 476 (2015).

KAYLA CRIDER

***** HB 111 *****

SPONSOR: Crawford

HANDLER: Cunningham

HB 111 - This act creates a sales and use tax exemption for used manufactured homes.

This act is substantially similar to SB 32 (2015), SB 860 (2014) and HB 1765 (2014). This act is substantially similar to a provision contained in SCS/HCS/HB 299 (2015), CCS/HCS/SB 584 (2014), HCS/SCS/SB 777 (2014), and CCS#2/HCS/SB 693 (2014).

MIKE HAMMANN

***** HB 116 *****

SPONSOR: Burlison

HANDLER: Brown

SCS/HCS/HB's 116 & 569 - Employers are barred from requiring employees to become or refrain from becoming a member of a labor organization or pay dues or other charges required of labor organization members as a condition of employment. Employers who do so commit a Class C misdemeanor. Prosecuting attorneys and the Attorney General are charged with investigating complaints.

This act is identical to SCS/SB 127 (2015) and HB 286 (2015) and similar to SB 76 (2013), SB 547 (2012), SB 614 (2012), SB 438 (2012), SB 109 (2011), SB 1 (2011), SB 888 (2010), and HB 877 (2005).
SCOTT SVAGERA

***** HB 125 *****

SPONSOR: Black

HANDLER: Romine

HB 125 - Under current law, directors of industrial development corporations in first class counties must be duly qualified electors of and taxpayers in the county or municipality. This act provides that directors of any industrial development corporation formed by a municipality in St. Francois County may be taxpayers and registered voters in the county.

This provision is identical to the truly agreed to and finally passed SB 68 (2015) and a provision in the truly agreed to and finally passed but vetoed HB 1553 (2014).

MEGHAN LUECKE

***** HB 137 *****

SPONSOR: McCaherty

HANDLER: Silvey

SS/HCS/HB 137 - This act requires the Director of Revenue to follow the bidding procedures contained in current law relating to purchases made on competitive bids. The Director is further permitted to promulgate rules necessary to establish such procedures. Points shall not be awarded to a bidder on a request for proposal for a contract license office for a return-to-the-state provision offer.

This provision is identical to a provision in HCS/SB 389 (2015).

The act further requires the Director of Revenue to give special consideration to tax-exempt organizations and entities that reinvest seventy-five percent of the net proceeds of the fees collected in charitable organizations in Missouri when awarding fee office contracts.

This provision is identical to a provision in HCS/SB 389 (2015).

Leases, agreements, contracts, or subleases, including drafts and unexecuted versions of such documents, for space, usage, or services in any convention center or related facilities owned or operated by a Regional Convention and Visitors Commission, shall not be considered a public record when in the reasonable judgment of the Commission such disclosure may endanger the competitiveness of the business, the prospects of the Commission, or provide an unfair advantage to its competitors. This provision does not apply to leases, agreements, contracts, or subleases involving a professional sports franchise.

This provision is identical to a provision in HCS/SB 389 (2015), HCS/SB 148 (2015), HCS/SCS/SB 245 (2015), and HCS/SB 364 (2015).

This act contains an emergency clause.

SCOTT SVAGERA

***** HB 150 *****

SPONSOR: Fitzpatrick

HANDLER: Kehoe

HB 150 - Under current law, the maximum duration for an individual to receive unemployment benefits is 20 weeks. This act bases the duration on the Missouri unemployment rate as follows:

- 20 weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is nine percent or higher;

SPONSOR: Fitzpatrick

HANDLER: Kehoe

- 19 weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is between 8 1/2% and 9%;
- 18 weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is 8% up to and including 8 1/2%;
- 17 weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is between 7 1/2% and 8%;
- 16 weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is 7% up to and including 7 1/2%;
- 15 weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is between 6 1/2% and 7%;
- 14 weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is 6% up to and including 6 1/2%; and
- 13 weeks if the Missouri average unemployment rate is below 6%.

These provisions take effect beginning January 1, 2016. This provision is substantially similar to HB 493 (2015) and SB 220 (2015).

This act modifies the definition of wages for purposes of employment security law to include termination pay and severance pay. The total amount of wages derived from severance pay, if paid to an insured in a lump sum, shall be pro-rated on a weekly basis at the rate of pay received by the insured at the time of termination for the purposes of determining unemployment eligibility.

This provision is similar to SB 404 (2015).

Under this act, employers are permitted to recover overpayments to the unemployment compensation fund due to an erroneous experience rating.

Under current law, when the average balance of the unemployment compensation trust fund rises from between six hundred million and seven hundred twenty million dollars, an employer's contribution rate is reduced by 7% for the following year. This act changes that threshold to between seven hundred twenty million and eight hundred seventy million.

Under current law, when the average balance of the unemployment compensation trust fund exceeds seven hundred fifty million dollars, an employer's contribution rate is reduced by 12% for the following year unless the employer's calculated contribution rate is 6% or greater, in which case, the reduction may be no more than 10%. This act changes that threshold to eight hundred seventy million.

This provision is identical to a provision in HB 493 (2015) and SB 220 (2015).

Under current law, the Board of Unemployment Fund Financing may issue credit instruments with a simple majority vote authorizing such issuance. This act requires the board to meet and consider the issuance of credit instruments when the amount owed to the federal government for advancements exceeds \$300 million.

This provision is identical to a provision in HB 493 (2015) and SB 220 (2015).

Under current law, interest is charged to employers when the state has an outstanding balance for federal advancements. Under the act, when credit instruments are issued to pay off the balance of the

SPONSOR: Fitzpatrick

HANDLER: Kehoe

federal advancement, employers are required to continue to pay the interest assessment to fully finance the credit instruments.

This provision is identical to a provision in HB 493 (2015) and SB 220 (2015).

This act is identical to HB 673 (2015) and substantially similar to SB 220 (2015).

SCOTT SVAGERA

***** HB 179 *****

SPONSOR: Chipman

HANDLER: Brown

HB 179 - This act expands the documents that may be presented to obtain a veteran designation on a driver's license or identification card to include a Uniformed Services Identification Card, otherwise known as a DD Form 2, that includes a discharge status of "retired" or "reserve retired".

MICHELA BIRK

***** HB 259 *****

SPONSOR: Reiboldt

HANDLER: Munzlinger

HCS/HB 259 - This act creates the Missouri Dairy Revitalization Act of 2015, which requires the University of Missouri to conduct research annually on the estimated state sales tax revenue generated from dairy products. Such estimate shall be provided to the Department of Agriculture. Further, this act creates the Missouri Dairy Industry Revitalization Fund. General revenue appropriated to the Fund shall be expended as set forth in this act.

This act requires the Department of Agriculture to establish a dairy producer insurance premium assistance program for producers who participate in the federal margin protection program for dairy producers. Participating producers shall be reimbursed for 70% of their federal premium payment.

Further, this act establishes the Missouri Dairy Scholars Program. This program shall make available 80 scholarships at \$5,000 each toward tuition at any college or university in Missouri for students in agriculture-related degree programs who make a commitment to work in the agriculture industry.

Additionally, under this act, the University of Missouri's commercial agriculture program shall conduct an annual study of the dairy industry and develop a plan for how to grow dairy industries in Missouri. The plan shall be delivered to certain members of the General Assembly as set forth in this act.

These provisions are substantially similar to SB 139 (2015), SS/SCS/SB 12 (2015), SS/SCS/HCS/HB 1326 (2014), HCS/SB 506 (2014), HCS/HB 1640 (2014), HCS/SB 591 (2014), and HCS/SB 859 (2014).

KAYLA CRIDER

***** HB 269 *****

SPONSOR: Miller

HANDLER: Kehoe

HB 269 - This act requires every class 2 recreational motorboat operating upon the waters of this state to carry two B1 type fire extinguishers, one B2 fire extinguisher, or a fixed fire extinguishing system and one B1 type fire extinguisher.

SPONSOR: Miller

HANDLER: Kehoe

This act is identical to provisions contained in HCS/SB 231 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

***** HB 326 *****

SPONSOR: Leara

HANDLER: Kehoe

HB 326 - Current law provides that public retirement plans shall establish board member education programs, and specifies program curriculum and the number of hours that board members must attend such education programs per year. This act specifies that such provisions regarding board member education shall apply only to defined benefit plans.

JESSI BAKER

***** HB 343 *****

SPONSOR: Lair

HANDLER: Wieland

SCS/HB 343 - This act provides that the Department of Social Services, in cooperation with the Department of Health and Senior Services and the Department of Mental Health, shall establish a committee to assess the continuation of the Money Follows the Person Demonstration Program in order to support Missourians who have disabilities and those who are aging to transition from nursing facilities or habilitation centers to quality community settings. The committee will study sustainability of the program beyond the current demonstration time frame for all transitions to occur by September 30, 2018. The committee shall be comprised of specified members and shall including fiscal staff from specified divisions and agencies.

By July 1, 2016, the Department of Social Services must make recommendations based on the findings of the committee and report them to the General Assembly and the Governor by July 1, 2016. The provisions of the act will expire on January 1, 2017.

This act is substantially similar to SB 380 (2015), SCS/SB 380 (2015), and provisions in HCS/SCS/SB 380 (2015).

SARAH HASKINS

***** HB 361 *****

SPONSOR: Spencer

HANDLER: Riddle

HB 361 - This act designates the third week of February in each year as Engineer Awareness Week.

JIM ERTLE

***** HB 384 *****

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Dixon

SS/HB 384 - This act modifies provisions relating to taxation.

TAX AMNESTY (Section 32.383)

This act grants amnesty for payment of all penalties, additions to tax, and interest accrued on state tax liability due but unpaid as of December 31, 2014. Persons that are a party to a criminal investigation or civil or criminal litigation and relating to unpaid taxes will be ineligible for the amnesty. Persons seeking

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Dixon

amnesty must pay the balance of taxes due between September 1, 2015, and November 30, 2015. If a taxpayer granted amnesty fails to comply with all state tax laws for the next eight years, they must pay the amounts that were waived under the act. Taxpayers granted amnesty cannot participate in future amnesty programs for the same tax.

Moneys collected under the amnesty program may only be used for increases in the rate of reimbursement of MO HealthNet providers and for adult dental coverage under MO HealthNet. The Department may enter into an agreement with third-party vendors for collections under this program.

This provision is similar to HB 1142 (2014), HB 55 (2013), SB 465 (2013), HB 1030 (2012), and HB 1031 (2012). This provision is similar to a provision contained in HB 1254 (2014), SS/HB 253 (2013), HCS/SS#2/SCS/SBs 26, 11 & 31 (2013), HB 1542 (2012), and HCS/HB 1639 (2012).

RECIPROCAL COLLECTION AGREEMENTS (32.385)

This act authorizes the Department of Revenue to enter into a reciprocal collection agreement with the federal government. Under the agreement, the federal government will withhold payment to vendors providing services or goods to the federal government an amount equal to the debt owed the state of Missouri. The state of Missouri will also withhold from payments to vendors providing services or goods to the state of Missouri and from state tax refunds an amount equal to the nontax debt owed the federal government by the vendor or individual.

The Department of Revenue is also authorized to enter into a similar agreement with other states.

This provision is similar to HB 1123 (2015), SB 880 (2014), HB 1679 (2014) and HB 553 (2013). This provision is similar to a provision of HB 1677 (2014), HCS/HBs 521 & 579 (2013), and HB 1542 (2012).

OFFICE OF TAXPAYER ADVOCATE (37.650 & 136.380)

This act eliminates the Office of Taxpayers' Ombudsman and creates the Office of Taxpayer Advocate. The Taxpayer Advocate will be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Taxpayer Advocate will have the authority to work with taxpayers regarding tax issues and will have access to information held by any state agency regarding the taxpayer's tax issue. The office must submit to the Governor and General Assembly a regular report detailing the operations of the office as well as any suggested legislation for improving Missouri's tax laws.

This provision is similar to a provision in SB 15 (2015).

TAXPAYER'S BILL OF RIGHTS (Section 136.375)

The Missouri Taxpayer's Bill of Rights is amended to include a right to fair and consistent application of Missouri tax laws.

This provision is similar to a provision contained in SCS/SB 15 (2015).

STUDY COMMISSION ON STATE TAX POLICY (136.450)

This act creates the Study Commission on State Tax Policy. The commission will be composed of the members of the Joint Committee on Tax Policy as well as members of the public who have expertise in the field of taxation. The commission is tasked with examining Missouri's tax system to identify its strengths and weaknesses and to provide any recommendations for improvement. The commission shall

***** HB 384 ***** (Cont'd)

SPONSOR: Flanigan

HANDLER: Dixon

cease activities by January 1, 2018.

This provision is identical to the perfected version of SB 15 (2015).

MIKE HAMMANN

***** HB 385 *****

SPONSOR: Walker

HANDLER: Schaefer

HCS/HB 385 - The act creates a definition for "correspondence" and "sold" in the chapter regulating real estate brokers.

This act is similar to SB 441 (2015).

JESSI BAKER

***** HB 391 *****

SPONSOR: Gosen

HANDLER: Parson

HB 391 - This act requires insurers mailing notices cancelling, refusing to renew, or refusing to issue automobile insurance policies send such notices by certain United States postal service methods.

This act is nearly identical to HB 1225 (2015) and provisions contained in HCS/SB 282 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

***** HB 400 *****

SPONSOR: Peters

HANDLER: Walsh

HB 400 - This act designates every month of November as Epilepsy Awareness Month.

JIM ERTLE

***** HB 402 *****

SPONSOR: Phillips

HANDLER: Sater

HB 402 - This act designates the first full week of May before Memorial Day of every year as Missouri Safe Boating Week.

JIM ERTLE

***** HB 403 *****

SPONSOR: Phillips

HANDLER: Sater

SCS/HB 403 - This act designates Missouri as a "Purple Heart State."

The act also removes the additional fee equal to the fee charged for personalized license plates for subsequent sets of special Purple Heart license plates so that all Purple Heart license plates carry no fee in addition to regular registration fees.

Provisions of this act are identical to HB 1004 (2015) and SB 446 (2015).

JESSI BAKER

***** HB 404 *****

SPONSOR: Phillips

HANDLER: Sater

HB 404 - Currently, every May 15th is designated as Missouri's Peace Officers Memorial Day. This act designates the week in which that date falls as Missouri's Peace Officers Memorial Week.
JIM ERTLE

***** HB 501 *****

SPONSOR: Montecillo

HANDLER: Brown

HB 501 - This act requires that course materials and instruction relating to human sexuality and sexually transmitted diseases be medically and factually accurate and teach pupils about the dangers of sexual predators, including when using certain electronic communication methods, as described in the act. Pupils must be taught how to behave responsibly and remain safe on the internet and the importance of having open communication with adults, and reporting any inappropriate situation, activity, or abuse to a responsible adult, and depending on intent and content, to law enforcement.

Pupils must be taught about the consequences, both personal and legal, of inappropriate text messaging, even among friends.

This act is similar to a provision contained in SB 418 (2015), HB 353 (2015), and HB 670 (2015).
MICHAEL RUFF

***** HB 511 *****

SPONSOR: Mathews

HANDLER: Schatz

HB 511 - This act exempts annexations by municipalities that provide water and sanitary sewer service from review requirements of the St. Louis Boundary Commission. This act also specifies that such annexations are not prohibited by the existence of an established unincorporated area.

This provision is identical to a provision of CCS/HCS/SB 221 (2015), the truly agreed to and finally passed but vetoed HB 1553 (2014), HCS/SCS/SB 824 (2014), HCS/HB 1667 (2014), HCS/HB 2112 (2014), and HCS/SCS/SB 854 (2014).
MEGHAN LUECKE

***** HB 514 *****

SPONSOR: Leara

HANDLER: Schmitt

HB 514 - This act adds former automobile manufacturing plants and former insurance company national service centers in St. Louis County to the types of redevelopment areas that may qualify for state supplemental tax increment financing.

Former automobile manufacturing plants will not be included in the current \$32 million annual cap for state supplemental TIF and will have a separate cap of \$4 million per year. Redevelopment projects that will retain at least 2,000 geospatial intelligence jobs will also not be included in the current \$32 million cap and will be subject to a separate cap of \$12 million. If a redevelopment project meets both of the geospatial job criteria and former automobile manufacturing plant criteria, it will be subject to a \$12 million cap.

SPONSOR: Leara

HANDLER: Schmitt

This act also authorizes the state and the City of St. Louis to enter into a financing agreement relating to the redevelopment of a site adjacent to a former public housing site which may lead to the retention of over 2,000 federal geospatial intelligence jobs. The financing agreement may provide for disbursement of state withholdings taxes and city tax revenues associated with the retained employer for up to 30 years to fund costs associated with retaining the employer. The total amount of state appropriations and withholdings taxes that may be associated with such project is \$12 million. The project must provide a net fiscal benefit to the state over its term.

This act is similar to SB 401 (2015).

MIKE HAMMANN

SPONSOR: Leara

HANDLER: Keaveny

HB 515 - This act modifies provisions of law relating to the police retirement systems of Kansas City and the City of St. Louis.

POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE CITY OF ST. LOUIS

Currently the medical board which is responsible for determining disability retirement is composed of board of three physicians of different disciplines appointed by the trustees of the police retirement board. This act provides that the medical board shall be a health care organization appointed by the trustees of the police retirement board, and repeals provisions of law which state that opinions and recommendations to the board of trustees regarding disability retirement can be based upon the opinion of a single member or that of an outside specialists, if one is appointed.

Under the act the medical board, rather than a medical director and appointed physicians, is now responsible for the arrangement of all medical examinations and investigations in connection with an application for disability retirement.

The act repeals the existence of the board of police commissioners and grants the various duties of the board of police commissioners to the chief of police or the board of trustees of the police retirement system as specified in the act.

These provisions are identical to provisions contained in HCS/SCS/SB 270 (2015), HCS/SB 283 (2015), and HCS/SCS/SB 300 (2015).

The act also states that an employee of St. Louis City who is earning creditable service in the city's retirement plan and who is subsequently hired as a St. Louis City police officer may elect to stay a member of the city's retirement plan or elect to transfer membership and creditable service to the police retirement system of St. Louis.

This provision is identical to language contained in HB 643 (2015) and similar to HB 1272 (2015).

POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF KANSAS CITY

The act provides that a member of the Police Retirement System of Kansas City or the Civilian Employees' Retirement System of the Police Department of Kansas City who after August 28, 2015, returns to employment from a leave of absence for active duty military service and who becomes entitled to reemployment rights shall be entitled to service credit for the time spent in military service only to the

SPONSOR: Leara

HANDLER: Keaveny

extent that such member pays member contributions for the time spent in military service. The total amount of service credit is limited to a maximum of five years, and the retirement board may waive the required contributions for military leave of absence for up to three years of creditable service if the member provides certain documentation.

This act states that a nonspouse beneficiary who receives an eligible rollover distribution from either retirement system may have such distribution directly paid to an individual retirement account, an individual retirement annuity, or a Roth individual retirement account.

These provisions are identical to provisions contained in HCS/SCS/SB 300 (2015), HB 629 (2015), and HB 630 (2015).

JESSI BAKER

SPONSOR: Higdon

HANDLER: Kraus

SS/SCS/HCS/HBs 517 & 754 - This act modifies provisions relating to taxation.

TIMING OF INCOME TAX REFUNDS AND PAYMENT DEPOSITS (32.069, 136.110, & 143.811)

Currently, interest begins accruing 90 days after April 15th on personal income tax refunds that have not been remitted to taxpayers. This act requires the Department of Revenue to remit refunds within 45 days of the return being received by the Department. If the refund is remitted within that time period, no interest accrues. If the refund is not remitted within that time period, interest accrues from the date the Department received the return.

This act also require the Department of Revenue to deposit any payments received within 2 business days of receipt.

These provisions are similar to SB 350 (2015) and HB 811 (2015). These provisions are similar to provisions in SS/SCS/HCS/HB 299 (2015).

TAX COLLECTION IN FORMER TOWNSHIP COUNTIES (65.620)

This act allows counties in which townships have been abolished to continue to collect a property tax on a county-wide basis for road and bridge purposes for either one year following the abolishment of the townships or until the county voters have approved a property tax for such purposes, whichever occurs first.

The property tax must be the same amount as the property tax being levied in the township with the lowest total tax rate immediately before the townships were abolished.

This act specifies that the collection of the property tax is to be considered a continuation of a tax and not a new tax.

This provision is identical to SCS/SB 245 (2015). This provision is similar to a provision contained in SCS/HCS/HB 613 (2015), HCS/SS/SCS/SB 87 (2015), and HCS/SB 405 (2015).

SPRINGFIELD PUBLIC SAFETY SALES TAX (94.579)

Currently, every five years the city of Springfield must submit to the voter the question of whether to

SPONSOR: Higdon

HANDLER: Kraus

repeal its public safety sales tax. This act modifies the ballot language so that the question will be whether to continue the tax. Failure by the voters to approve continuation will result in a repeal of the tax.

This provision is identical to SB 421 (2015) and SB 607 (2014). This provision is identical to a provision contained in HCS/SCS/SB 300 (2015), HCS/SCS/SB 315 (2015), HCS/SB 364 (2015), and CCS/SCS/HB 1553 (2014).

DEPENDENCY EXEMPTION FOR STILLBIRTHS (143.161)

This act extends the current dependency exemption of \$1,200 to stillbirths. The taxpayer may only claim the exemption in the year of the stillbirth.

This provision is identical to SB 450 (2015), SB 471 (2015), and HB 649 (2015).

WITHHOLDINGS TAX ON TIPS (Section 143.191)

This act specifies that for employees that earn tips, the amount of income that the employer should withhold for tax purposes shall be based on the greater of the total tips reported to the employer on the employee's written statement or the amount of tips remitted to the employee by the employer. Shared tips will be attributed to the employee who actually receives the tips. The amount that should be withheld is limited to the amount of the employee's wages in control of the employer.

This provision is similar to SB 336 (2015).

STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS ON TAX CREDITS AND REFUNDS (143.801)

This act allows a taxpayer to claim a credit or refund for overpayment of income taxes after the statute of limitations for making a claim has expired if the taxpayer amends or the IRS changes the taxpayer's return after such period of time has expired. The taxpayer must make a claim for a credit or refund within one year of the amendment or change.

This provision is identical to SS/SCS/SB 115 (2015) and a provision in the perfected version of HB 811 (2015). This provision is similar HB 268 (2015), HB 1048 (2014), and a provision in HB 1174 (2014).

SALES TAX ON MANDATORY GRATUITY (144.020)

This act exempts mandatory gratuity imposed by a restaurant from sales tax.

SALES TAX EXEMPTION AIRCRAFT SOLD TO NONRESIDENTS (144.030)

This act creates a sales and use tax exemption for aircraft sold to non-Missouri residents and corporations. To be eligible for the exemption, the aircraft cannot be based in the state and must be removed from the state within 10 days of the later of transfer of title or a return to service associated with a transfer of title.

This provision is similar to SB 377 (2015), HB 1306 (2015), SB 958 (2014) and similar to a provision contained in SB 777 (2014).

SCHOOL SUPPLIES SALES TAX HOLIDAY (144.049)

This act adds graphing calculator costing no more than \$150 to the types of school supplies eligible for the sales tax holiday. The act also reduces the amount that a computer can cost and still qualify for the

SPONSOR: Higdon

HANDLER: Kraus

sales tax holiday from \$3,500 to \$1,500.

The provision is similar to HB 410 (2015) and HB 1165 (2014). This provision is similar to a provision in HCS/SS/SCS/SB 115 (2015), SCS/HCS/HB 1296 (2014), HCS/SB 584 (2014), and CCS/HCS/SS/SB 860 (2014).

ADVERTISING ASSUMPTION OF SALES TAX (144.080)

Currently, sellers are prohibited from advertising or holding out to customers that sales tax will be assumed or absorbed by the seller. This act removes this prohibition, provided that the seller states the amount of tax assumed or absorbed on the invoice or receipt for the sale.

This provision is identical to HB 440 (2015). This provision is similar to a provision in HB 1178 (2015), HB 1296 (2014), HB 1477 (2014), CCS/HCS/SB 584 (2014), HCS/SB 607 (2014), CCS/HCS/SB 662 (2014), and CCS/HCS/SS/SB 860 (2014).

MIKE HAMMANN

SPONSOR: Cookson

HANDLER: Libla

SS/SCS/HB 522, HB 34, HB 133, HB 134, HB 810, HB 338 & HB 873 - Bridge and Highway Namings

This act designates the portion of U.S. Highway 160 within the city limits of Doniphan in Ripley county as the "Billy Yates Highway".

This act designates the portion of Highway 63 from the Adair-Macon county line to the northern border of the city limits of the city of Kirksville in Adair county as the "Harriet Beard Highway".

This act designates the bridge on Highway CC over North Fork White River in Ozark County as the "Irwin C. Cudworth Memorial Bridge".

This act designates the portion of U.S. Highway 160 from the bridge that crosses Bryant creek continuing two and one-half miles east of such bridge in Ozark county as the "Jerry Corp Memorial Highway".

This act designates the portion of Highway 54 from the Grand Glaize Bridge to Key Largo Road in Camden county as the "Veterans Memorial Expressway".

This act designates the portion of Business Highway 71 from the intersection of Interstate 29 traveling north for two miles in Andrew county as the "Randy Bever Memorial Highway".

This act designates the portion of State Highway 10 from the western border of the city limits of Norborne in Carroll county to the eastern border of the city limits of Hardin in Ray county as the "Ray-Carroll County Veterans Memorial Highway".

This act designates the portion of State Highway 21 from the intersection of State Route U continuing through the city of Lesterville to the intersection of Elm Street in Lesterville in Reynolds county as the "Donald Lee Cook Memorial Highway".

SPONSOR: Cookson

HANDLER: Libla

This act designates the portion of State Highway 115 in St. Louis City from the intersection of Natural Bridge Avenue and Salisbury Street west to the intersection of State Highway 115 and Jennings Station Road as the "Theodore McNeal Highway".

Under current law the "Heroes Way Interchange Designation Program" allows for designations of interstate or state-numbered highway interchanges for members of the United States Armed Forces killed in action while performing active military duty with the Armed Forces in Afghanistan or Iraq on or after September 11, 2001. This act expands the program to allow for designations of bridges and segments of highway on the state highway system. This act also expands the program to allow for designations of any member of the United States Armed Forces killed in action while performing active military duty.

This act contains provisions identical to SB 474 (2015), SB 156 (2015), and HB 775 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

***** HB 524 *****

SPONSOR: Dugger

HANDLER: Cunningham

HB 524 - This act allows the Director of the Department of Revenue to authorize a lienholder to electronically release a lien when the lien was electronically filed with the department. The act requires the department to electronically confirm the receipt of the release.

This act is nearly identical to SB 291 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

***** HB 531 *****

SPONSOR: Solon

HANDLER: Riddle

HB 531 - This act defines "nicotine liquid container" and requires that such containers sold at retail satisfy federal child-resistant effectiveness standards. Any person selling such containers at retail in violation of such standards shall be assessed a fine of \$250 for the first violation, and \$500 for each subsequent violation. This act shall be considered null and void upon adoption of federal regulations mandating child-resistant effectiveness standards for such containers.

This act is similar to HB 147 (2015).

KAYLA CRIDER

***** HB 567 *****

SPONSOR: Dunn

HANDLER: Curls

HB 567 - This act designates December 4th of each year as "Alpha Phi Alpha Day" in Missouri.

JIM ERTLE

***** HB 587 *****

SPONSOR: Dugger

HANDLER: Wasson

HCS/HB 587 - Currently, in order to obtain a license to issue checks in this state, an individual must

SPONSOR: Dugger

HANDLER: Wasson

submit an application accompanied by an investigation fee of \$100. Furthermore, prior to receiving such license, and annually thereafter, an individual must pay a fee of \$100. This act changes each of those fees to \$300.

The Director of Finance is currently permitted to charge a fee not exceeding \$100 for amending and reissuing an existing license. This act changes that to a fee not to exceed \$300.

Current law states that the annual licensing fee for an individual to engage in the business of a financial institution shall be \$300 for each place of business of the individual. This act changes that fee to \$500 per place of business.

In order to engage in the business of a premium finance company, individuals currently must pay an annual registration fee of \$300. Further, any revised statement of a registration form shall be accompanied by a \$100 fee. This act changes those fees to \$500 and \$300, respectively.

Currently, the licensing fee for individuals to engage in the business of a sales finance company is \$300 for each place of business operated by the individual. This act changes that to a \$500 fee.

Lenders of small loans are currently required to apply for a certificate of registration accompanied by a \$300 fee. This act changes that fee to \$500.

Credit service organizations filing a registration statement with the Director of Finance may be charged a fee not exceeding \$100 by the Director. This act changes that to a fee not exceeding \$300.

Currently, lenders of unsecured loans of \$500 or less must obtain a license from the Director of Finance and pay an annual license fee of \$300 per location. This act changes that to a \$500 fee per location.

This act is substantially similar to SCS/SB 345 (2015) which was Truly Agreed To and Finally Passed.
SCOTT SVAGERA

SPONSOR: Crawford

HANDLER: Parson

SCS/HCS/HB 613 - This act modifies provision relating to collection of property taxes.

COUNTY COLLECTOR FEES (52.260)

Under current law, county collectors must collect a specified amount of fees for collecting local taxes. In counties where the total amount levied in a year is between \$350,000 and \$2 million, the fee is 2.5 percent on the first \$350,000 collected and 1 percent on the rest. In counties where the total amount levied exceeds \$2 million, the fee is 1 percent on all amounts collected.

This act raises the outer threshold amount for a county to be eligible to collect the 2.5 percent on the first \$350,000 to \$3 million.

This provision is identical to SB 405 (2015), HB 1269 (2015). This provision is identical to a provision in HCS/HB 1154 (2015), HCS/SS/SCS/SB 87 (2015), and HCS/SCS/SB 245 (2015).

SPONSOR: Crawford

HANDLER: Parson

TAX COLLECTION IN FORMER TOWNSHIP COUNTIES (65.620)

This act allows counties in which townships have been abolished to continue to collect a property tax on a county-wide basis for road and bridge purposes for either one year following the abolishment of the townships or until the county voters have approved a property tax for such purposes, whichever occurs first.

The property tax must be the same amount as the property tax being levied in the township with the lowest total tax rate immediately before the townships were abolished.

This act specifies that the collection of the property tax is to be considered a continuation of a tax and not a new tax.

This provision is identical to SCS/SB 245 (2015). This provision is identical to a provision in SS/SCS/HCS/HBs 517 & 754 (2015), HCS/SS/SCS/SB 87 (2015), and HCS/SB 405 (2015).

RENTAL MERCHANDISE PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION (137.018)

This amendment specifies that certain merchandise whether or not subject to a short term rental and which will ultimately be sold shall be considered inventory for property tax purposes and exempt from taxation. The amendment is limited to general rental centers and construction, mining, and forestry equipment rental.

This provision is similar to SB 314 (2015) and HB 879 (2015). This provision is similar to a provision in SS/HB 616 (2015).

ASSESSMENT OF PROPERTY WITH CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS (137.076)

This act requires county assessors to use the income based approach when assessing parcels of real property with certain restrictions imposed on the property in connection with state or federal subsidies used on the property.

This provision is similar to a provision in HCS/SS/SCS/SB 115 (2015), HCS/SB 148 (2015), and HCS/SS/SB 314 (2015).

REAL PROPERTY TAX SALES (140.170 - 140.410)

Currently, a county collector may advertise without a legal description or the names of the record owners, tax delinquent lands meeting certain requirements and which have an assessed value of \$1,000 or less. This act increases the assessed value limit to \$1,500 or less.

The act authorizes any collector, tax sale purchaser, or the agent of either to enter on the land of the another without being guilty of trespass if in the course of providing notice of a tax sale or tax sale redemption rights.

Currently, property must be redeemed within one year of a tax sale if the property is sold at a first or second offering. This act allows owners of property to redeemed until such time that the purchaser acquires a deed to the property.

The act prohibits costs incurred by a tax sale purchaser prior to March first after the tax sale from being included in the costs required to be paid by an owner before the property may be redeemed. County collectors will make the determination as to what are reasonable costs of sale a redeeming property

SPONSOR: Crawford

HANDLER: Parson

owners must pay.

Currently, minors and incapacitated person must redeem property within one year of a disability being removed. This act requires redemption within five years of the last payment of taxes on the property by the minor, incapacitated person, or the representative of either.

Currently, tax sale purchasers must provide a title search to acquire a collector's deed. The title search cannot be more than 120 days from the date of application for the deed. This act removes the 120 day restriction.

The act specifies requirements for a tax sale purchaser to be issued a collector's deed. The act also specifies how notice maybe served on a minor or incapacitated person outside the United States.

Currently, tax sale purchasers must record a deed on the property within two years of the tax sale. This act requires a recording within 18 months.

SPECIAL ROAD ROCK FUND (231.444)

Currently, certain counties are authorized to levy an additional real property tax for deposit into a Special Road Rock Fund. Proceeds in the fund are to be used for purchasing road rock to be placed on county roads. This amendment authorizes all third and fourth class counties to levy such a tax if approved by the voter of the county.

This amendment is identical to SB 339 (2015) and SCS/SB 573 (2014). This amendment is similar in concept to HB 324 (2015).

MIKE HAMMANN

SPONSOR: Dohrman

HANDLER: Kraus

SS/HB 616 - This act modifies provisions relating to assessment of property taxes.

RENTAL MERCHANDISE (137.018)

This act specifies that certain merchandise whether or not subject to a short term rental and which will ultimately be sold shall be considered inventory for property tax purposes and exempt from taxation. The act is limited to general rental centers and construction, mining, and forestry equipment rental.

This provision is similar to SB 314 (2015) and HB 879 (2015). This provision is similar to a provision contained in SCS/HCS/HB 613 (2015).

NEWLY CREATED POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS (137.081)

This act specifies that if a political subdivision is created before July first, it shall be considered effective for property tax assessment purposes on the date of certification of the vote approving such political subdivision. If the political subdivision is created on or after July first, it shall be considered effective as of the beginning of the following assessment year.

This provision is identical to SB 364 (2015) and HB 1242 (2015). This provision is identical to a provision contained in the perfected version of HB 879 (2015).

MIKE HAMMANN

SPONSOR: Fraker

HANDLER: Wasson

SCS/HCS/HB 618 - This act adds advanced practice registered nurses, assistant physicians, and physician assistants to specified phases of the death certification process, including data provision, certification of death, and authorization for the final disposition of the decedent's body.

The funeral director or person in charge of final disposition of the body shall enter into the electronic death registration system personal data from the next of kin, medical certification if so designated by the person responsible for such certification, and any other information or data as required.

The person authorized to complete the medical certification may designate another to enter the medical certification information into the electronic death registration system if the authorized person has signed a statement stating the cause of death.

Any person completing the medical certification or entering data into the electronic death registration system shall be immune from civil liability for such certification completion, data, entry, or determination of cause of death, unless such person acts with gross negligence or willful misconduct.

The act states that the Department of Health and Senior Services must notify physicians, physician assistants, assistant physicians, and advanced practice registered nurses of the requirements provided in the act regarding the electronic vital records system.

By August 30, 2015, the Division of Community and Public Health shall create a working group to evaluate the electronic vital records system, develop recommendations, and must report such findings to the General Assembly by January 1, 2016.

These provisions are substantially similar to provisions in HCS/SS/SCS/SB 517 (2015) and HCS/HB 1113 (2015), and identical to provisions contained in HCS/SCS/SB 107 (2015).

This act provides that if a funeral director has knowledge that there are multiple people who have equal priority to choose and control the final disposition of a dead human body and who do not agree on the disposition, then the decision of the majority of the people with equal priority shall control the disposition.

The act also states that a person who owns a cemetery is authorized to disinter an individual's remains and rebury or reinter the remains at another location pursuant to written instructions signed and acknowledged by a person who was the next-of kin, as defined in statute, at the time of death. If the next-of-kin at the time of death is no longer living then a majority of certain adult members, as specified in statute, may authorize the disinterment.

Currently, cemetery owners are not liable to the deceased person's family for a disinterment, relocation or delivery of deceased human remains performed pursuant to statute. This act provides that cemetery owners, cemetery operators, funeral directors, funeral establishment or any other entity involved in the process shall not be liable in such situations.

These provisions are identical to provisions contained in HCS/SS/SB 416 (2015), and substantially similar to provisions in HCS/SCS/SB 107 (2015).

JESSI BAKER

SPONSOR: Leara

HANDLER: Silvey

HB 629 - This act modifies provisions relating to the Kansas City Police Retirement System, Kansas City Public School Retirement System, and St. Louis Public School Retirement System.

POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF KANSAS CITY - 86.1270, 86.1630

This act provides that a nonspouse beneficiary who receives an eligible rollover distribution from the Police Retirement System of Kansas City or the Civilian Employees' Retirement System of the Police Department of Kansas City may have such distribution directly paid to an individual retirement account, an individual retirement annuity, or a Roth individual retirement account.

This provision is identical to provisions contained SCS/SB 300 (2015) and HB 515 (2015).

KANSAS CITY PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIREMENT SYSTEM - 169.291

For KC-PSRS, this act reduces the number of trustees elected by the members of the retirement system from four to three beginning at the election in 2016. Beginning at the election in 2016, one member will be a teacher or administrator of a charter school located in the Kansas City School District. This trustee will be elected for a term of four years by the members of the retirement system.

This provision is identical to provisions contained in HCS/SCS/SB 300 (2015) and HCS/SCS/SB 270 (2015).

PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE CITY OF ST. LOUIS - 169.450

The act modifies the composition of the board of trustees of the Public School Retirement System of the City of St. Louis. This act modifies the qualifications for the four trustees elected by and from the active members. At least two trustees will be teachers, not more than one trustee will be a nonteacher, and beginning in 2016, one trustee will be a teacher or administrator of a charter school located in the St. Louis City School District.

This provision is identical to provisions contained in HCS/SCS/SB 300 (2015) and HCS/SCS/SB 270 (2015).

JESSI BAKER

SPONSOR: Cornejo

HANDLER: Schaefer

HB 650 - This act allows a motorcycle to be equipped with auxiliary lighting that is amber or white illumination, standard bulb running lights, or light-emitting diode pods and strips. This auxiliary lighting must be nonblinking, nonflashing, and nonoscillating, and must be directed toward the engine and drive train of the motorcycle to prevent interference with the driver's operation of the motorcycle.

MICHELA BIRK

SPONSOR: Hinson

HANDLER: Schatz

SCS/HB 686 - This act modifies provisions relating to the registration of motor vehicles.

JUNKING CERTIFICATES

This act modifies the definition of junk vehicle to include a vehicle that has been designated junk or a

SPONSOR: Hinson

HANDLER: Schatz

substantially equivalent designation by this state or any other state. This act further modifies provisions relating to motor vehicles classified as junk vehicles including specifying allowable transactions with a junking certificate and revising the language restricting issuance of a salvage or original certificate of title after a junking certificate has been issued.

These provisions are identical to provisions in SS/SCS/SB 278 (2015).

TEMPORARY REGISTRATION PERMIT SALES

This act allows temporary registration permit sales to be recorded by electronic means as determined by the Department of Revenue rather than requiring all temporary registration permit sales to be recorded on the dealer's monthly sales report.

These provisions are identical to SB 443 (2015).

TRANSFER OF INTEREST IN MOTOR VEHICLES AND TRAILERS

This act adds the requirement that a transferor of an interest in a motor vehicle or trailer provide the name of the transferor. The act allows the transferor and transferee to provide electronic signatures in the case of electronic transmission and for minor deviations from the requirements of the law, provided that the form of the sale substantially complies with the law and there are no materially misleading errors.

These provisions are nearly identical to HB 761 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

SPONSOR: Gosen

HANDLER: Parson

SCS/HCS/HB 709 - This act modifies provisions relating to entities regulated by the Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration.

PRESCRIPTIVE AUTHORITY (Sections 195.070, 334.037, 334.104, and 334.747)

This act allows certain advanced practice registered nurses, physician assistants, and assistant physicians to prescribe Schedule II - hydrocodone. Hydrocodone prescriptions are limited to a one five day supply without refill.

This section is identical to SCS/SB 313 (2015).

INFORMATIONAL DOCUMENTS ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE (Sections 374.015 and 374.018)

This act allows the Department of Insurance to issue non-binding informational documents to insurers. The Department may issue informal bulletins for the purpose educating the insurance industry and the general public about a regulatory topic or issue. The Department may also issue a no-action letter stating the intention of the Department to not take enforcement actions to a particular insurer based on a specific set of facts presented by the insurer under applicable law as of the date of the issuance of the letter. So long as there is no change in any material fact or law or a discovery of a material misrepresentation or omission made by the insurer, the Department is estopped from bringing any enforcement action against an insurer who has been issued a no-action letter concerning the conduct that is the subject of the no-action letter.

SPONSOR: Gosen

HANDLER: Parson

This section is identical to SCS/SB 362 (2015).

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS POLICY LANGUAGE (Section 376.791)

This act exempts individual health coverage from two subdivisions of section 376.777 relating to required policy statements relating to coordination of benefits and requires the Director of the Department of Insurance to promulgate rules to effectuate the new section.

MICHELA BIRK

SPONSOR: Shaul

HANDLER: Kehoe

SS#2/HCS/HB 722 - This act prohibits certain types of ordinances by political subdivisions.

PAPER AND PLASTIC BAGS (Section 260.283) - Under this act, all merchants are required to provide customers the option of either a paper or plastic bag. This act also bans political subdivisions from imposing any ban on the use of either paper or plastic bags. Further, this act bans political subdivisions from imposing any ban on the use of reusable bags.

EMPLOYEE-EMPLOYER RELATIONS (Section 285.055) - This act prohibits political subdivisions from establishing, mandating, or otherwise requiring employers to provide employees a minimum wage rate or employment benefits that exceed the requirements of federal or state laws, rules, or regulations. This prohibition shall not preempt any law or ordinance that is in effect on August 28, 2015.

This provision is similar to HB 865 (2015) and SB 455 (2015).

KAYLA CRIDER

SPONSOR: Frederick

HANDLER: Onder

HCS/HB 769 - This act defines a "medical retainer agreement" as a contract between a physician and a patient or such patient's legal representative in which the parties agree to the provision of specified services in exchange for an agreed-upon fee and period of time. Medical retainer agreements shall not be considered insurance and physicians entering into such agreements shall not be required to obtain a certificate of authenticity or a license to market, sell, or offer to sell a medical retainer agreement. Medical retainer agreements shall: (1) be in writing; (2) be signed by the parties; (3) allow either party to terminate the agreement on written notice to the other party; (4) describe the specific health care services to be included; (5) specify the fee; (6) specify the period of time under the agreement; and (7) prominently state in writing that the agreement is not insurance.

Fees under a medical retainer agreement may be paid from the patient's health savings account or reimbursed through a flexible spending arrangement or a health reimbursement arrangement. A patient's employer may make contributions into the patient's health savings account, flexible spending arrangement, or health reimbursement arrangement to cover any or all of the agreed-upon fees under the medical retainer agreement or pay the agreed-upon fees directly to the physician under the medical retainer agreement.

Finally, nothing in this act shall be construed as prohibiting, limiting, or otherwise restricting a physician in a collaborative practice arrangement from entering into a medical retainer agreement.

SPONSOR: Frederick

HANDLER: Onder

This act is substantially similar to SB 478 (2015).

SARAH HASKINS

SPONSOR: Ruth

HANDLER: Romine

HB 778 - This act designates the twenty-second week of each year as 22q Awareness Week to increase awareness of individuals with a chromosome 22q11.2 deletion.

JIM ERTLE

SPONSOR: Roeber

HANDLER: Dixon

SS/SCS/HB 799 - This act modifies various provisions relating to judicial circuits.

BUCHANAN COUNTY MUNICIPAL COURT

The act provides that Buchanan County may prosecute violations of county orders in the circuit court or in a county municipal court if the creation of such court is approved by order of the county commission (67.320).

This provision is identical to provisions contained in HB 473 (2015) and CCS/HCS/SS/SCS/SB 67 (2015).

JUVENILE COURT EMPLOYEES

This act provides that juvenile officers employed in a multicounty circuit which switches to a first class single county circuit on or after August 28, 2015, are state employees and shall receive state-provided benefits (211.393).

APPOINTMENT OF A CIRCUIT COURT MARSHAL IN CERTAIN CIRCUITS

The act allows the presiding judge of any circuit containing a diagnostic and reception center operated by the Department of Corrections and a mental health facility operated by the Department of Mental Health which houses certain persons specified in the act to appoint a circuit court marshal (476.083).

This provision is identical to SB 532 (2015) and HB 1182 (2015) and to provisions contained in CCS/HCS/SS/SCS/SB 67 (2015) and HB 473 (2015).

DIVISION OF THE THIRTY-EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

Currently, the Thirty-Eighth Judicial Circuit consists of Christian and Taney counties. The act provides that the Thirty-Eighth Judicial Circuit shall consist of only Christian County and creates a new Forty-Sixth Judicial Circuit consisting of Taney County. The Forty-Sixth Judicial Circuit shall have one circuit judge elected in 2016 (478.011, 478.170, 478.188, 478.191, 478.740).

These provisions are similar to provisions contained in HCS/HB 767 (2015).

ADDITIONAL CIRCUIT JUDGE

This act provides that when an annual judicial performance report indicates for three consecutive years that a judicial circuit with a population of one hundred thousand people or more is in need of four or

SPONSOR: Roeber

HANDLER: Dixon

more full-time judicial positions then, subject to appropriations, there shall be one additional circuit judge position authorized in that circuit (478.330).

This provision is identical to provisions contained in SB 81 (2015).

SIXTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

The act provides that Division Twelve of the Sixteenth Judicial Circuit shall sit at the City of Independence, rather than Kansas City (478.463).

This provision is identical to SB 439 (2015) and to provisions contained in SCS/HCS/HB 807 (2015) and HCS/SCS/SB 340 (2015).

MUNICIPAL COURT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The act also states that by September 1, 2015, the presiding judge of a circuit court in which a municipal division is located shall report to the clerk of the Supreme Court the name and address of the municipal division and any other information regarding the municipal division requested by the clerk on a standardized form developed by the clerk. The presiding judge of a circuit shall also notify the clerk if a municipal division is abolished or established in the circuit (479.155).

This provision is similar to provisions contained in HCS/SS/SCS/SB 5 (2015), CCS/HCS/SS/SCS/SB 67, HB 473 (2015), HB 1199 (2015), and SB 327 (2015).

SURCHARGE IN ANY NONCHARTER SINGLE COUNTY CIRCUIT

The act provides that the surcharge currently collected by the Thirty-First Judicial Circuit in all criminal cases for the purpose of the purchase, construction, maintenance, and operation of a judicial facility shall now be collected in all civil and criminal cases in any judicial circuit composed of a single noncharter county. The money collected shall be deposited into a separate account named the "Justice Center Fund"(488.2206).

JASPER COUNTY JUDICIAL FUND

The act provides that cases filed in the Twenty-Ninth Judicial Circuit shall have an additional cost assessed. Civil cases shall be assessed a surcharge of ten dollars, misdemeanor criminal cases shall be assessed a surcharge of twenty-five dollars, and felony criminal cases shall be assessed a surcharge of fifty dollars. The judge may waive the assessment of the surcharge in cases where the defendant is determined to be indigent.

The money collected from such surcharge shall be placed in the Jasper County Judicial Fund and used to pay the costs associated with the purchase, lease, and operation of a county juvenile center and the county judicial facility in Jasper County (488.2244).

This provision expires August 28, 2025, and is identical to CCS/HCS/SS/SCS/SB 67 (2015), SCS/HCS/HB 807 (2015), and similar to HB 1172 (2015).

HOWELL COUNTY JUSTICE CENTER FUND

This act provides that a surcharge of up to ten dollars may be collected in all civil and criminal proceedings, excluding violations of traffic laws or ordinances, filed in Howell County. In criminal cases the surcharge must first be authorized by a county or municipal order, ordinance, or resolution.

SPONSOR: Roeber

HANDLER: Dixon

The moneys collected from the surcharge must be use for the costs associated with the land assemblage, construction, maintenance and operation of any county or municipal judicial facility. The county or municipality shall maintain a separate account known as the "justice center fund" which is limited to the uses specified in the act (488.2257).

These provisions expire on August 28, 2025 and are identical to provisions contained in CCS/HCS/SS/SCS/SB 67 (2015) and SCS/HCS/HB 807 (2015) and similar to HB 183 (2015).

CAPE GIRARDEAU COUNTY JUSTICE CENTER FUND

This act provides that a surcharge of up to ten dollars may be collected in all civil and criminal proceedings, excluding violations of traffic laws or ordinances, filed in Cape Girardeau County. In criminal cases the surcharge must first be authorized by a county or municipal order, ordinance, or resolution.

The moneys collected from the surcharge must be use for the costs associated with the land assemblage, construction, maintenance and operation of any county or municipal judicial facility. The county or municipality shall maintain a separate account known as the "justice center fund" which is limited to the uses specified in the act (488.2265).

PUBLIC DEFENDER SYSTEM

Current law allows the director of the Missouri State Public Defender System to delegate the legal representation of any person to any licensed attorney. This act specifies that the director can delegate the legal representation of people who are eligible for representation by the Public Defender System.

Under current law, the director of the State Public Defender System must implement a plan to establish district offices that align with judicial circuit boundaries by December 31, 2018. This act extends the date of implementation to December 31, 2021 (600.042).

These provisions are identical to provisions contained in SCS/SB 91 (2015), HCS/SCS/SB 340 (2015), and SCS/HCS/HB 807 (2015).

JANITOR-MESSENGER

The act repeals sections of law referencing the appointment of a janitor-messenger in the circuit court of the City of St. Louis (478.430, 478.433).

The repeal of these provisions is also in SB 81 (2015).

JESSI BAKER

SPONSOR: Dunn

HANDLER: Curls

HB 859 - This act designates every April 15th as "Jackie Robinson Day".

JIM ERTLE

SPONSOR: Fitzwater

HANDLER: Wasson

HB 861 - This act designates the first full week of March in every year as Multiple Sclerosis

SPONSOR: Fitzwater
Awareness Week.
JIM ERTLE

HANDLER: Wasson

***** HB 869 *****

SPONSOR: Solon

HANDLER: Schatz

HB 869 - This act creates several exemptions to the tax on titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors. Sales to not-for-profit organizations for use in their civic or charitable functions, sales to public and not-for-profit private educational institutions, and transfers between certain business entities, shareholders, and partners are exempt from the tax.

This act is identical SB 378 (2015) and a provision in the perfected version of HB 299 (2015).
MIKE HAMMANN

***** HB 874 *****

SPONSOR: Remole

HANDLER: Munzlinger

HB 874 - This act designates every October 16th as "Walt Disney - 'A Day to Dream' Day".
JIM ERTLE

***** HB 878 *****

SPONSOR: Rhoads

HANDLER: Libla

SCS/HB 878 - Under current law, the Department of Public Safety has the sole authority to regulate and license corporate security advisors. This act specifies that licensed corporate security advisors who are not also commissioned by the department do not have the power of arrest, except as otherwise provided by law.

Under this act, the department has the sole authority to commission corporate security advisors. Only licensed police officers may be commissioned as corporate security advisors.

This act also requires the department to establish a minimum amount of liability insurance to be provided by the prospective or current employer of the corporate security advisor. In addition, the department must require the employer to provide a statement that the corporate security advisor will be included in the policy as a named insured.

Applications for corporate security advisors must be made on forms and in the manner as prescribed by the Director of the Department of Public Safety. The department may charge a fee of up to \$200 for each license.

This act specifies that the section providing for the licensure and commissioning of corporate security advisors is not intended to be, and shall not be construed as, a waiver of sovereign immunity or the creation of any liability on the part of the state for personal injury, death, or property damage. In addition, the Department of Public Safety and its director are granted immunity from civil liability for commissioning corporate security advisors.

This act is identical to SCS/SB 408 (2015).
MEGHAN LUECKE

***** HB 947 *****

SPONSOR: Wiemann

HANDLER: Wallingford

SCS/HB 947 - This act allows the Governor to convey property known as the Nevada Habilitation Center in Vernon County, Springfield Veterans Walking Trail in Greene County, B W Sheperd State School in Kansas City in addition to other Kansas City properties, Camp Zoe in Shannon County, and the Marshall Habilitation Center in Saline County.

In addition, this act allows the Governor to convey properties located in Pulaski County, Christian County, St. Charles County, and St. Louis County to the State Highways and Transportation Commission.

This act contains provisions identical to SB 369 (2015) and SB 317 (2015).

MEGHAN LUECKE

***** HB 1022 *****

SPONSOR: Gosen

HANDLER: Parson

HB 1022 - This act authorizes a return or refund of a portion of expense savings to an insured in cases where an insured makes no reportable claim under specified coverages within a prescribed period of time. This act further states that such a return or refund shall not constitute a rebate or an unfair trade practice.

This act is identical to HB 1114 (2015) and a provision contained in HCS/SB 282 (2015) and nearly identical to SB 470 (2015).

MICHELA BIRK

***** HB 1052 *****

SPONSOR: Miller

HANDLER: Wasson

HB 1052 - The act adds to the description of the practice of professional land surveyors work which involves creating, preparing, or modifying electronic or computerized data relative to the survey and location of rights-of-way and easements. The survey and location of rights-of-way and easements are not exclusive to professional land surveyors unless the survey affects real property rights, as defined in current law.

The act also states that any document prepared by a provider of utility or communications services between August 27, 2014, and the effective date of the act shall remain valid even though it was not prepared by a professional land surveyor.

The act is identical to SCS/SB 499 (2015).

JESSI BAKER

***** HB 1070 *****

SPONSOR: Davis

HANDLER: Brown

SCS/HB 1070 - The act establishes the Office of Military Advocate under the Department of Economic Development for the purposes of advocating for the military services in Missouri, creating a long-term plan on military sustainability, and fulfilling the mission of the Missouri Military Preparedness and Enhancement Commission. The Office shall be administered by the military advocate who shall report to the director of the Department and provide support and coordination to the Commission. The

SPONSOR: Davis

HANDLER: Brown

military advocate shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate for a term of six years.

JESSI BAKER

*** HB 1098 ***

SPONSOR: Crawford

HANDLER: Kraus

SCS/HB 1098 - Currently, prior to acting in any fiduciary capacity in this state, an out-of-state bank or trust company must file with the Director of the Division of Finance within the Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration an application for a certificate of reciprocity. This act requires the application to state whether it intends to establish a trust representative office, facility, branch, or physical location in the state and any activities to be conducted there.

The act further specifies that if an out-of-state bank or trust company has established a physical location in the state, it may also be served legal process at the location by service upon any officer, agent, or employee. Moreover, the Director of the Division of Finance has the discretion to enter into a memorandum of understanding with the bank or state regulator of another state to adjust the minimum capital requirement or such other terms to obtain reciprocity for Missouri trust companies.

The definition of "out-of-state bank or trust company" is modified.

SCOTT SVAGERA

*** HB 1116 ***

SPONSOR: Rehder

HANDLER: Libla

HB 1116 - This act designates May 7th of every year as "ROHHAD Awareness Day" in Missouri. Rapid-onset obesity with hypothalamic dysfunction, hypoventilation and autonomic dysregulation (ROHHAD) presenting in childhood is a rare syndrome characterized by rapid-onset obesity in the first ten years of life, impairment of the autonomic nervous system, and later onset of reduced lung function.

JIM ERTLE

*** HB 1119 ***

SPONSOR: Redmon

HANDLER: Hegeman

HB 1119 - This act designates the second Monday in April of each year as "Missouri Lineworker Appreciation Day".

JIM ERTLE

*** HB 1149 ***

SPONSOR: Lauer

HANDLER: Romine

SCS/HB 1149 - This act modifies provisions relating to youth in the custody of the Division of Youth Services.

This act creates a definition of youth for purposes of Chapter 219, Youth Services. A youth is defined as a person under 21 years of age committed to the custody of the Division of Youth Services. The term "youth" replaces references to "child" in a provision detailing when the Division of Youth Services may

SPONSOR: Lauer

HANDLER: Romine

maintain custody of a youth after he or she turns 18.

Under current law, the juvenile court may object to a decision by the Division of Youth Services to release a youth under the age of 21 in its custody. The division director's response to the objection must be provided within five working days of the court's objection. This act specifies that the response must be made within five working days of the service of the court's objection.

Current law allows the division to authorize the commitment of children with mental, communicable, or infectious diseases for treatment and training when facilities for the treatment of such diseases are available at a facility. This act provides that such children may be committed when services for treatment of such diseases are available at the facility and removes the reference to the training of such children.

Under current law, the division must investigate a child who has been committed to facilitate the placement of the child in the most appropriate program and no child committed for a status offense may be placed in either the W.E. Sears Youth Center at Poplar Bluff or the Hogan Street Regional Youth Center at St. Louis. This act provides that the investigation of the child is to facilitate the placement and treatment of the child, removes the references to the specific facilities, and provides that children committed for status offenses may not be placed in a residential facility designated as a maximum security facility.

This act modifies the nonexhaustive list of programs and facilities the division may operate.

This act repeals a provision of current law allowing the division to offer on-the-job vocational training that does not exceed eight hours per day and a provision specifying that the state park board may pay up to \$15 a month to children working in a state park or park work camp. Additionally, provisions specifying how that money is paid to the child are repealed. This act provides that the state park board may pay wages to youth out of its appropriations. Also, this act specifies that the division may provide for the payment of reasonable wages to the youth and that such wages are the youth's property. The division, however, may restrict access to the funds as deemed appropriate to the youth's interests and the security of the division's facilities.

Current law requires the division to establish a community work program whereby children who are 14 to 18 years old may work on projects developed by various executive branch departments. This act provides that the division may establish such a program and youth under the age of 21 may participate. This act also increases the number of youth who may participate in such a work project to 13 from 11. In addition, this act modifies requirements for staff supervising the work projects.

This act creates a special class of trust funds to be known as "DYS Trust Funds". The funds must be established at each Division of Youth Services facility where youth are being held and are to be used to hold the wages and other money of any youth at the facility. Any earnings attributable to a particular youth's account is to be credited to that youth's trust fund. In addition, this act creates a special trust fund to be known as the "DYS Child Benefits Fund" within the state treasury. Payments from the Social Security Administration to a child in the custody of the division are to be paid to the DYS Child Benefits Fund. This act specifies the division's and treasurer's duties with regard to the trust funds. The division is granted rulemaking authority to establish procedures for the use and accounting of the money.

Each youth must receive an annual statement of every transaction involving funds that have been deposited with the division on the youth's behalf.

SPONSOR: Lauer

HANDLER: Romine

This act specifies how money in a youth's trust fund is to be disbursed if the youth dies and requires the division to use proper diligence to promptly disburse money in a youth's account upon release from the division's custody. If the money remains in the trust after the division has used reasonable methods to disburse the money, the money must be reported pursuant to laws governing the uniform disposition of unclaimed property.

MEGHAN LUECKE

***** HCR 4 *****

SPONSOR: Barnes

HANDLER: Schaaf

HCS/HCRs 4 & 3 - This Senate Concurrent Resolution disapproves the recommendations of the Missouri Citizens' Commission on Compensation for Elected Officials.

This concurrent resolution is similar to SCR 6 (2015).

JIM ERTLE

Administrative Law

- SB 107 - Authorizes certain boards and commissions under the Division of Professional Registration to issue opinions for educational purposes and modifies laws relating to speech-language pathologists and audiologists

Administrative Rules

- SB 107 - Authorizes certain boards and commissions under the Division of Professional Registration to issue opinions for educational purposes and modifies laws relating to speech-language pathologists and audiologists

Agriculture and Animals

- SB 12 - Modifies provisions relating to agriculture
 SB 500 - Modifies provisions relating to honey
 HB 259 - Creates the Missouri Dairy Revitalization Act of 2015

Agriculture Dept.

- SB 12 - Modifies provisions relating to agriculture
 HB 259 - Creates the Missouri Dairy Revitalization Act of 2015

Alcohol

- SB 373 - Creates the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Control Fund for the enforcement of liquor and tobacco laws and directs fees from liquor licenses and permits to the fund

Ambulances and Ambulance Districts

- SB 210 - Extends the sunset on certain healthcare provider reimbursement allowance taxes and modifies provisions relating to MO HealthNet and DSH payments

Annexation

- HB 511 - Exempts annexations occurring under certain circumstances from boundary commission review

Appropriations

- SB 12 - Modifies provisions relating to agriculture
 HB 1 - Appropriates money to the Board of Fund Commissioners
 HB 2 - Appropriates money for the expenses, grants, refunds, and distributions of the State Board of Education and Department of Elementary and Secondary Education
 HB 3 - Appropriates money for the expenses, grants, refunds, and distributions of the Department of Higher Education
 HB 4 - Appropriates money for the expenses, grants, refunds, and distributions of the Department of Revenue and Department of Transportation
 HB 5 - Appropriates money for the expenses, grants, refunds, and distributions of the Office of Administration, Department of Transportation, and Department of Public Safety
 HB 6 - Appropriates money for the expenses, grants, refunds, and distributions of the Department of Agriculture, Department of Natural Resources, and Department of Conservation
 HB 7 - Appropriates money for the expenses and distributions of the departments of Economic Development; Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration; and Labor and Industrial Relations
 HB 8 - Appropriates money for the expenses, grants, refunds, and distributions of the Department of Public Safety

Appropriations (cont'd)

- HB 9 - Appropriates money for the expenses, grants, refunds, and distributions of the Department of Corrections
- HB 9 - Appropriates money for the expenses, grants, refunds, and distributions of the Department of Corrections
- HB 10 - Appropriates money for the expenses, grants, refunds, and distributions of the Department of Mental Health, Board of Public Buildings, and Department of Health and Senior Services
- HB 11 - Appropriates money for the expenses, grants, and distributions of the Department of Social Services
- HB 12 - Appropriates money for the expenses, grants, refunds, and distributions of statewide elected officials, the Judiciary, Office of the State Public Defender, and General Assembly
- HB 13 - Appropriates money for real property leases and related services
- HB 14 - Appropriates money for supplemental purposes
- HB 16 - Appropriates money for supplemental purposes
- HB 17 - Appropriates money for capital improvement and other purposes as provided in Article IV, Section 28
- HB 18 - Appropriates money for capital improvement projects involving the maintenance, repair, replacement, and improvement of state buildings and facilities
- HB 19 - Appropriates money for capital improvements.
- HB 259 - Creates the Missouri Dairy Revitalization Act of 2015
- HCR 4 - Disapproves the salary recommendations of the Missouri Citizens' Commission on Compensation for Elected Officials

Attorney General, State

- HB 92 - Modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources

Attorneys

- HB 799 - Modifies provisions regarding judicial circuits

Auditor, State

- SB 5 - Modifies distribution of traffic fines and court costs collected by municipal courts
- SB 87 - Requires persons who submit petitions for political subdivision audits to reside or own property in the subdivision and allows for signatures to be rescinded

Banks and Financial Institutions

- SB 174 - Establishes the Missouri Achieving a Better Life Experience Program
- SB 244 - Creates the Senior Savings Protection Act
- SB 345 - Modifies provisions relating to financial transactions
- SB 524 - Modifies provisions relating to contractual fees charged by certain financial institutions
- HB 587 - Modifies provisions relating to licensing fees paid by entities and persons licensed under the Missouri Sale of Checks Law, credit service organizations, and consumer credit lenders
- HB 1098 - Modifies provisions relating to trust companies

Boards, Commissions, Committees, Councils

- SB 58 - Modifies and repeals a number of existing, expired or obsolete committees
- SB 107 - Authorizes certain boards and commissions under the Division of Professional Registration to issue opinions for educational purposes and modifies laws relating to speech-language pathologists and audiologists

Boards, Commissions, Committees, Councils (cont'd)

- SB 142 - Requires the Department of Natural Resources to take certain actions when submitting certain plans the Environmental Protection Agency
- SB 142 - Requires the Department of Natural Resources to take certain actions when submitting certain plans the Environmental Protection Agency
- SB 174 - Establishes the Missouri Achieving a Better Life Experience Program
- SB 334 - Modifies provisions relating to the boards of regents of state colleges and universities and broadens the degree-granting authority of Harris-Stowe State University
- HB 42 - Modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education
- HB 92 - Modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources
- HB 326 - Specifies that each defined benefit pension plan must establish a board member education program
- HB 343 - Establishes a committee to assess the continuation of the Money Follows the Person Demonstration Program

Boats and Watercraft

- SB 231 - Modifies provisions relating to watercraft
- HB 269 - Modifies the type of fire extinguishers required for class two motorboats
- HB 402 - Designates the first full week before Memorial Day as "Safe Boating Week"

Bonds - General Obligation and Revenue

- HB 150 - Modifies the duration of unemployment compensation, the method to pay federal advances, and raises the fund trigger causing contribution rate reductions

Bonds - Surety

- SB 12 - Modifies provisions relating to agriculture
- SB 456 - Modifies provisions relating to the ownership of motor vehicles
- HB 92 - Modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources

Business and Commerce

- SB 12 - Modifies provisions relating to agriculture
- SB 18 - Requires the Department of Revenue to notify sellers if there is a change in sales tax law interpretation
- SB 149 - Creates state and local sales and use tax exemptions for data storage centers and allows municipalities to enter into loan agreements, or sell, lease, or mortgage municipal property for a technology business facility project
- SB 345 - Modifies provisions relating to financial transactions
- SB 456 - Modifies provisions relating to the ownership of motor vehicles
- SB 500 - Modifies provisions relating to honey
- HB 259 - Creates the Missouri Dairy Revitalization Act of 2015
- HB 531 - Requires that nicotine liquid containers sold at retail satisfy federal child-resistant effectiveness standards
- HB 587 - Modifies provisions relating to licensing fees paid by entities and persons licensed under the Missouri Sale of Checks Law, credit service organizations, and consumer credit lenders
- HB 722 - Prohibits certain types of ordinances from being adopted by political subdivisions
- HB 878 - Modifies provisions relating to the licensing and commissioning of corporate security advisors by the Department of Public Safety

Cemeteries

- HB 618 - Modifies provisions of law regarding the disposition of deceased human remains and the electronic vital records system
-

Charities

- SB 463 - Removes the sunsets on the Residential Treatment Agency Tax Credit and the Developmental Disability Care Provider Tax Credit
- HB 869 - Modifies provisions relating to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors
-

Children and Minors

- SB 174 - Establishes the Missouri Achieving a Better Life Experience Program
- SB 321 - Allows victims of sexual assault to receive protective orders and modifies the definitions of sexual assault and stalking as they relate to orders of protection
- SB 341 - Modifies provisions of law relating to the protection of children and other vulnerable persons
- SB 354 - Allows Department of Health and Senior Services to supply qualifying individuals with amino acid-based elemental formulas
- SCR 1 - Designates January as Sex Trafficking Awareness Month in Missouri
- HB 501 - Requires course materials relating to sexual education to contain information regarding sexual predators, online predators, and the consequences of inappropriate text messaging
- HB 531 - Requires that nicotine liquid containers sold at retail satisfy federal child-resistant effectiveness standards
- HB 1149 - Modifies provisions relating to youth in custody of the Division of Youth Services and creates a special class of trust funds for the money of youth in the division's custody
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Circuit Clerk

- SB 67 - Authorizes certain court surcharges, Buchanan County to establish a county municipal court, certain circuits with a SORTS facility to appoint a court marshal, requires certain reporting regarding municipal courts and modifies procedure in landlord tenant cases
-

Cities, Towns and Villages

- SB 5 - Modifies distribution of traffic fines and court costs collected by municipal courts
- SB 68 - Provides that directors of industrial development corporations in St. Francois County may be taxpayers and registered voters in the county
- SB 272 - Changes the laws regarding motor vehicle height and weight limits in certain city commercial zones
- SB 497 - Modifies provisions relating to special purpose districts
- HB 511 - Exempts annexations occurring under certain circumstances from boundary commission review
-

Civil Procedure

- SB 67 - Authorizes certain court surcharges, Buchanan County to establish a county municipal court, certain circuits with a SORTS facility to appoint a court marshal, requires certain reporting regarding municipal courts and modifies procedure in landlord tenant cases
- SB 93 - Creates the Campus Free Expression Act to protect free expression on the campuses of public institutions of higher education

Civil Procedure (cont'd)

- SB 164 - Exempts in bankruptcy proceedings life insurance proceeds for the burial of a family member, modifies insurance foreign investment limits, changes the requirements for the valuation of reserves for life insurance, and modifies provisions regarding qualified spousal trusts
- SB 164 - Exempts in bankruptcy proceedings life insurance proceeds for the burial of a family member, modifies insurance foreign investment limits, changes the requirements for the valuation of reserves for life insurance, and modifies provisions regarding qualified spousal trusts
- SB 239 - Creates a statutory cause of action for damages against health care providers
- SB 340 - Changes an intersectional reference in a provision of law regarding the determination of heirship
- HB 799 - Modifies provisions regarding judicial circuits

Civil Rights

- SB 93 - Creates the Campus Free Expression Act to protect free expression on the campuses of public institutions of higher education

Constitutional Amendments

- SB 104 - Modifies provisions relating to elections

Consumer Protection

- HB 531 - Requires that nicotine liquid containers sold at retail satisfy federal child-resistant effectiveness standards

Corporations

- SB 19 - Creates a new method of allocating corporate income between states for tax purposes
- SB 68 - Provides that directors of industrial development corporations in St. Francois County may be taxpayers and registered voters in the county
- HB 125 - Modifies the membership requirements for certain industrial development corporations formed by certain municipalities
- HB 869 - Modifies provisions relating to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors

Counties

- SB 5 - Modifies distribution of traffic fines and court costs collected by municipal courts
- SB 68 - Provides that directors of industrial development corporations in St. Francois County may be taxpayers and registered voters in the county
- SB 272 - Changes the laws regarding motor vehicle height and weight limits in certain city commercial zones
- SB 405 - Raises the outer threshold amount for a county to be eligible to collect a greater percentage of the total taxes collected as a fee
- SB 435 - Allows the Governor to convey the State's interest in specified property owned by the state in St. Louis County to the county
- SB 539 - Allows the county commission, or a county officer designated by the county commission, to provide passport services if the circuit court clerk does not provide the services
- HB 511 - Exempts annexations occurring under certain circumstances from boundary commission review
- HB 799 - Modifies provisions regarding judicial circuits

County Government

- SB 5 - Modifies distribution of traffic fines and court costs collected by municipal courts
- SB 12 - Modifies provisions relating to agriculture
- SB 67 - Authorizes certain court surcharges, Buchanan County to establish a county municipal court, certain circuits with a SORTS facility to appoint a court marshal, requires certain reporting regarding municipal courts and modifies procedure in landlord tenant cases
- SB 539 - Allows the county commission, or a county officer designated by the county commission, to provide passport services if the circuit court clerk does not provide the services
- HB 125 - Modifies the membership requirements for certain industrial development corporations formed by certain municipalities
- HB 511 - Exempts annexations occurring under certain circumstances from boundary commission review
-

County Officials

- SB 405 - Raises the outer threshold amount for a county to be eligible to collect a greater percentage of the total taxes collected as a fee
- SB 539 - Allows the county commission, or a county officer designated by the county commission, to provide passport services if the circuit court clerk does not provide the services
- HB 613 - Modifies provisions relating the collection of property taxes
-

Courts

- SB 5 - Modifies distribution of traffic fines and court costs collected by municipal courts
- SB 67 - Authorizes certain court surcharges, Buchanan County to establish a county municipal court, certain circuits with a SORTS facility to appoint a court marshal, requires certain reporting regarding municipal courts and modifies procedure in landlord tenant cases
- SB 104 - Modifies provisions relating to elections
- SB 239 - Creates a statutory cause of action for damages against health care providers
- SB 321 - Allows victims of sexual assault to receive protective orders and modifies the definitions of sexual assault and stalking as they relate to orders of protection
- SB 341 - Modifies provisions of law relating to the protection of children and other vulnerable persons
- SB 426 - Allows community mental health liaisons to access specified confidential records maintained by specified institutions
- SB 497 - Modifies provisions relating to special purpose districts
- HB 799 - Modifies provisions regarding judicial circuits
-

Courts, Juvenile

- SB 67 - Authorizes certain court surcharges, Buchanan County to establish a county municipal court, certain circuits with a SORTS facility to appoint a court marshal, requires certain reporting regarding municipal courts and modifies procedure in landlord tenant cases
- HB 799 - Modifies provisions regarding judicial circuits
- HB 1149 - Modifies provisions relating to youth in custody of the Division of Youth Services and creates a special class of trust funds for the money of youth in the division's custody
-

Credit and Bankruptcy

- SB 164 - Exempts in bankruptcy proceedings life insurance proceeds for the burial of a family member, modifies insurance foreign investment limits, changes the requirements for the valuation of reserves for life insurance, and modifies provisions regarding qualified spousal trusts

Credit Unions

- SB 524 - Modifies provisions relating to contractual fees charged by certain financial institutions

Crimes and Punishment

- SB 141 - Raises the amount the Crime Victims' Compensation Fund can pay to eligible victims and provides that the Public Safety Department can negotiate costs on behalf of victims
- SB 321 - Allows victims of sexual assault to receive protective orders and modifies the definitions of sexual assault and stalking as they relate to orders of protection
- SCR 1 - Designates January as Sex Trafficking Awareness Month in Missouri
- HB 1149 - Modifies provisions relating to youth in custody of the Division of Youth Services and creates a special class of trust funds for the money of youth in the division's custody

Criminal Procedure

- SB 67 - Authorizes certain court surcharges, Buchanan County to establish a county municipal court, certain circuits with a SORTS facility to appoint a court marshal, requires certain reporting regarding municipal courts and modifies procedure in landlord tenant cases
- HB 799 - Modifies provisions regarding judicial circuits

Dairies and Dairy Products

- SB 12 - Modifies provisions relating to agriculture
- HB 259 - Creates the Missouri Dairy Revitalization Act of 2015

Disabilities

- SB 174 - Establishes the Missouri Achieving a Better Life Experience Program
- SB 244 - Creates the Senior Savings Protection Act
- SB 463 - Removes the sunsets on the Residential Treatment Agency Tax Credit and the Developmental Disability Care Provider Tax Credit

Easements and Conveyances

- SB 317 - Allows the Governor to convey properties located in Pulaski County, Christian County, St. Charles County, and St. Louis County to the State Highways and Transportation Commission
- SB 435 - Allows the Governor to convey the State's interest in specified property owned by the state in St. Louis County to the county
- HB 947 - Authorizes the Governor to convey certain state properties
- HB 1052 - Modifies provisions relating to land surveyors

Economic Development

- SB 194 - Extends the date that a business must commence operations to qualify for a business facility tax credit
- HB 125 - Modifies the membership requirements for certain industrial development corporations formed by certain municipalities

Economic Development (cont'd)

- HB 514 - Authorizes sites containing former automobile manufacturing plants in St. Louis County to qualify for State Supplemental Tax Increment Financing
- HB 514 - Authorizes sites containing former automobile manufacturing plants in St. Louis County to qualify for State Supplemental Tax Increment Financing

Economic Development Dept.

- SB 149 - Creates state and local sales and use tax exemptions for data storage centers and allows municipalities to enter into loan agreements, or sell, lease, or mortgage municipal property for a technology business facility project

Education, Elementary and Secondary

- SB 116 - Creates an exemption from the proof of residency and domicile for school registration for students whose parents are stationed out of state
- SB 341 - Modifies provisions of law relating to the protection of children and other vulnerable persons
- HB 41 - Repeals obsolete provisions of the elementary and secondary education foundation formula
- HB 42 - Modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education
- HB 63 - Modifies provisions relating to persons seeking public office
- HB 501 - Requires course materials relating to sexual education to contain information regarding sexual predators, online predators, and the consequences of inappropriate text messaging
- HB 869 - Modifies provisions relating to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors

Education, Higher

- SB 12 - Modifies provisions relating to agriculture
- SB 93 - Creates the Campus Free Expression Act to protect free expression on the campuses of public institutions of higher education
- SB 174 - Establishes the Missouri Achieving a Better Life Experience Program
- SB 224 - Requires a student to be a United States citizen or permanent resident in order to be eligible to receive reimbursements from the A+ Schools Program
- SB 334 - Modifies provisions relating to the boards of regents of state colleges and universities and broadens the degree-granting authority of Harris-Stowe State University
- SB 366 - Modifies the provisions of the Missouri higher education savings program
- HB 259 - Creates the Missouri Dairy Revitalization Act of 2015
- HB 567 - Designates December 4 as "Alpha Phi Alpha Day" in Missouri in honor of the first black intercollegiate Greek-letter fraternity established for African-Americans
- HB 869 - Modifies provisions relating to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors

Elderly

- SB 244 - Creates the Senior Savings Protection Act
- HB 343 - Establishes a committee to assess the continuation of the Money Follows the Person Demonstration Program

Elections

- SB 5 - Modifies distribution of traffic fines and court costs collected by municipal courts
- SB 34 - Extends voter registration requirements
- SB 104 - Modifies provisions relating to elections

Elections (cont'd)

- HB 42 - Modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education
HB 42 - Modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education
HB 63 - Modifies provisions relating to persons seeking public office
-

Elementary and Secondary Education Dept.

- SB 174 - Establishes the Missouri Achieving a Better Life Experience Program
HB 42 - Modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education
-

Employees - Employers

- SB 336 - Modifies provision relating to income tax withholdings on employee's tips
HB 116 - Bars employers from requiring employees to engage in or cease engaging in certain labor practices
HB 150 - Modifies the duration of unemployment compensation, the method to pay federal advances, and raises the fund trigger causing contribution rate reductions
HB 517 - Modifies provisions relating to taxation
HB 722 - Prohibits certain types of ordinances from being adopted by political subdivisions
-

Employment Security

- HB 150 - Modifies the duration of unemployment compensation, the method to pay federal advances, and raises the fund trigger causing contribution rate reductions
-

Energy

- SB 142 - Requires the Department of Natural Resources to take certain actions when submitting certain plans the Environmental Protection Agency
SB 445 - Modifies provisions relating to environmental protection
HB 92 - Modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources
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Engineers

- HB 361 - Designates the third week of February as "Engineer Awareness Week" in Missouri
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Environmental Protection

- SB 142 - Requires the Department of Natural Resources to take certain actions when submitting certain plans the Environmental Protection Agency
SB 445 - Modifies provisions relating to environmental protection
HB 92 - Modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources
HB 722 - Prohibits certain types of ordinances from being adopted by political subdivisions
-

Estates, Wills and Trusts

- SB 164 - Exempts in bankruptcy proceedings life insurance proceeds for the burial of a family member, modifies insurance foreign investment limits, changes the requirements for the valuation of reserves for life insurance, and modifies provisions regarding qualified spousal trusts
SB 340 - Changes an intersectional reference in a provision of law regarding the determination of heirship
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Family Services Division

- SB 24 - Modifies provisions of law relating to the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program and the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program
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Federal - State Relations

- SB 142 - Requires the Department of Natural Resources to take certain actions when submitting certain plans the Environmental Protection Agency
- SB 445 - Modifies provisions relating to environmental protection
- HB 92 - Modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources
- HB 531 - Requires that nicotine liquid containers sold at retail satisfy federal child-resistant effectiveness standards

Fees

- SB 345 - Modifies provisions relating to financial transactions
- SB 373 - Creates the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Control Fund for the enforcement of liquor and tobacco laws and directs fees from liquor licenses and permits to the fund
- SB 405 - Raises the outer threshold amount for a county to be eligible to collect a greater percentage of the total taxes collected as a fee
- SB 445 - Modifies provisions relating to environmental protection
- SB 500 - Modifies provisions relating to honey
- SB 539 - Allows the county commission, or a county officer designated by the county commission, to provide passport services if the circuit court clerk does not provide the services
- HB 92 - Modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources

Fire Protection

- HB 269 - Modifies the type of fire extinguishers required for class two motorboats

Funerals and Funeral Directors

- SB 164 - Exempts in bankruptcy proceedings life insurance proceeds for the burial of a family member, modifies insurance foreign investment limits, changes the requirements for the valuation of reserves for life insurance, and modifies provisions regarding qualified spousal trusts
- HB 618 - Modifies provisions of law regarding the disposition of deceased human remains and the electronic vital records system

General Assembly

- SB 58 - Modifies and repeals a number of existing, expired or obsolete committees
- HB 42 - Modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education
- HCR 4 - Disapproves the salary recommendations of the Missouri Citizens' Commission on Compensation for Elected Officials

Governor & Lt. Governor

- SB 317 - Allows the Governor to convey properties located in Pulaski County, Christian County, St. Charles County, and St. Louis County to the State Highways and Transportation Commission
- SB 435 - Allows the Governor to convey the State's interest in specified property owned by the state in St. Louis County to the county
- SCR 4 - Recognizes every September 26th as Mesothelioma Awareness Day
- HB 42 - Modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education
- HB 947 - Authorizes the Governor to convey certain state properties

Health Care

- SB 141 - Raises the amount the Crime Victims' Compensation Fund can pay to eligible victims and provides that the Public Safety Department can negotiate costs on behalf of victims
- SB 174 - Establishes the Missouri Achieving a Better Life Experience Program
- SB 210 - Extends the sunset on certain healthcare provider reimbursement allowance taxes and modifies provisions relating to MO HealthNet and DSH payments
- SCR 4 - Recognizes every September 26th as Mesothelioma Awareness Day
- HB 343 - Establishes a committee to assess the continuation of the Money Follows the Person Demonstration Program
- HB 501 - Requires course materials relating to sexual education to contain information regarding sexual predators, online predators, and the consequences of inappropriate text messaging
- HB 769 - Allows for direct primary health care services to be provided through a medical retainer agreement between the physician and patient
- HB 778 - Designates the 22nd week of each year as 22q awareness week
- HB 861 - Designates the first full week in March as "Multiple Sclerosis Awareness Week"
- HB 1116 - Designates May 7th as "ROHHAD Awareness Day" in Missouri
-

Health Care Professionals

- SB 107 - Authorizes certain boards and commissions under the Division of Professional Registration to issue opinions for educational purposes and modifies laws relating to speech-language pathologists and audiologists
- SB 210 - Extends the sunset on certain healthcare provider reimbursement allowance taxes and modifies provisions relating to MO HealthNet and DSH payments
- SB 239 - Creates a statutory cause of action for damages against health care providers
- HB 618 - Modifies provisions of law regarding the disposition of deceased human remains and the electronic vital records system
- HB 769 - Allows for direct primary health care services to be provided through a medical retainer agreement between the physician and patient
-

Health Dept.

- SB 341 - Modifies provisions of law relating to the protection of children and other vulnerable persons
- SB 500 - Modifies provisions relating to honey
- HB 531 - Requires that nicotine liquid containers sold at retail satisfy federal child-resistant effectiveness standards
-

Health, Public

- SB 500 - Modifies provisions relating to honey
- SCR 2 - Designates the month of November as Pica Awareness Month in Missouri
- HB 88 - Designates July 3 of each year as "Organ Donor Recognition Day"
- HB 400 - Designates the month of November each year as "Epilepsy Awareness Month"
- HB 531 - Requires that nicotine liquid containers sold at retail satisfy federal child-resistant effectiveness standards
-

Higher Education Dept.

- SB 224 - Requires a student to be a United States citizen or permanent resident in order to be eligible to receive reimbursements from the A+ Schools Program

Higher Education Dept. (cont'd)

- SB 334 - Modifies provisions relating to the boards of regents of state colleges and universities and broadens the degree-granting authority of Harris-Stowe State University
- SB 334 - Modifies provisions relating to the boards of regents of state colleges and universities and broadens the degree-granting authority of Harris-Stowe State University

Holidays

- SCR 2 - Designates the month of November as Pica Awareness Month in Missouri
- SCR 4 - Recognizes every September 26th as Mesothelioma Awareness Day
- HB 88 - Designates July 3 of each year as "Organ Donor Recognition Day"
- HB 361 - Designates the third week of February as "Engineer Awareness Week" in Missouri
- HB 400 - Designates the month of November each year as "Epilepsy Awareness Month"
- HB 402 - Designates the first full week before Memorial Day as "Safe Boating Week"
- HB 404 - Designates the week in which May 15 falls as "Missouri's Peace Officers Memorial Week"
- HB 567 - Designates December 4 as "Alpha Phi Alpha Day" in Missouri in honor of the first black intercollegiate Greek-letter fraternity established for African-Americans
- HB 778 - Designates the 22nd week of each year as 22q awareness week
- HB 859 - Designates April 15 of each year as "Jackie Robinson Day" in Missouri
- HB 861 - Designates the first full week in March as "Multiple Sclerosis Awareness Week"
- HB 874 - Designates October 16th as "Walt Disney - A Day to Dream' Day" in Missouri
- HB 1116 - Designates May 7th as "ROHHAD Awareness Day" in Missouri
- HB 1119 - Designates the second Monday in April as "Missouri Lineworker Appreciation Day"

Immigration

- SB 224 - Requires a student to be a United States citizen or permanent resident in order to be eligible to receive reimbursements from the A+ Schools Program

Insurance - Automobile

- SB 456 - Modifies provisions relating to the ownership of motor vehicles
- HB 391 - Requires insurers to mail notices cancelling, refusing to renew, or refusing to issue automobile insurance policies through certain United States postal service methods

Insurance - General

- SB 12 - Modifies provisions relating to agriculture
- SB 164 - Exempts in bankruptcy proceedings life insurance proceeds for the burial of a family member, modifies insurance foreign investment limits, changes the requirements for the valuation of reserves for life insurance, and modifies provisions regarding qualified spousal trusts
- SB 392 - Modifies which members of fraternal benefit societies are exempt from insurance agent licensing
- HB 50 - Modifies regulations on the business of insurance
- HB 709 - Modifies regulations related to entities regulated by the Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration
- HB 1022 - Authorizes a return of premiums paid by insureds

Insurance - Life

- SB 164 - Exempts in bankruptcy proceedings life insurance proceeds for the burial of a family member, modifies insurance foreign investment limits, changes the requirements for the valuation of reserves for life insurance, and modifies provisions regarding qualified spousal trusts
- SB 392 - Modifies which members of fraternal benefit societies are exempt from insurance agent licensing
-

Insurance - Medical

- SB 145 - Requires health benefit plans cover diagnosis and treatment of eating disorders
- SB 354 - Allows Department of Health and Senior Services to supply qualifying individuals with amino acid-based elemental formulas
- HB 709 - Modifies regulations related to entities regulated by the Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration
- HB 769 - Allows for direct primary health care services to be provided through a medical retainer agreement between the physician and patient
-

Insurance Dept.

- SB 107 - Authorizes certain boards and commissions under the Division of Professional Registration to issue opinions for educational purposes and modifies laws relating to speech-language pathologists and audiologists
- HB 50 - Modifies regulations on the business of insurance
- HB 709 - Modifies regulations related to entities regulated by the Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration
- HB 769 - Allows for direct primary health care services to be provided through a medical retainer agreement between the physician and patient
-

Jackson County

- HB 799 - Modifies provisions regarding judicial circuits
-

Judges

- HB 799 - Modifies provisions regarding judicial circuits
- HCR 4 - Disapproves the salary recommendations of the Missouri Citizens' Commission on Compensation for Elected Officials
-

Kansas City

- SB 190 - Removes the expiration of the Kansas City transportation sales tax and modifies provisions relating to audits of transportation development districts
- HB 42 - Modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education
- HB 515 - Modifies provisions relating to the Police Retirement System of the City of St. Louis and Police Retirement System of Kansas City
- HB 629 - Modifies provisions relating to the Police Retirement System of Kansas City, Kansas City Public School Retirement System, and Public School Retirement System of the City of St. Louis
- HB 799 - Modifies provisions regarding judicial circuits
- HB 947 - Authorizes the Governor to convey certain state properties
-

Labor and Management

- HB 116 - Bars employers from requiring employees to engage in or cease engaging in certain labor practices
-

Lakes, Rivers and Waterways

HB 92 - Modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources

Landlords and Tenants

SB 67 - Authorizes certain court surcharges, Buchanan County to establish a county municipal court, certain circuits with a SORTS facility to appoint a court marshal, requires certain reporting regarding municipal courts and modifies procedure in landlord tenant cases

Law Enforcement Officers and Agencies

SB 373 - Creates the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Control Fund for the enforcement of liquor and tobacco laws and directs fees from liquor licenses and permits to the fund

HB 404 - Designates the week in which May 15 falls as "Missouri's Peace Officers Memorial Week"

HB 515 - Modifies provisions relating to the Police Retirement System of the City of St. Louis and Police Retirement System of Kansas City

HB 629 - Modifies provisions relating to the Police Retirement System of Kansas City, Kansas City Public School Retirement System, and Public School Retirement System of the City of St. Louis

HB 878 - Modifies provisions relating to the licensing and commissioning of corporate security advisors by the Department of Public Safety

Liability

SB 12 - Modifies provisions relating to agriculture

SB 239 - Creates a statutory cause of action for damages against health care providers

HB 618 - Modifies provisions of law regarding the disposition of deceased human remains and the electronic vital records system

Licenses - Driver's

HB 179 - Expands the documents that may be presented to obtain a veteran designation on a driver's license or identification card

Licenses - Liquor and Beer

SB 373 - Creates the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Control Fund for the enforcement of liquor and tobacco laws and directs fees from liquor licenses and permits to the fund

Licenses - Misc

SB 345 - Modifies provisions relating to financial transactions

HB 587 - Modifies provisions relating to licensing fees paid by entities and persons licensed under the Missouri Sale of Checks Law, credit service organizations, and consumer credit lenders

Licenses - Motor Vehicle

SB 58 - Modifies and repeals a number of existing, expired or obsolete committees

SB 166 - Changes the name of the "I Have a Dream" specialty license plate to the "Dare to Dream" specialty license plate

SB 254 - Modifies provisions relating to motor vehicle license plates

HB 403 - Removes the additional fee for subsequent sets of special Purple Heart license plates and designates Missouri as a Purple Heart State

HB 686 - Modifies provisions for registration of motor vehicles

Licenses - Professional

- SB 12 - Modifies provisions relating to agriculture
- SB 107 - Authorizes certain boards and commissions under the Division of Professional Registration to issue opinions for educational purposes and modifies laws relating to speech-language pathologists and audiologists
- SB 392 - Modifies which members of fraternal benefit societies are exempt from insurance agent licensing
- HB 385 - Creates a definition for "correspondence" and "sold" in the chapter regulating real estate brokers
- HB 709 - Modifies regulations related to entities regulated by the Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration
- HB 878 - Modifies provisions relating to the licensing and commissioning of corporate security advisors by the Department of Public Safety
- HB 1052 - Modifies provisions relating to land surveyors
-

Liens

- HB 524 - Allows the Director of the Department of Revenue to adopt rules and regulations allowing specified motor vehicle or trailer lienholders to electronically release a lien
-

Manufactured Housing

- HB 111 - Changes the laws regarding sales tax on used manufactured homes
-

Marriage and Divorce

- SB 164 - Exempts in bankruptcy proceedings life insurance proceeds for the burial of a family member, modifies insurance foreign investment limits, changes the requirements for the valuation of reserves for life insurance, and modifies provisions regarding qualified spousal trusts
-

Medicaid

- SB 210 - Extends the sunset on certain healthcare provider reimbursement allowance taxes and modifies provisions relating to MO HealthNet and DSH payments
-

Medical Procedures and Personnel

- SB 239 - Creates a statutory cause of action for damages against health care providers
-

Mental Health

- SB 145 - Requires health benefit plans cover diagnosis and treatment of eating disorders
- SB 426 - Allows community mental health liaisons to access specified confidential records maintained by specified institutions
- HB 343 - Establishes a committee to assess the continuation of the Money Follows the Person Demonstration Program
-

Mental Health Dept.

- SB 58 - Modifies and repeals a number of existing, expired or obsolete committees
- SB 426 - Allows community mental health liaisons to access specified confidential records maintained by specified institutions
-

Merchandising Practices

- HB 531 - Requires that nicotine liquid containers sold at retail satisfy federal child-resistant effectiveness standards
-

Military Affairs

- SB 34 - Extends voter registration requirements
- SB 116 - Creates an exemption from the proof of residency and domicile for school registration for students whose parents are stationed out of state
- HB 403 - Removes the additional fee for subsequent sets of special Purple Heart license plates and designates Missouri as a Purple Heart State
- HB 1070 - Establishes the Office of Military Advocate under the Department of Economic Development
-

Mining and Oil and Gas Production

- HB 92 - Modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources
-

Motor Fuel

- SB 231 - Modifies provisions relating to watercraft
-

Motor Vehicles

- SB 272 - Changes the laws regarding motor vehicle height and weight limits in certain city commercial zones
- SB 456 - Modifies provisions relating to the ownership of motor vehicles
- HB 524 - Allows the Director of the Department of Revenue to adopt rules and regulations allowing specified motor vehicle or trailer lienholders to electronically release a lien
- HB 650 - Allows a motorcycle to be equipped with auxiliary lighting
- HB 686 - Modifies provisions for registration of motor vehicles
- HB 869 - Modifies provisions relating to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors
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Natural Resources Dept.

- SB 142 - Requires the Department of Natural Resources to take certain actions when submitting certain plans the Environmental Protection Agency
- SB 445 - Modifies provisions relating to environmental protection
- SB 497 - Modifies provisions relating to special purpose districts
- HB 92 - Modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources
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Notary Public

- SB 456 - Modifies provisions relating to the ownership of motor vehicles
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Nurses

- HB 618 - Modifies provisions of law regarding the disposition of deceased human remains and the electronic vital records system
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Nursing and Boarding Homes

- SB 210 - Extends the sunset on certain healthcare provider reimbursement allowance taxes and modifies provisions relating to MO HealthNet and DSH payments
- HB 343 - Establishes a committee to assess the continuation of the Money Follows the Person Demonstration Program
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Optometry

- SB 107 - Authorizes certain boards and commissions under the Division of Professional Registration to issue opinions for educational purposes and modifies laws relating to speech-language pathologists and audiologists
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Pharmacy

- SB 210 - Extends the sunset on certain healthcare provider reimbursement allowance taxes and modifies provisions relating to MO HealthNet and DSH payments

Physical Therapists

- SB 107 - Authorizes certain boards and commissions under the Division of Professional Registration to issue opinions for educational purposes and modifies laws relating to speech-language pathologists and audiologists

Physicians

- SB 145 - Requires health benefit plans cover diagnosis and treatment of eating disorders
 HB 618 - Modifies provisions of law regarding the disposition of deceased human remains and the electronic vital records system
 HB 769 - Allows for direct primary health care services to be provided through a medical retainer agreement between the physician and patient

Political Subdivisions

- SB 87 - Requires persons who submit petitions for political subdivision audits to reside or own property in the subdivision and allows for signatures to be rescinded
 SB 149 - Creates state and local sales and use tax exemptions for data storage centers and allows municipalities to enter into loan agreements, or sell, lease, or mortgage municipal property for a technology business facility project
 SB 497 - Modifies provisions relating to special purpose districts
 HB 42 - Modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education
 HB 616 - Specifies when new political subdivisions will be effective for property tax assessment purposes and specifies that rental merchandise is exempt from property taxes
 HB 722 - Prohibits certain types of ordinances from being adopted by political subdivisions

Prisons and Jails

- HB 1149 - Modifies provisions relating to youth in custody of the Division of Youth Services and creates a special class of trust funds for the money of youth in the division's custody

Property, Real and Personal

- SB 164 - Exempts in bankruptcy proceedings life insurance proceeds for the burial of a family member, modifies insurance foreign investment limits, changes the requirements for the valuation of reserves for life insurance, and modifies provisions regarding qualified spousal trusts
 SB 317 - Allows the Governor to convey properties located in Pulaski County, Christian County, St. Charles County, and St. Louis County to the State Highways and Transportation Commission
 SB 340 - Changes an intersectional reference in a provision of law regarding the determination of heirship
 SB 435 - Allows the Governor to convey the State's interest in specified property owned by the state in St. Louis County to the county
 HB 385 - Creates a definition for "correspondence" and "sold" in the chapter regulating real estate brokers
 HB 511 - Exempts annexations occurring under certain circumstances from boundary commission review
 HB 947 - Authorizes the Governor to convey certain state properties
 HB 1052 - Modifies provisions relating to land surveyors

Psychologists

- SB 107 - Authorizes certain boards and commissions under the Division of Professional Registration to issue opinions for educational purposes and modifies laws relating to speech-language pathologists and audiologists
- SB 145 - Requires health benefit plans cover diagnosis and treatment of eating disorders
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Public Assistance

- SB 24 - Modifies provisions of law relating to the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program and the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program
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Public Officers

- HCR 4 - Disapproves the salary recommendations of the Missouri Citizens' Commission on Compensation for Elected Officials
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Public Safety Dept.

- SB 141 - Raises the amount the Crime Victims' Compensation Fund can pay to eligible victims and provides that the Public Safety Department can negotiate costs on behalf of victims
- SB 373 - Creates the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Control Fund for the enforcement of liquor and tobacco laws and directs fees from liquor licenses and permits to the fund
- HB 878 - Modifies provisions relating to the licensing and commissioning of corporate security advisors by the Department of Public Safety
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Retirement - Local Government

- HB 326 - Specifies that each defined benefit pension plan must establish a board member education program
- HB 515 - Modifies provisions relating to the Police Retirement System of the City of St. Louis and Police Retirement System of Kansas City
- HB 629 - Modifies provisions relating to the Police Retirement System of Kansas City, Kansas City Public School Retirement System, and Public School Retirement System of the City of St. Louis
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Retirement - Schools

- HB 326 - Specifies that each defined benefit pension plan must establish a board member education program
- HB 629 - Modifies provisions relating to the Police Retirement System of Kansas City, Kansas City Public School Retirement System, and Public School Retirement System of the City of St. Louis
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Retirement - State

- HB 326 - Specifies that each defined benefit pension plan must establish a board member education program
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Retirement Systems and Benefits - General

- HB 326 - Specifies that each defined benefit pension plan must establish a board member education program
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Revenue Dept.

- SB 5 - Modifies distribution of traffic fines and court costs collected by municipal courts
- SB 18 - Requires the Department of Revenue to notify sellers if there is a change in sales tax law interpretation

Revenue Dept. (cont'd)

- SB 149 - Creates state and local sales and use tax exemptions for data storage centers and allows municipalities to enter into loan agreements, or sell, lease, or mortgage municipal property for a technology business facility project
- SB 149 - Creates state and local sales and use tax exemptions for data storage centers and allows municipalities to enter into loan agreements, or sell, lease, or mortgage municipal property for a technology business facility project
- SB 254 - Modifies provisions relating to motor vehicle license plates
- SB 336 - Modifies provision relating to income tax withholdings on employee's tips
- SB 456 - Modifies provisions relating to the ownership of motor vehicles
- HB 137 - Modifies provisions relating to competitive bidding
- HB 384 - Modifies provisions relating to taxation
- HB 403 - Removes the additional fee for subsequent sets of special Purple Heart license plates and designates Missouri as a Purple Heart State
- HB 517 - Modifies provisions relating to taxation
- HB 524 - Allows the Director of the Department of Revenue to adopt rules and regulations allowing specified motor vehicle or trailer lienholders to electronically release a lien
- HB 686 - Modifies provisions for registration of motor vehicles

Revision Bills

- HB 92 - Modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources

Roads and Highways

- SB 156 - Designates certain highways and bridges in the state
- SB 318 - Designates certain highways in the state
- SB 474 - Expands the Heroes Way Interchange Designation Program
- HB 522 - Designates certain highways and bridges in the state

Saint Louis

- SB 435 - Allows the Governor to convey the State's interest in specified property owned by the state in St. Louis County to the county
- HB 42 - Modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education
- HB 515 - Modifies provisions relating to the Police Retirement System of the City of St. Louis and Police Retirement System of Kansas City
- HB 629 - Modifies provisions relating to the Police Retirement System of Kansas City, Kansas City Public School Retirement System, and Public School Retirement System of the City of St. Louis

Saint Louis County

- HB 514 - Authorizes sites containing former automobile manufacturing plants in St. Louis County to qualify for State Supplemental Tax Increment Financing

Salaries

- HB 722 - Prohibits certain types of ordinances from being adopted by political subdivisions
- HCR 4 - Disapproves the salary recommendations of the Missouri Citizens' Commission on Compensation for Elected Officials

Science and Technology

- HB 361 - Designates the third week of February as "Engineer Awareness Week" in Missouri
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Sewers and Sewer Districts

SB 497 - Modifies provisions relating to special purpose districts

Social Services Dept.

SB 341 - Modifies provisions of law relating to the protection of children and other vulnerable persons

HB 1149 - Modifies provisions relating to youth in custody of the Division of Youth Services and creates a special class of trust funds for the money of youth in the division's custody

State Employees

HB 326 - Specifies that each defined benefit pension plan must establish a board member education program

Surveyors

HB 1052 - Modifies provisions relating to land surveyors

Tax Credits

SB 194 - Extends the date that a business must commence operations to qualify for a business facility tax credit

SB 463 - Removes the sunsets on the Residential Treatment Agency Tax Credit and the Developmental Disability Care Provider Tax Credit

Taxation and Revenue - General

SB 341 - Modifies provisions of law relating to the protection of children and other vulnerable persons

SB 405 - Raises the outer threshold amount for a county to be eligible to collect a greater percentage of the total taxes collected as a fee

HB 384 - Modifies provisions relating to taxation

HB 514 - Authorizes sites containing former automobile manufacturing plants in St. Louis County to qualify for State Supplemental Tax Increment Financing

Taxation and Revenue - Income

SB 19 - Creates a new method of allocating corporate income between states for tax purposes

SB 336 - Modifies provision relating to income tax withholdings on employee's tips

HB 517 - Modifies provisions relating to taxation

Taxation and Revenue - Property

HB 613 - Modifies provisions relating the collection of property taxes

HB 616 - Specifies when new political subdivisions will be effective for property tax assessment purposes and specifies that rental merchandise is exempt from property taxes

Taxation and Revenue - Sales and Use

SB 5 - Modifies distribution of traffic fines and court costs collected by municipal courts

SB 18 - Requires the Department of Revenue to notify sellers if there is a change in sales tax law interpretation

SB 20 - Creates a sales and use tax exemption for materials and utilities used by commercial laundries

Taxation and Revenue - Sales and Use (cont'd)

- SB 149 - Creates state and local sales and use tax exemptions for data storage centers and allows municipalities to enter into loan agreements, or sell, lease, or mortgage municipal property for a technology business facility project
- SB 149 - Creates state and local sales and use tax exemptions for data storage centers and allows municipalities to enter into loan agreements, or sell, lease, or mortgage municipal property for a technology business facility project
- SB 190 - Removes the expiration of the Kansas City transportation sales tax and modifies provisions relating to audits of transportation development districts
- SB 231 - Modifies provisions relating to watercraft
- HB 111 - Changes the laws regarding sales tax on used manufactured homes
- HB 517 - Modifies provisions relating to taxation
- HB 869 - Modifies provisions relating to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors

Teachers

- HB 42 - Modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education

Tobacco Products

- HB 531 - Requires that nicotine liquid containers sold at retail satisfy federal child-resistant effectiveness standards

Transportation

- SB 12 - Modifies provisions relating to agriculture
- SB 190 - Removes the expiration of the Kansas City transportation sales tax and modifies provisions relating to audits of transportation development districts
- SB 272 - Changes the laws regarding motor vehicle height and weight limits in certain city commercial zones
- HB 522 - Designates certain highways and bridges in the state
- HB 650 - Allows a motorcycle to be equipped with auxiliary lighting

Transportation Dept.

- SB 156 - Designates certain highways and bridges in the state
- SB 166 - Changes the name of the "I Have a Dream" specialty license plate to the "Dare to Dream" specialty license plate
- SB 317 - Allows the Governor to convey properties located in Pulaski County, Christian County, St. Charles County, and St. Louis County to the State Highways and Transportation Commission
- SB 318 - Designates certain highways in the state
- SB 474 - Expands the Heroes Way Interchange Designation Program

Treasurer, State

- SB 174 - Establishes the Missouri Achieving a Better Life Experience Program
- SB 366 - Modifies the provisions of the Missouri higher education savings program
- HB 259 - Creates the Missouri Dairy Revitalization Act of 2015

Trees and Other Plants

- HB 722 - Prohibits certain types of ordinances from being adopted by political subdivisions

Unemployment Compensation

- HB 150 - Modifies the duration of unemployment compensation, the method to pay federal advances, and raises the fund trigger causing contribution rate reductions

Urban Redevelopment

- HB 514 - Authorizes sites containing former automobile manufacturing plants in St. Louis County to qualify for State Supplemental Tax Increment Financing
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Utilities

- SB 142 - Requires the Department of Natural Resources to take certain actions when submitting certain plans the Environmental Protection Agency
- SB 445 - Modifies provisions relating to environmental protection
- HB 92 - Modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources
- HB 1119 - Designates the second Monday in April as "Missouri Lineworker Appreciation Day"
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Veterans

- SB 474 - Expands the Heroes Way Interchange Designation Program
- HB 179 - Expands the documents that may be presented to obtain a veteran designation on a driver's license or identification card
- HB 403 - Removes the additional fee for subsequent sets of special Purple Heart license plates and designates Missouri as a Purple Heart State
- HB 1070 - Establishes the Office of Military Advocate under the Department of Economic Development
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Veterinarians

- SB 12 - Modifies provisions relating to agriculture
- SB 107 - Authorizes certain boards and commissions under the Division of Professional Registration to issue opinions for educational purposes and modifies laws relating to speech-language pathologists and audiologists
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Vital Statistics

- HB 618 - Modifies provisions of law regarding the disposition of deceased human remains and the electronic vital records system
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Water Resources and Water Districts

- SB 497 - Modifies provisions relating to special purpose districts
- HB 92 - Modifies provisions relating to the Department of Natural Resources
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